

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 139, 241)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 139, 241) contains.

RGB(118, 139, 241)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(118, 139, 241)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	768BF1
RGB	118, 139, 241
RGB Percent	46%, 55%, 95%
CMY	0.5373, 0.4549, 0.0549
CMYK	0.51, 0.42, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	230°, 81%, 70%
HSV	230°, 51%, 95%
XYZ	32.5810, 28.6677, 87.0353
YIQ	144.3490, -45.2580, 27.2700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

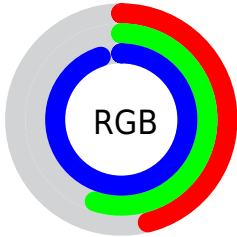
Format	Color
R _Y B	118, 136, 241
Decimal	7769073
CIE Lab	60.49, 20.24, -53.74
CIE LCh	60, 57.424, 290.640
Yxy	28.6677, 0.2197, 0.1933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285959153 (0xFF768BF1)
YUV	144.3490, 47.6489, -23.1081
Hunter-Lab	53.5422, 14.9204, -58.8991

Details

The RGB color **118, 139, 241** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **241, 220, 118**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 192, 255**, and **56, 89, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 119, 241**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 159, 241**.

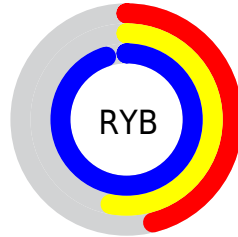
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (55%)

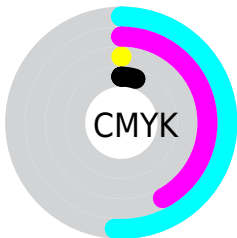
Blue (95%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (95%)

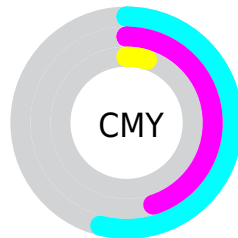


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 139, 241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 139, 241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 118, 139, 241


255, 255, 255

 176, 192, 255

 206, 220, 255

 236, 248, 255

 118, 139, 241

 88, 114, 212

 56, 89, 184

 9, 66, 157

 0, 45, 130

 0, 25, 105

 0, 0, 80

 0, 5, 56

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 7

■ 118, 139, 241

■ 118, 139, 241

■ 94, 119, 241

■ 142, 159, 241

■ 70, 99, 241

■ 166, 179, 241

■ 46, 79, 241

■ 190, 199, 241

■ 22, 59, 241

■ 214, 219, 241

■ 0, 41, 241

■ 238, 239, 241

■ 255, 255, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 156, 246



118, 139, 241



192, 117, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 139, 241



221, 118, 68



0, 169, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 139, 241



241, 220, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 164, 78



118, 139, 241



186, 138, 38

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 139, 241



238, 101, 113



139, 154, 42



0, 170, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 139, 241



221, 105, 181



139, 154, 42



0, 168, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 139, 241



217, 223, 255



118, 241, 218



105, 108, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 139, 241



99, 126, 255



157, 118, 241



108, 110, 120



0, 31, 184



0, 10, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



241, 118, 139



255, 99, 126



202, 241, 118



120, 108, 110



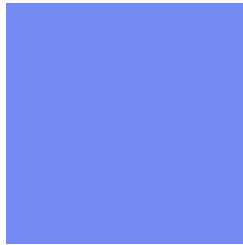
184, 0, 31



56, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 139, 241 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

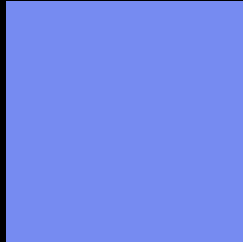
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 139, 241 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

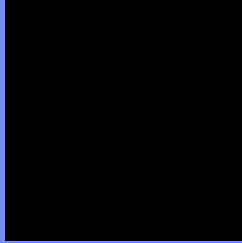
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 139, 241 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 139, 241.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 139, 241.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

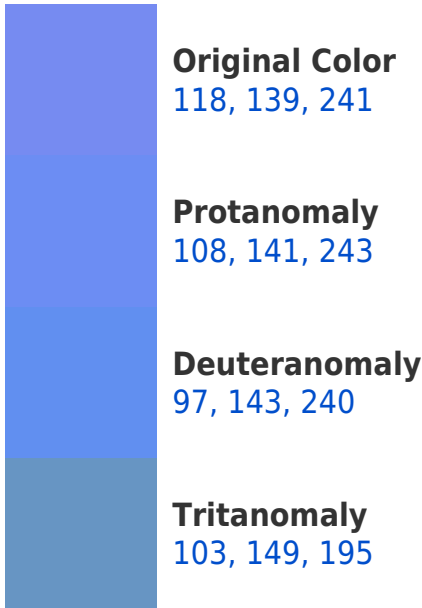




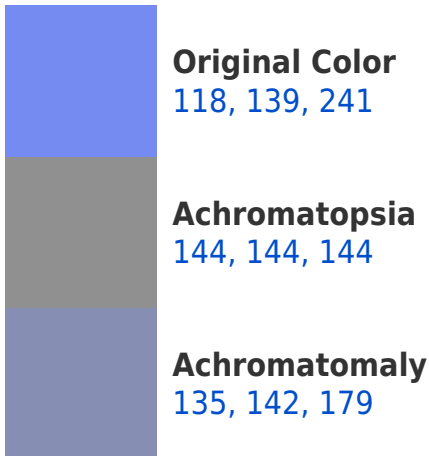
Tritanopia

94, 155, 168

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 139, 241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 139, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 139, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 139, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 139, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 139, 241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 139, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 139, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 139, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 139, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 139, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 139,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 139, 241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 139, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
139, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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