

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 109, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 109, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(118, 109, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	766D68
RGB	118, 109, 104
RGB Percent	46%, 43%, 41%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5725, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.54
HSL	21°, 6%, 44%
HSV	21°, 12%, 46%
XYZ	15.4385, 15.7883, 15.3305
YIQ	111.1210, 6.9690, 0.3530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

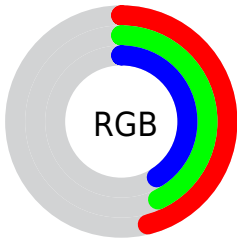
Format	Color
RYB	118, 112, 104
Decimal	7761256
CIELab	46.70, 2.57, 4.05
CIELCh	47, 4.796, 57.595
Yxy	15.7883, 0.3316, 0.3391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285951336 (0xFF766D68)
YUV	111.1210, -3.5107, 6.0329
Hunter-Lab	39.7345, -0.1805, 4.9388

Details

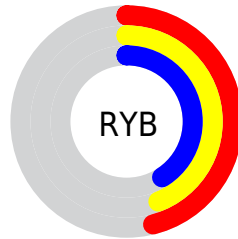
The RGB color **118, 109, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **104, 113, 118**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 160, 155**, and **70, 62, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 101, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 117, 116**.

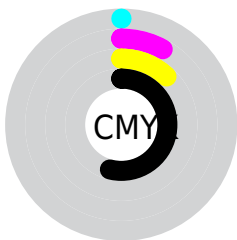
Distribution



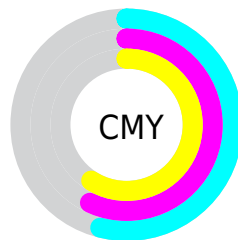
- Red (46%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 109, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 109, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118, 109, 104

255, 255, 255

■ 170, 160, 155

■ 197, 187, 182

■ 225, 215, 209

■ 254, 244, 238

■ 118, 109, 104

■ 93, 85, 80

■ 70, 62, 57

■ 47, 40, 36

■ 27, 19, 14

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 118, 109, 104

■ 118, 101, 92

■ 118, 94, 80

■ 118, 86, 69

■ 118, 109, 104

■ 118, 117, 116

■ 118, 124, 128

■ 118, 132, 139

■ 118, 79, 57

■ 118, 139, 151

■ 118, 71, 45

■ 118, 147, 163

■ 118, 63, 33

■ 118, 155, 175

■ 118, 56, 21

■ 118, 162, 187

■ 118, 48, 10

■ 118, 170, 198

■ 118, 42, 0

■ 118, 177, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 108, 107



118, 109, 104



115, 110, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 109, 104



102, 113, 110



111, 110, 118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 109, 104



104, 113, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 111, 119



118, 109, 104



101, 113, 114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 109, 104



105, 113, 106



102, 112, 117



116, 109, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 109, 104



112, 111, 103



102, 112, 117



109, 110, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 109, 104



153, 149, 147



118, 104, 113



77, 74, 73



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

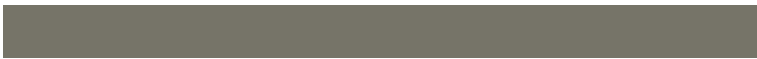
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 109, 104



153, 139, 132



118, 116, 104



59, 55, 53



122, 44, 0



250, 89, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 113, 118



132, 145, 153



104, 106, 118



53, 57, 59



0, 79, 122



0, 161, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 109, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 109, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

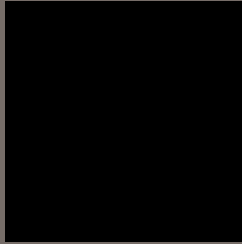
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 109, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 109, 104.

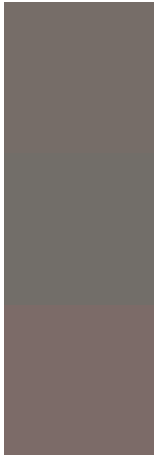


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 109, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


118, 109, 104

Protanopia

114, 110, 105

Deuteranopia

124, 107, 104



Tritanopia
120, 107, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

118, 109, 104

Protanomaly

115, 110, 105

Deuteranomaly

122, 108, 104

Tritanomaly

119, 108, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

118, 109, 104

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

114, 110, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 109, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(118, 109, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 109, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 109, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 109, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 109, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 109, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 109, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 109, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 109, 104); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 109, 104); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 109, 104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 109, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 109, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
109, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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