

Converting Colors

RGB(116, 55, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(116, 55, 219) contains.

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Color

RGB(116, 55, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7437DB
RGB	116, 55, 219
RGB Percent	45%, 22%, 86%
CMY	0.5451, 0.7843, 0.1412
CMYK	0.47, 0.75, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	262°, 69%, 54%
HSV	262°, 75%, 86%
XYZ	21.3548, 11.5599, 68.1236
YIQ	91.9350, -16.2880, 63.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

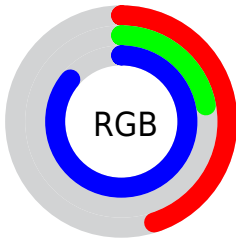
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 55, 219
Decimal	7616475
CIE _{Lab}	40.51, 60.40, -73.63
CIE _{LCh}	41, 95.232, 309.361
Yxy	11.5599, 0.2114, 0.1144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285806555 (0xFF7437DB)
YUV	91.9350, 62.6430, 21.1050
Hunter-Lab	33.9998, 52.6139, -94.9964

Details

The RGB color **116, 55, 219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **158, 219, 55**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 108, 255**, and **51, 0, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 33, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 77, 219**.

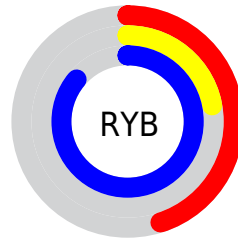
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (22%)

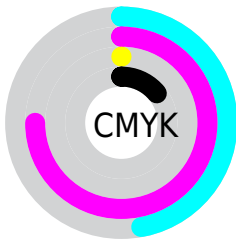
Blue (86%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (86%)

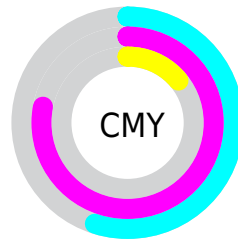


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (55%)



















Magenta (78%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 116, 55, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 116, 55, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 55, 219	 116, 55, 219
 255, 255, 255	 85, 27, 190
 176, 108, 255	 51, 0, 163
 206, 135, 255	 0, 0, 136
 236, 162, 255	 0, 0, 109
 255, 190, 255	 0, 0, 84
 255, 219, 255	 0, 6, 60
 255, 248, 255	 0, 2, 37
	 0, 1, 13
	 0, 0, 0

■ 116, 55, 219

■ 116, 55, 219

■ 102, 33, 219

■ 130, 77, 219

■ 88, 11, 219

■ 144, 99, 219

■ 81, 0, 219

■ 157, 121, 219

■ 171, 143, 219

■ 185, 165, 219

■ 199, 186, 219

■ 212, 208, 219

■ 226, 230, 219

■ 240, 252, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 100, 254



116, 55, 219



200, 0, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 55, 219



159, 69, 0



0, 124, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 55, 219



158, 219, 55

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 121, 33



116, 55, 219



95, 101, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 55, 219



204, 0, 0



0, 115, 0



0, 124, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 55, 219



220, 0, 101



0, 115, 0



0, 123, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 55, 219



220, 199, 255



55, 159, 219



107, 94, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 55, 219



111, 25, 255



197, 55, 219



103, 99, 110



64, 0, 173



17, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 55, 158



255, 25, 170



77, 219, 55



110, 99, 106



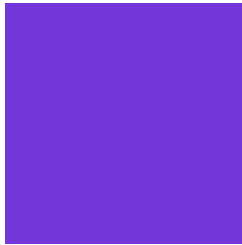
173, 0, 109



46, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 55, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

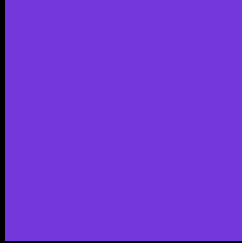
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 116, 55, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

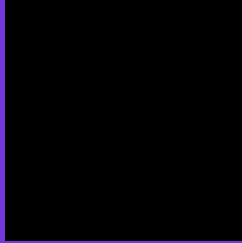
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 116, 55, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 55, 219.

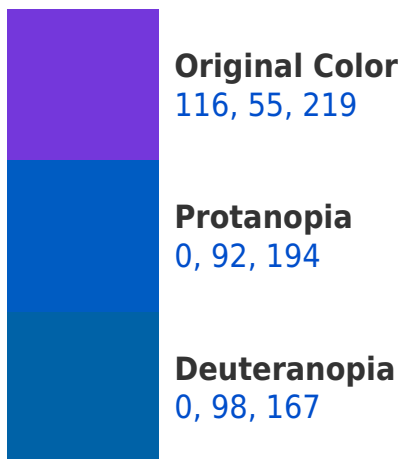


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 116, 55, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

116, 55, 219



Protanomaly

42, 79, 203



Deuteranomaly

42, 82, 186



Tritanomaly

97, 82, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

116, 55, 219



Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92



Achromatomaly

101, 79, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 116, 55, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 55, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 55, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 55, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 55, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 116, 55, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

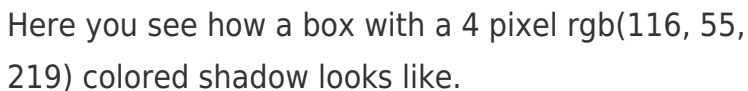
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 55, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 55, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 55, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 55, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 55, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 55, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 116, 55, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 55, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 55,  
219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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