

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 255, 227)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 255, 227) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 255, 227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74FFE3
RGB	116, 255, 227
RGB Percent	45%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0000, 0.1098
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	168°, 100%, 73%
HSV	168°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	56.8276, 80.7791, 85.2698
YIQ	210.2470, -73.8560, -38.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

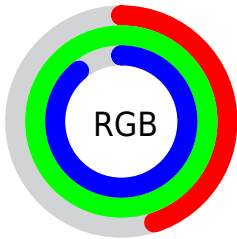
Format	Color
RYB	116, 193, 255
Decimal	7667683
CIELab	92.03, -44.44, 1.91
CIELCh	92, 44.481, 177.533
Yxy	80.7791, 0.2550, 0.3624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285857763 (0xFF74FFE3)
YUV	210.2470, 8.2592, -82.6546
Hunter-Lab	89.8772, -44.4230, 6.6634

Details

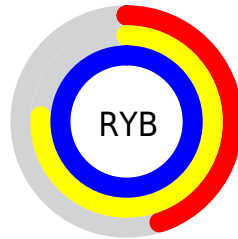
The RGB color **116, 255, 227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **255, 116, 144**, and the grayscale version is **210, 210, 210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 255, 255**, and **45, 198, 172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 255, 222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 255, 232**.

Distribution



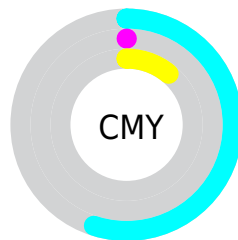
- Red (45%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 255, 227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 255, 227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 255, 227


255, 255, 255


 177, 255, 255

 208, 255, 255

 238, 255, 255


 116, 255, 227

 83, 226, 199

 45, 198, 172

 0, 170, 145

 0, 143, 120

 0, 116, 95

 0, 91, 71

 0, 66, 49

 0, 44, 28

 0, 14, 2

■ 116, 255, 227

■ 116, 255, 227

■ 90, 255, 222

■ 142, 255, 232

■ 65, 255, 217

■ 167, 255, 237

■ 39, 255, 212

■ 193, 255, 242

■ 14, 255, 206

■ 218, 255, 248

■ 0, 255, 204

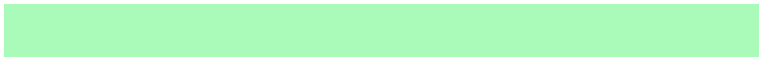
■ 243, 255, 253

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 251, 185



116, 255, 227



73, 254, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 255, 227



232, 222, 255



255, 214, 161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 255, 227



255, 116, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 202, 195



116, 255, 227



255, 208, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 255, 227



166, 237, 255



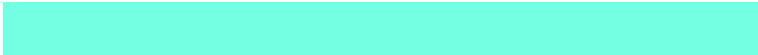
255, 200, 237



255, 228, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 255, 227



81, 251, 255



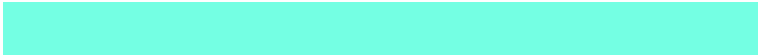
255, 200, 237



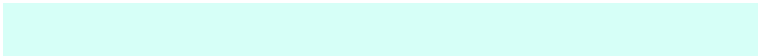
255, 209, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 255, 227



214, 255, 247



146, 255, 116



103, 128, 123



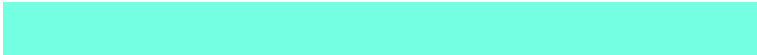
0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 255, 227



89, 255, 222



116, 216, 255



115, 128, 125



0, 191, 153



0, 64, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 116, 144



255, 89, 123



255, 155, 116



128, 115, 117



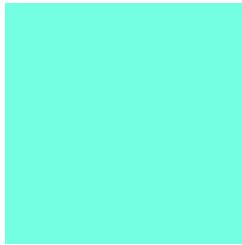
191, 0, 39



64, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 255, 227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

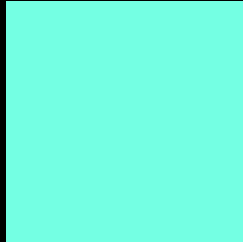
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 255, 227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

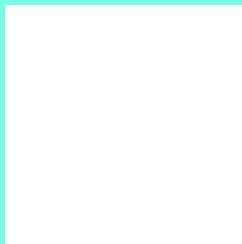
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 255, 227 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 255, 227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 255, 227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
177, 242, 255

Trichromacy



Original Color

116, 255, 227



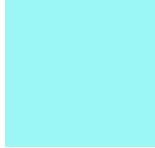
Protanomaly

194, 239, 218



Deuteranomaly

202, 235, 231



Tritanomaly

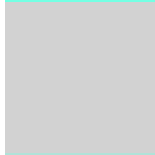
155, 247, 245

Monochromacy



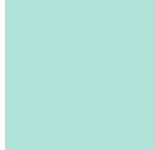
Original Color

116, 255, 227



Achromatopsia

210, 210, 210



Achromatomaly

176, 226, 216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 255, 227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 255, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 255, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 255, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 255, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 255, 227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

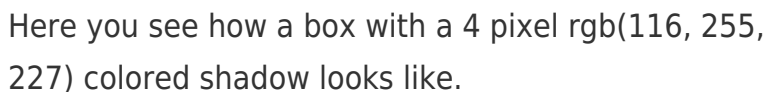
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 255, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 255, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 255, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 255, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 255, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 255,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 255, 227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 255, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
255, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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