

Converting Colors

RGB(115, 75, 233)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(115, 75, 233) contains.

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Color

RGB(115, 75, 233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	734BE9
RGB	115, 75, 233
RGB Percent	45%, 29%, 91%
CMY	0.5490, 0.7059, 0.0863
CMYK	0.51, 0.68, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	255°, 78%, 60%
HSV	255°, 68%, 91%
XYZ	24.2943, 14.5602, 78.6207
YIQ	104.9720, -26.8780, 57.6180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

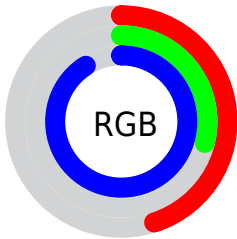
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 75, 233
Decimal	7556073
CIE _{Lab}	45.03, 54.27, -74.21
CIE _{LCh}	45, 91.939, 306.180
Yxy	14.5602, 0.2068, 0.1239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285746153 (0xFF734BE9)
YUV	104.9720, 63.1178, 8.7946
Hunter-Lab	38.1578, 46.8711, -95.4513

Details

The RGB color **115, 75, 233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **193, 233, 75**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 127, 255**, and **48, 24, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 52, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 98, 233**.

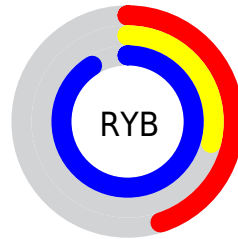
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (29%)

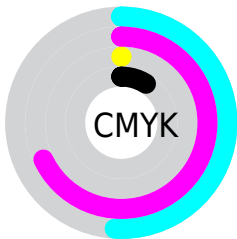
Blue (91%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (91%)

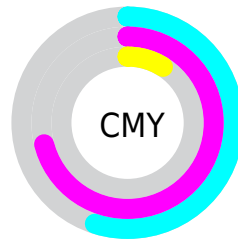


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (71%)


Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 115, 75, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 115, 75, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 115, 75, 233

 115, 75, 233


255, 255, 255

 84, 50, 204

 175, 127, 255

 48, 24, 176

 206, 153, 255

 0, 0, 149

 236, 181, 255

 0, 0, 122

 255, 209, 255

 0, 0, 96

 255, 237, 255

 0, 8, 71

 0, 4, 48

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

■ 115, 75, 233

■ 115, 75, 233

■ 98, 52, 233

■ 132, 98, 233

■ 80, 28, 233

■ 150, 122, 233

■ 63, 5, 233

■ 167, 145, 233

■ 59, 0, 233

■ 185, 168, 233

■ 202, 191, 233

■ 219, 215, 233

■ 237, 238, 233

■ 254, 255, 233

■ 255, 255, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 113, 255



115, 75, 233



205, 0, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115, 75, 233



178, 77, 0



0, 136, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115, 75, 233



193, 233, 75

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 133, 37



115, 75, 233



116, 109, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115, 75, 233



220, 0, 17



0, 125, 0



0, 136, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115, 75, 233



229, 0, 120



0, 125, 0



0, 135, 94

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115, 75, 233



217, 204, 255



75, 194, 233



105, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115, 75, 233



101, 48, 255



194, 75, 233



109, 106, 117



46, 0, 181



14, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 75, 193



255, 48, 203



114, 233, 75



117, 106, 114



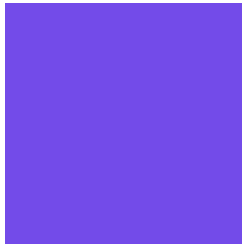
181, 0, 135



54, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 115, 75, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

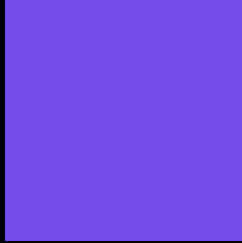
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 115, 75, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

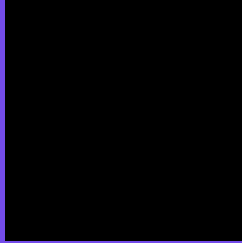
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 115, 75, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 115, 75, 233.

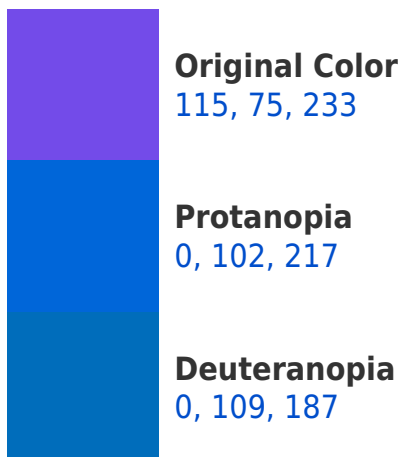


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 115, 75, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

115, 75, 233



Protanomaly

42, 92, 223



Deuteranomaly

42, 97, 204



Tritanomaly

93, 98, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

115, 75, 233



Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105



Achromatomaly

109, 94, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 115, 75, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 75, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 75, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 75, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 75, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 115, 75, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 75, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 75, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 75, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 75, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 75, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 75,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 115, 75, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 75, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 75,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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