

Converting Colors

RGB(117, 193, 117)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(117, 193, 117) contains.

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Color

RGB(117, 193, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75C175
RGB	117, 193, 117
RGB Percent	46%, 76%, 46%
CMY	0.5412, 0.2431, 0.5412
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.39, 0.24
HSL	120°, 38%, 61%
HSV	120°, 39%, 76%
XYZ	29.6170, 43.2062, 23.6083
YIQ	161.6120, -20.9000, -39.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

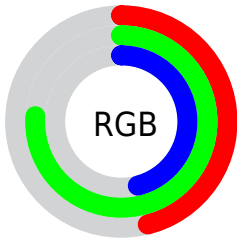
Format	Color
RYB	117, 193, 193
Decimal	7717237
CIELab	71.69, -39.02, 31.05
CIElCh	72, 49.861, 141.491
Yxy	43.2062, 0.3071, 0.4481
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285907317 (0xFF75C175)
YUV	161.6120, -21.9937, -39.1247
Hunter-Lab	65.7314, -34.6022, 24.7172

Details

The RGB color **117, 193, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **193, 117, 193**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 250, 170**, and **63, 139, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 193, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 193, 136**.

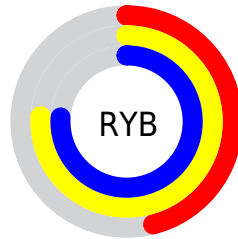
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (76%)

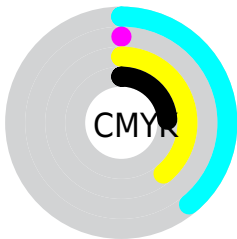
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

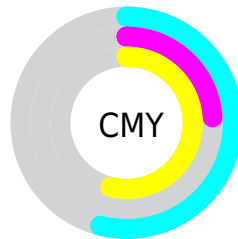


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 117, 193, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 117, 193, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 117, 193, 117


255, 255, 255

 172, 250, 170


 200, 255, 197

 229, 255, 226


255, 255, 254


 117, 193, 117

 117, 193, 117

 90, 166, 92

 63, 139, 67

 34, 113, 44

 0, 88, 20

 0, 64, 0

 0, 42, 0

 0, 12, 0


 0, 0, 0

 117, 193, 117

 98, 193, 98

 136, 193, 136


 78, 193, 78


 156, 193, 156

 59, 193, 59


 175, 193, 175

 40, 193, 40


 194, 193, 194


 21, 193, 21

 213, 193, 213

 1, 193, 1

 233, 193, 233

 0, 193, 0

 252, 193, 252

 255, 193, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 183, 88



117, 193, 117



24, 198, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 193, 117



59, 184, 255



255, 140, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 193, 117



193, 117, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



254, 139, 191



117, 193, 117



159, 169, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 193, 117



0, 194, 246



219, 151, 233



247, 152, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 193, 117



0, 199, 192



219, 151, 233



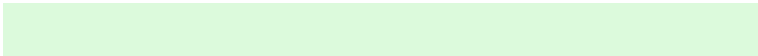
255, 138, 160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 193, 117



220, 250, 220



193, 193, 117



107, 125, 107



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 193, 117



132, 250, 132



117, 193, 155



87, 97, 87



0, 161, 0



0, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 117, 193



250, 132, 250



193, 117, 155



97, 87, 97



161, 0, 161



33, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 117, 193, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

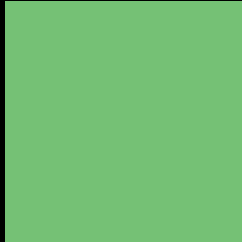
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 117, 193, 117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 117, 193, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 117, 193, 117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 117, 193, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

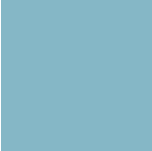
Dichromacy



Original Color
117, 193, 117

Protanopia
190, 175, 110

Deuteranopia
208, 167, 123



Tritanopia
133, 183, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color

117, 193, 117



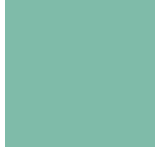
Protanomaly

163, 182, 113



Deuteranomaly

175, 176, 121



Tritanomaly

127, 187, 169

Monochromacy



Original Color

117, 193, 117



Achromatopsia

162, 162, 162



Achromatomaly

146, 173, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 117, 193, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 193, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 193, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 193, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 193, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 117, 193, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 193, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 193, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 193, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 193, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 193, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 193,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 117, 193, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 193, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
193, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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