

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 212, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 212, 230) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 212, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74D4E6
RGB	116, 212, 230
RGB Percent	45%, 83%, 90%
CMY	0.5451, 0.1686, 0.0980
CMYK	0.50, 0.08, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	189°, 70%, 68%
HSV	189°, 50%, 90%
XYZ	45.0289, 56.5131, 83.3978
YIQ	185.3480, -62.9940, -14.7540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

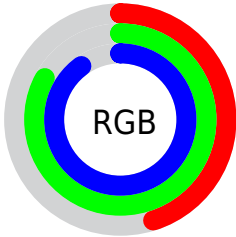
Format	Color
RYB	116, 168, 230
Decimal	7656678
CIELab	79.90, -23.60, -17.64
CIElCh	80, 29.464, 216.769
Yxy	56.5131, 0.2435, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285846758 (0xFF74D4E6)
YUV	185.3480, 22.0134, -60.8182
Hunter-Lab	75.1752, -24.6377, -13.1524

Details

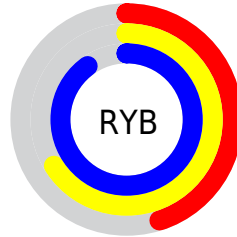
The RGB color **116, 212, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **230, 134, 116**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 255, 255**, and **54, 157, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 208, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 216, 230**.

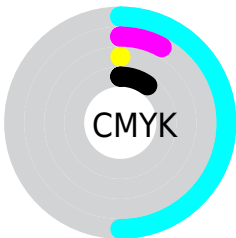
Distribution



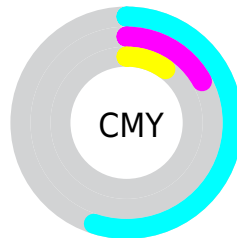
- Red (45%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 212, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 212, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 212, 230


255, 255, 255


 174, 255, 255

 204, 255, 255

 234, 255, 255


 116, 212, 230


 86, 184, 202

 54, 157, 174

 0, 131, 148

 0, 105, 122

 0, 81, 97

 0, 58, 73

 0, 36, 51

 0, 2, 30

 0, 0, 1

■ 116, 212, 230

■ 116, 212, 230

■ 93, 208, 230

■ 139, 216, 230

■ 70, 205, 230

■ 162, 219, 230

■ 47, 201, 230

■ 185, 223, 230

■ 24, 197, 230

■ 208, 227, 230

■ 1, 194, 230

■ 231, 230, 230

■ 0, 194, 230

■ 254, 234, 230

■ 255, 237, 230

■ 255, 241, 230

■ 255, 245, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 214, 204



116, 212, 230



136, 207, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 212, 230



239, 181, 220



212, 198, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 212, 230



230, 134, 116

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237, 189, 148



116, 212, 230



253, 178, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 212, 230



210, 189, 242



251, 181, 166



182, 206, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 212, 230



160, 202, 252



251, 181, 166



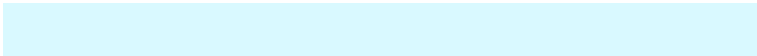
221, 195, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 212, 230



217, 249, 255



116, 230, 133



105, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 212, 230



105, 231, 255



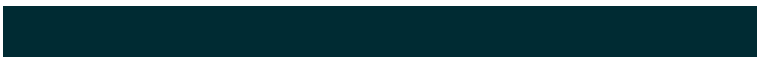
116, 156, 230



103, 113, 115



0, 150, 179



0, 43, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 116, 212



255, 105, 231



230, 190, 116



115, 103, 113



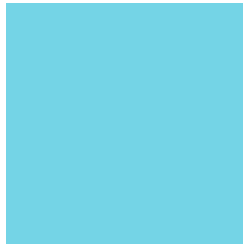
179, 0, 150



51, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 212, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

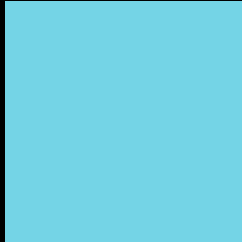
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 212, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 212, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 212, 230.

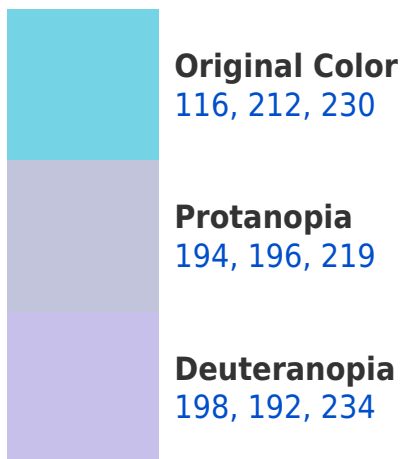


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 212, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
116, 212, 229

Trichromacy



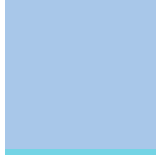
Original Color

116, 212, 230



Protanomaly

166, 202, 223



Deuteranomaly

168, 199, 233



Tritanomaly

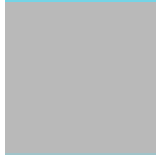
116, 212, 229

Monochromacy



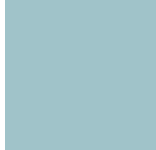
Original Color

116, 212, 230



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

160, 195, 201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 212, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 212, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 212, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 212, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 212, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 212, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

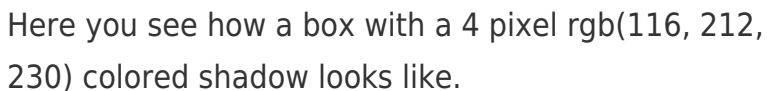
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 212, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 212, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 212, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 212, 230); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 212, 230); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 212, 230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 212, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 212, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
212, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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