

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 248, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 248, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 248, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74F87C
RGB	116, 248, 124
RGB Percent	45%, 97%, 49%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0275, 0.5137
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.50, 0.03
HSL	124°, 90%, 71%
HSV	124°, 53%, 97%
XYZ	44.4080, 72.3030, 30.6841
YIQ	194.3960, -38.8680, -66.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

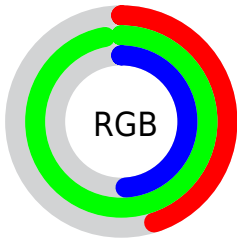
Format	Color
RYB	116, 240, 248
Decimal	7665788
CIELab	88.11, -60.79, 48.38
CIELCh	88, 77.692, 141.482
Yxy	72.3030, 0.3013, 0.4905
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285855868 (0xFF74F87C)
YUV	194.3960, -34.7052, -68.7533
Hunter-Lab	85.0312, -55.5821, 38.1266

Details

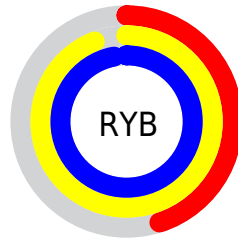
The RGB color **116, 248, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **248, 116, 240**, and the grayscale version is **195, 195, 195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 255, 179**, and **48, 190, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 248, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 248, 147**.

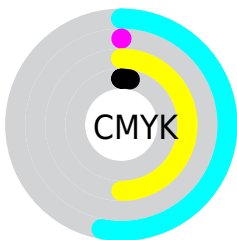
Distribution



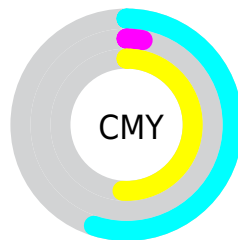
- Red (45%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 248, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 248, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 248, 124

255, 255, 255


 176, 255, 179


 206, 255, 207


 237, 255, 236


 116, 248, 124

 84, 219, 98

 48, 190, 71

 0, 163, 45

 0, 136, 14

 0, 109, 0

 0, 83, 0

 0, 59, 0

 0, 35, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 116, 248, 124

■ 116, 248, 124

■ 91, 248, 101

■ 141, 248, 147

■ 66, 248, 77

■ 166, 248, 171

■ 42, 248, 54

■ 190, 248, 194

■ 17, 248, 31

■ 215, 248, 217

■ 0, 248, 15

■ 240, 248, 240

■ 255, 248, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 233, 70



116, 248, 124



0, 255, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 248, 124



0, 236, 255



255, 156, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 248, 124



248, 116, 240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 155, 245



116, 248, 124



185, 210, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 248, 124



0, 251, 255



255, 179, 255



255, 181, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 248, 124



0, 255, 248



255, 179, 255



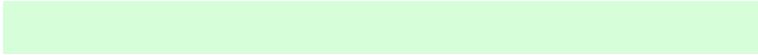
255, 152, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 248, 124



214, 255, 217



241, 248, 116



103, 128, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 248, 124



92, 255, 102



116, 248, 189



112, 125, 113



0, 189, 11



0, 61, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 116, 240



255, 92, 245



248, 116, 175



125, 112, 124



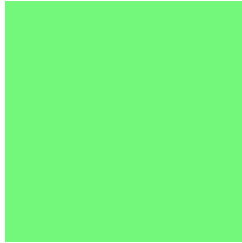
189, 0, 177



61, 0, 57

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 248, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 248, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 248, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 248, 124.

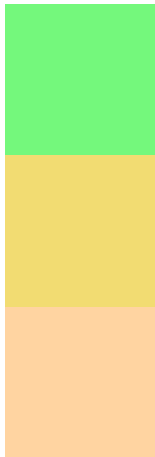


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 248, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
116, 248, 124

Protanopia
242, 220, 114

Deuteranopia
255, 212, 161



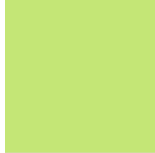
Tritanopia
145, 234, 253

Trichromacy



Original Color

116, 248, 124



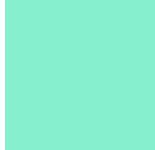
Protanomaly

196, 230, 118



Deuteranomaly

204, 225, 148



Tritanomaly

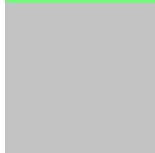
134, 239, 206

Monochromacy



Original Color

116, 248, 124



Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194



Achromatomaly

166, 214, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 248, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 248, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 248, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 248, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 248, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 248, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 248, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 248, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 248, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 248, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 248, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 248,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 248, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 248, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
248, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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