

Converting Colors

RGB(117, 119, 117)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(117, 119, 117) contains.

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Color

RGB(117, 119, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757775
RGB	117, 119, 117
RGB Percent	46%, 47%, 46%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5333, 0.5412
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.53
HSL	120°, 1%, 46%
HSV	120°, 2%, 47%
XYZ	17.1438, 18.2599, 19.4506
YIQ	118.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

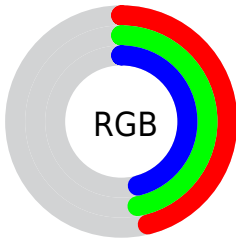
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 119, 119
Decimal	7698293
CIE Lab	49.81, -1.16, 0.83
CIE LCh	50, 1.423, 144.477
Yxy	18.2599, 0.3125, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285888373 (0xFF757775)
YUV	118.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	42.7316, -3.1665, 2.9245

Details

The RGB color **117, 119, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **119, 117, 119**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 171, 169**, and **69, 71, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 119, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129, 119, 129**.

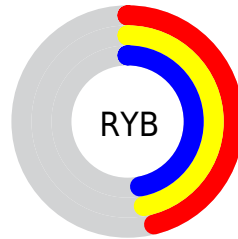
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (47%)

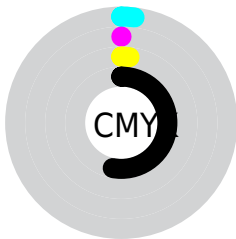
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (47%)

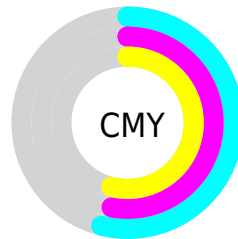


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 117, 119, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 117, 119, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



117, 119, 117



117, 119, 117

255, 255, 255



92, 94, 92



169, 171, 169



69, 71, 69



196, 198, 196



47, 48, 47



224, 226, 224



26, 28, 26



253, 255, 253



0, 0, 0



117, 119, 117



117, 119, 117



105, 119, 105



129, 119, 129



93, 119, 93



141, 119, 141



81, 119, 81



153, 119, 153

■ 69, 119, 69

■ 165, 119, 165

■ 57, 119, 57

■ 176, 119, 176

■ 46, 119, 46

■ 188, 119, 188

■ 34, 119, 34

■ 200, 119, 200

■ 22, 119, 22

■ 212, 119, 212

■ 10, 119, 10

■ 224, 119, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118, 119, 116



117, 119, 117



116, 119, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 119, 117



117, 119, 121



121, 118, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 119, 117



119, 117, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 118, 119



117, 119, 117



118, 118, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 119, 117



116, 119, 120



120, 118, 120



121, 118, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 119, 117



116, 119, 119



120, 118, 120



121, 118, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 119, 117



154, 156, 154



119, 119, 117



78, 79, 78



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 119, 117



152, 156, 152



117, 119, 118



57, 59, 57



0, 122, 0



0, 250, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 117, 119



156, 152, 156



119, 117, 118



59, 57, 59



122, 0, 122



250, 0, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 117, 119, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 117, 119, 117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

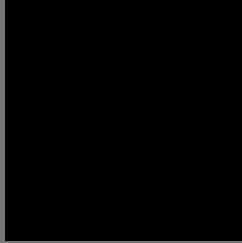
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

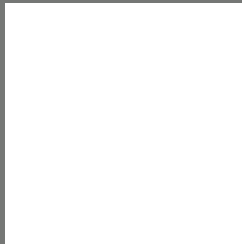
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 117, 119, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 117, 119, 117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 117, 119, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[117](#), [119](#), [117](#)

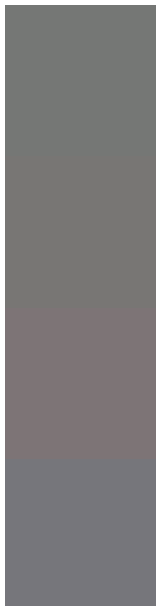
Protanopia
[121](#), [118](#), [116](#)

Deuteranopia
[130](#), [115](#), [118](#)



Tritanopia
119, 117, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

117, 119, 117

Protanomaly

120, 118, 116

Deuteranomaly

125, 116, 118

Tritanomaly

118, 118, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

117, 119, 117

Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118

Achromatomaly

118, 118, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 117, 119, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 119, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 119, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 119, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 119, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 117, 119, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 119, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 119, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 119, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 119, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 119, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 119,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 117, 119, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 119, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
119, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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