

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 235, 232)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 235, 232) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 235, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74EBE8
RGB	116, 235, 232
RGB Percent	45%, 92%, 91%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0784, 0.0902
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.01, 0.08
HSL	178°, 75%, 69%
HSV	178°, 51%, 92%
XYZ	51.4763, 68.9559, 86.9407
YIQ	199.0770, -69.9610, -26.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

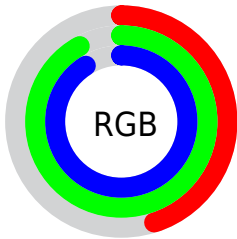
Format	Color
RYB	116, 176, 235
Decimal	7662568
CIELab	86.48, -34.17, -8.85
CIELCh	86, 35.300, 194.523
Yxy	68.9559, 0.2482, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285852648 (0xFF74EBE8)
YUV	199.0770, 16.2310, -72.8585
Hunter-Lab	83.0397, -34.6673, -3.9475

Details

The RGB color **116, 235, 232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **235, 116, 119**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 255, 255**, and **49, 179, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 235, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 235, 233**.

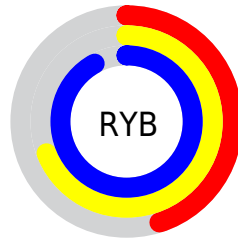
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (92%)

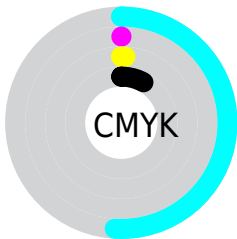
Blue (91%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (92%)

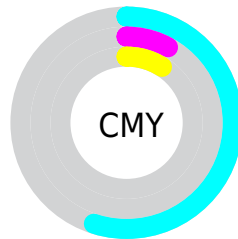


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 235, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 235, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 235, 232

255, 255, 255


 176, 255, 255

 206, 255, 255

 236, 255, 255


 116, 235, 232

 85, 207, 204

 49, 179, 176


 0, 152, 150

 0, 125, 124

 0, 100, 99

 0, 75, 75

 0, 52, 53

 0, 32, 31

 0, 0, 7

■ 116, 235, 232

■ 116, 235, 232

■ 93, 235, 231

■ 139, 235, 233

■ 69, 235, 231

■ 163, 235, 233

■ 46, 235, 230

■ 187, 235, 234

■ 22, 235, 230

■ 210, 235, 234

■ 0, 235, 229

■ 234, 235, 235

■ 255, 235, 236

■ 255, 235, 236

■ 255, 235, 237

■ 255, 235, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 234, 197



116, 235, 232



113, 232, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 235, 232



241, 202, 255



255, 208, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 235, 232



235, 116, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 198, 171



116, 235, 232



255, 194, 235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 235, 232



197, 214, 255



255, 192, 201



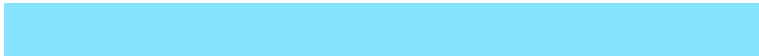
224, 220, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 235, 232



134, 228, 255



255, 192, 201



255, 205, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 235, 232



217, 255, 254



120, 235, 116



105, 128, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 235, 232



99, 255, 251



116, 179, 235



106, 117, 117



0, 181, 176



0, 54, 52

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 116, 119



255, 99, 103



235, 172, 116



117, 106, 106



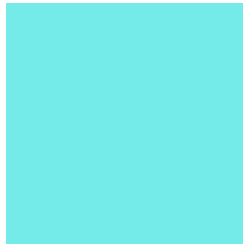
181, 0, 5



54, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 235, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

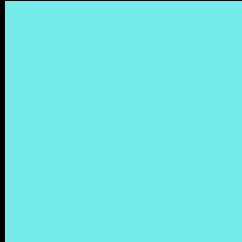
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 235, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 235, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 235, 232.

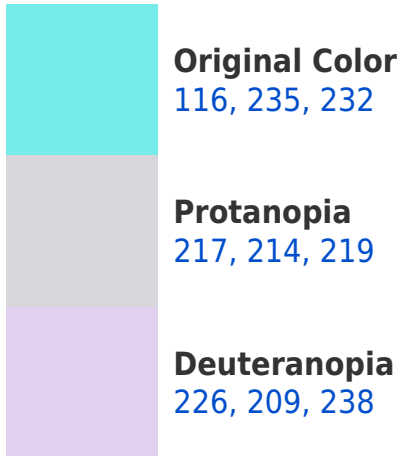


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 235, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
122, 232, 251

Trichromacy



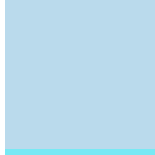
Original Color

116, 235, 232



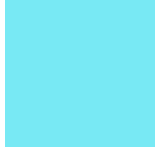
Protanomaly

180, 222, 224



Deuteranomaly

186, 218, 236



Tritanomaly

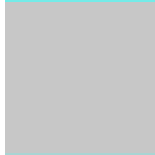
120, 233, 244

Monochromacy



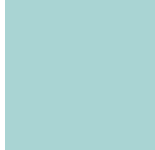
Original Color

116, 235, 232



Achromatopsia

199, 199, 199



Achromatomaly

169, 212, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 235, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 235, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 235, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 235, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 235, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 235, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

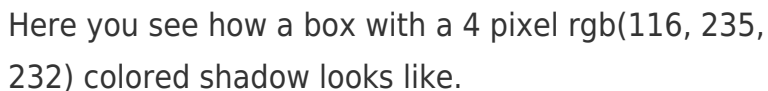
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 235, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 235, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 235, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 235, 232); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 235, 232); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 235, 232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 235, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 235, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
235, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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