

Converting Colors

RGB(115, 59, 40)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(115, 59, 40) contains.

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Color

RGB(115, 59, 40)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	733B28
RGB	115, 59, 40
RGB Percent	45%, 23%, 16%
CMY	0.5490, 0.7686, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.65, 0.55
HSL	15°, 48%, 30%
HSV	15°, 65%, 45%
XYZ	9.0172, 6.9260, 2.8691
YIQ	73.5780, 39.4750, 5.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

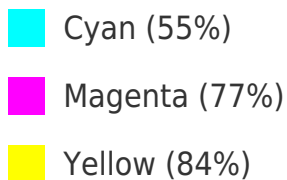
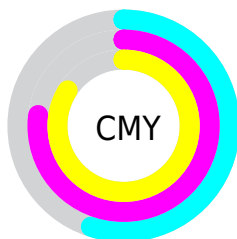
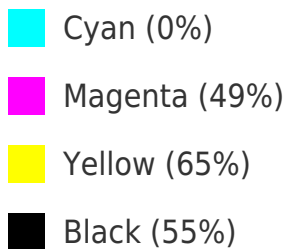
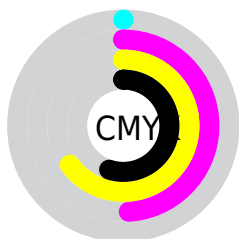
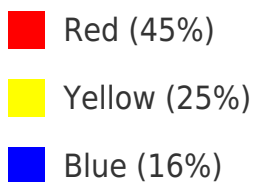
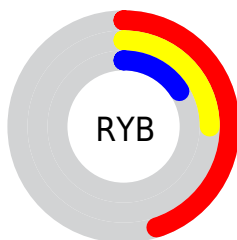
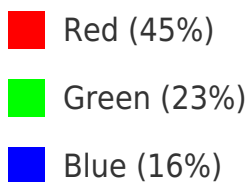
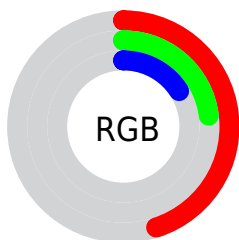
Format	Color
RYB	115, 65, 40
Decimal	7551784
CIELab	31.64, 22.71, 22.62
CIELCh	32, 32.050, 44.890
Yxy	6.9260, 0.4793, 0.3682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285741864 (0xFF733B28)
YUV	73.5780, -16.5540, 36.3271
Hunter-Lab	26.3172, 15.1051, 11.9583

Details

The RGB color **115, 59, 40** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **40, 96, 115**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 107, 86**, and **63, 14, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 50, 29**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 68, 51**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation

Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 115, 59, 40 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 115, 59, 40 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 115, 59, 40

 115, 59, 40

255, 255, 255

 88, 36, 19

 170, 107, 86

 63, 14, 0

 199, 133, 110

 40, 0, 0

 228, 159, 136

 0, 0, 0

 255, 186, 162

 255, 214, 189


 255, 243, 217

 255, 255, 245


 115, 59, 40

 115, 59, 40


 115, 50, 29

 115, 68, 51

 115, 42, 17


 115, 76, 63

 115, 33, 5

 115, 85, 75

 115, 29, 0

 115, 93, 86

 115, 102, 98

 115, 111, 109

 115, 119, 121

 115, 128, 132

 115, 136, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 53, 63



115, 59, 40



99, 69, 24

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115, 59, 40



0, 86, 60



53, 73, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115, 59, 40



40, 96, 115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 81, 123



115, 59, 40



0, 87, 87

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115, 59, 40



48, 83, 37



0, 85, 109



92, 63, 110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115, 59, 40



85, 74, 21



0, 85, 109



32, 76, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115, 59, 40



150, 128, 120



115, 40, 96



77, 63, 58



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115, 59, 40



150, 63, 33



115, 96, 40



59, 54, 53



122, 31, 0



250, 63, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 96, 115



33, 121, 150



40, 59, 115



53, 57, 59



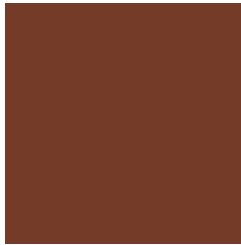
0, 91, 122



0, 187, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 115, 59, 40 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 115, 59, 40 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 115, 59, 40 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 115, 59, 40.

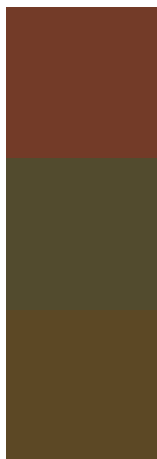


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 115, 59, 40.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

115, 59, 40

Protanopia

82, 75, 46

Deuteranopia





92, 72, 37





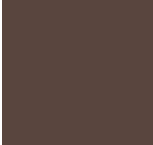
Tritanopia

116, 56, 60

Trichromacy

	Original Color 115, 59, 40
	Protanomaly 94, 69, 44
	Deuteranomaly 100, 67, 38
	Tritanomaly 116, 57, 53

Monochromacy

	Original Color 115, 59, 40
	Achromatopsia 74, 74, 74
	Achromatomaly 89, 69, 62

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 115, 59, 40 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 59, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 59, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 59, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 59, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 115, 59, 40 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 59, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 59, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 59, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 59, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 59, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 59,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 115, 59, 40 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 59, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 59,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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