

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 121, 42)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 121, 42) contains.

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Color

RGB(118, 121, 42)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76792A
RGB	118, 121, 42
RGB Percent	46%, 47%, 16%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5255, 0.8353
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.65, 0.53
HSL	62°, 48%, 32%
HSV	62°, 65%, 47%
XYZ	14.7265, 17.6935, 4.8295
YIQ	111.0970, 23.5710, -25.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

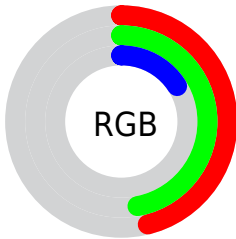
Format	Color
RYB	42, 121, 45
Decimal	7764266
CIELab	49.12, -12.15, 41.48
CIELCh	49, 43.226, 106.325
Yxy	17.6935, 0.3953, 0.4750
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285954346 (0xFF76792A)
YUV	111.0970, -34.0648, 6.0539
Hunter-Lab	42.0636, -11.1183, 22.6372

Details

The RGB color **118, 121, 42** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **45, 42, 121**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 173, 92**, and **67, 73, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 121, 30**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 121, 54**.

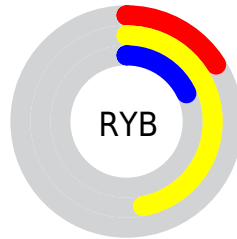
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (47%)

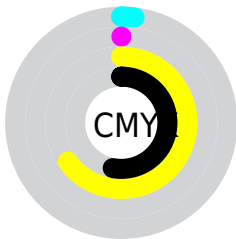
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (18%)

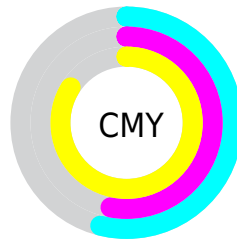


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 121, 42 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 121, 42 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 118, 121, 42  118, 121, 42

255, 255, 255  92, 96, 16

 172, 173, 92  67, 73, 0

 200, 200, 117  43, 50, 0

 229, 229, 144  18, 29, 0

 255, 255, 171  0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 198

 255, 255, 227

 118, 121, 42  118, 121, 42

 118, 121, 30  118, 121, 54

■ 117, 121, 18

■ 119, 121, 66

■ 117, 121, 6

■ 119, 121, 78

■ 116, 121, 0

■ 120, 121, 90

■ 120, 121, 102

■ 121, 121, 115

■ 121, 121, 127

■ 122, 121, 139

■ 122, 121, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 109, 43



118, 121, 42



76, 129, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 121, 42



0, 132, 169



175, 87, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 121, 42



45, 42, 121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 99, 168



118, 121, 42



0, 125, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 121, 42



0, 135, 136



89, 114, 187



185, 85, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 121, 42



33, 133, 86



89, 114, 187



168, 90, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 121, 42



157, 158, 126



121, 45, 42



78, 79, 60



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 121, 42



153, 158, 35



79, 121, 42



61, 61, 55



120, 125, 0



243, 252, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 42, 121



39, 35, 158



84, 42, 121



55, 55, 61



5, 0, 125



10, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 121, 42 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

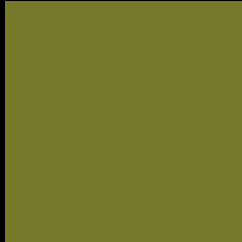
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 121, 42 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

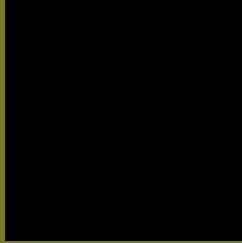
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 121, 42 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 121, 42.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 121, 42.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
118, 121, 42

Protanopia
130, 117, 41

Deuteranopia
145, 111, 45



Tritanopia
126, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

118, 121, 42

Protanomaly

126, 118, 41

Deuteranomaly

135, 115, 44

Tritanomaly

123, 116, 93

Monochromacy



Original Color

118, 121, 42

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

114, 115, 86

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 121, 42 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 121, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 121, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 121, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 121, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 121, 42 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 121, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 121, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 121, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 121, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 121, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 121,  
42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 121, 42 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 121, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
121, 42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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