

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 114, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 114, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 114, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747281
RGB	116, 114, 129
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 51%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5529, 0.4941
CMYK	0.10, 0.12, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	248°, 6%, 48%
HSV	248°, 12%, 51%
XYZ	17.1822, 17.3326, 23.2088
YIQ	116.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

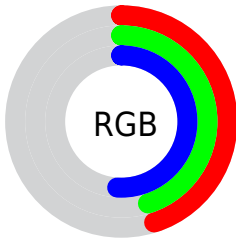
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 114, 129
Decimal	7631489
CIE _{Lab}	48.68, 3.94, -7.96
CIE _{LCh}	49, 8.881, 296.326
Yxy	17.3326, 0.2977, 0.3003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285821569 (0xFF747281)
YUV	116.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701
Hunter-Lab	41.6325, 0.8123, -3.9096

Details

The RGB color **116, 114, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **127, 129, 114**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168, 166, 182**, and **68, 66, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 101, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 127, 129**.

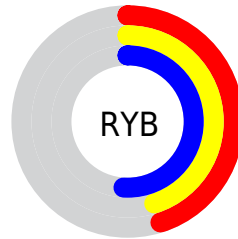
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

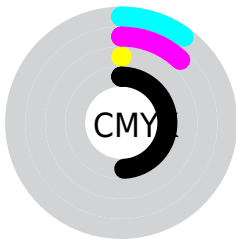
Blue (51%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (51%)

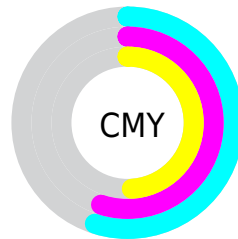


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 114, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 114, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 116, 114, 129

255, 255, 255

■ 168, 166, 182

■ 195, 193, 209

■ 223, 221, 238

■ 252, 249, 255

■ 116, 114, 129

■ 91, 90, 104

■ 68, 66, 80

■ 46, 44, 57

■ 25, 24, 35

■ 0, 1, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 116, 114, 129

■ 105, 101, 129

■ 94, 88, 129

■ 116, 114, 129

■ 127, 127, 129

■ 138, 140, 129

■ 82, 75, 129

■ 150, 153, 129

■ 71, 62, 129

■ 161, 166, 129

■ 60, 50, 129

■ 172, 179, 129

■ 49, 37, 129

■ 183, 191, 129

■ 38, 24, 129

■ 194, 204, 129

■ 27, 11, 129

■ 205, 217, 129

■ 17, 0, 129

■ 217, 230, 129

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 117, 130



116, 114, 129



125, 112, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 114, 129



129, 112, 103



99, 120, 114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 114, 129



127, 129, 114

Split Complementary

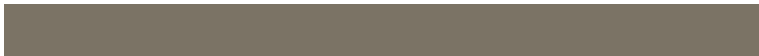
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 119, 107



116, 114, 129



123, 115, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 114, 129



132, 111, 109



114, 117, 102



97, 120, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 114, 129



129, 111, 119



114, 117, 102



101, 120, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 114, 129



164, 163, 168



114, 127, 129



81, 81, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 114, 129



148, 145, 168



124, 114, 129



58, 57, 64



17, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 114, 127



168, 145, 165



120, 129, 114



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 111



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 114, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 114, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

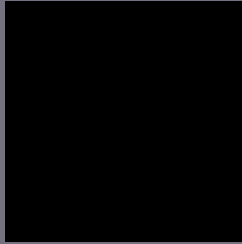
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

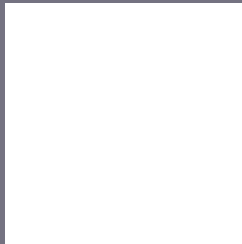
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 114, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 114, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 114, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[116, 114, 129](#)

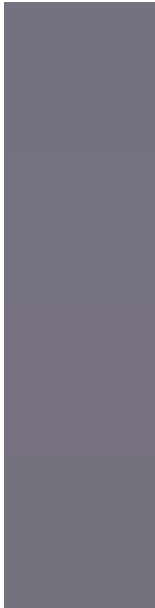
Protanopia
[114, 115, 129](#)

Deuteranopia
[120, 113, 129](#)



Tritanopia
115, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

116, 114, 129

Protanomaly

115, 115, 129

Deuteranomaly

119, 113, 129

Tritanomaly

115, 115, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color

116, 114, 129

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

116, 115, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 114, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(116, 114, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 114, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 114, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 114, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 114, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 114, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 114, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 114, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 114, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 114, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 114,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 114, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 114, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
114, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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