

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 209, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 209, 162) contains.

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Color

RGB(118, 209, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76D1A2
RGB	118, 209, 162
RGB Percent	46%, 82%, 64%
CMY	0.5373, 0.1804, 0.3647
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.22, 0.18
HSL	149°, 50%, 64%
HSV	149°, 44%, 82%
XYZ	36.7933, 52.0611, 42.2920
YIQ	176.4330, -39.1490, -33.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

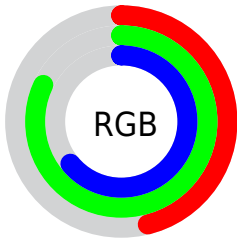
Format	Color
RYB	118, 179, 209
Decimal	7786914
CIELab	77.32, -37.83, 14.97
CIELCh	77, 40.682, 158.414
Yxy	52.0611, 0.2806, 0.3970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285976994 (0xFF76D1A2)
YUV	176.4330, -7.1155, -51.2457
Hunter-Lab	72.1534, -35.2457, 15.7551

Details

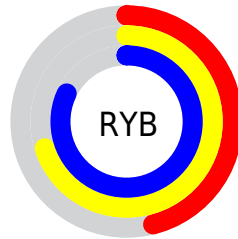
The RGB color **118, 209, 162** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **209, 118, 165**, and the grayscale version is **177, 177, 177**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 255, 217**, and **62, 154, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 209, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 209, 173**.

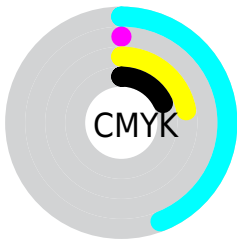
Distribution



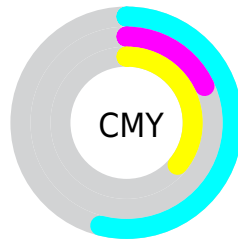
- Red (46%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 209, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 209, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 118, 209, 162


255, 255, 255


 174, 255, 217


 203, 255, 245

 232, 255, 255

 118, 209, 162

 90, 181, 136

 62, 154, 110

 31, 128, 86

 0, 102, 62

 0, 77, 40

 0, 53, 19

 0, 33, 0

 0, 0, 0

 118, 209, 162

 118, 209, 162

■ 97, 209, 151

■ 139, 209, 173

■ 76, 209, 140

■ 160, 209, 184

■ 55, 209, 130

■ 181, 209, 194

■ 34, 209, 119

■ 202, 209, 205

■ 14, 209, 108

■ 223, 209, 216

■ 0, 209, 101

■ 243, 209, 227

■ 255, 209, 238

■ 255, 209, 248

■ 255, 209, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 203, 131



118, 209, 162



65, 211, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 209, 162



154, 191, 255



255, 167, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 209, 162



209, 118, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 162, 182



118, 209, 162



209, 177, 250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 209, 162



88, 202, 255



247, 166, 220



239, 179, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 209, 162



33, 210, 226



247, 166, 220



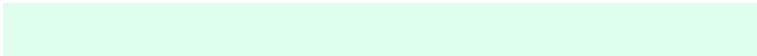
255, 164, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 209, 162



222, 255, 238



165, 209, 118



107, 128, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 209, 162



122, 255, 187



118, 209, 207



94, 105, 99



0, 168, 81



0, 41, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 118, 165



255, 122, 191



209, 118, 120



105, 94, 99



168, 0, 87



41, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 209, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 209, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

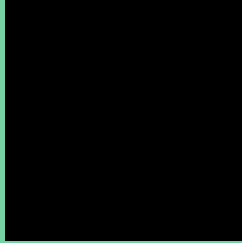
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 209, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 209, 162.

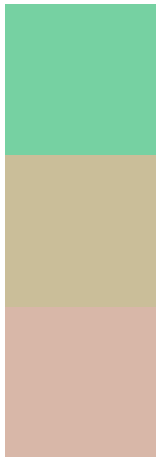


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 209, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
118, 209, 162

Protanopia
202, 190, 153

Deuteranopia
216, 183, 168



Tritanopia
132, 202, 218

Trichromacy



Original Color

118, 209, 162



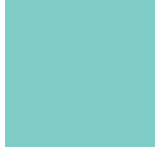
Protanomaly

171, 197, 156



Deuteranomaly

180, 192, 166



Tritanomaly

127, 205, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color

118, 209, 162



Achromatopsia

176, 176, 176



Achromatomaly

155, 188, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 209, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 209, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 209, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 209, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 209, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 209, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 209, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 209, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 209, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 209, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 209, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 209,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 209, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 209, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
209, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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