

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 104, 109)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 104, 109) contains.

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Color

RGB(118, 104, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76686D
RGB	118, 104, 109
RGB Percent	46%, 41%, 43%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5922, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.54
HSL	339°, 6%, 44%
HSV	339°, 12%, 46%
XYZ	15.1818, 14.8563, 16.5354
YIQ	108.7560, 6.7390, 4.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

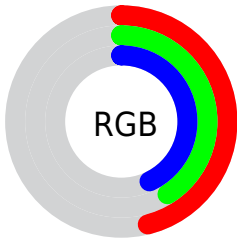
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 104, 109
Decimal	7759981
CIE Lab	45.44, 6.48, -0.78
CIE LCh	45, 6.522, 353.143
Yxy	14.8563, 0.3260, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285950061 (0xFF76686D)
YUV	108.7560, 0.1203, 8.1070
Hunter-Lab	38.5439, 2.8566, 1.5452

Details

The RGB color **118, 104, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **104, 118, 113**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 155, 160**, and **70, 57, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 92, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 116, 117**.

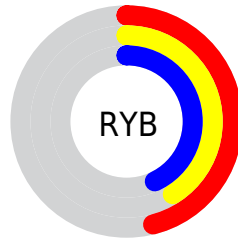
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (41%)

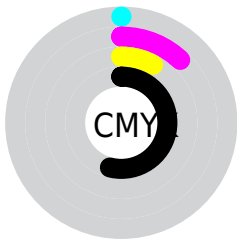
Blue (43%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (43%)

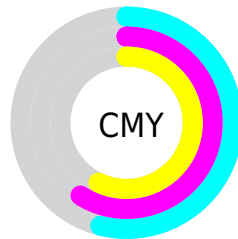


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 104, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 104, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118, 104, 109

255, 255, 255

■ 170, 155, 160

■ 197, 182, 187

■ 225, 210, 215

■ 254, 238, 244

■ 118, 104, 109

■ 93, 80, 85

■ 70, 57, 62

■ 47, 35, 40

■ 27, 14, 19

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 118, 104, 109

■ 118, 92, 101

■ 118, 80, 94

■ 118, 69, 86

■ 118, 104, 109

■ 118, 116, 117

■ 118, 128, 124

■ 118, 139, 132

■ 118, 57, 79

■ 118, 151, 139

■ 118, 45, 71

■ 118, 163, 147

■ 118, 33, 63

■ 118, 175, 155

■ 118, 21, 56

■ 118, 187, 162

■ 118, 10, 48

■ 118, 198, 170

■ 118, 0, 42

■ 118, 210, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 105, 114



118, 104, 109



119, 104, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 104, 109



107, 108, 98



96, 110, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 104, 109



104, 118, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 111, 112



118, 104, 109



101, 110, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 104, 109



113, 107, 97



96, 111, 106



101, 108, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 104, 109



119, 105, 100



96, 111, 106



95, 110, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 104, 109



153, 147, 149



113, 104, 118



77, 73, 74



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 104, 109



153, 132, 139



118, 106, 104



59, 53, 55



122, 0, 44



250, 0, 89

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118, 104, 109



153, 132, 139



104, 116, 118



59, 53, 55



122, 0, 44



250, 0, 89

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 104, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

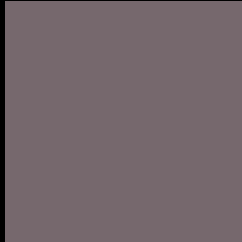
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 104, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

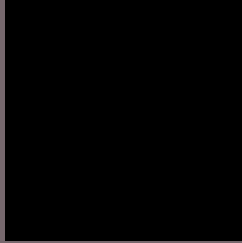
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 104, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 104, 109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 104, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


118, 104, 109

Protanopia

109, 107, 111

Deuteranopia

117, 104, 109



Tritanopia
118, 104, 112

Trichromacy



Original Color

118, 104, 109

Protanomaly

112, 106, 110

Deuteranomaly

117, 104, 109

Tritanomaly

118, 104, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

118, 104, 109

Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly

112, 107, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 104, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 104, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 104, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 104, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 104, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 104, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 104, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 104, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 104, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 104, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 104, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 104,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 104, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 104, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
104, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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