

Converting Colors

RGB(118, 213, 218)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(118, 213, 218) contains.

RGB(118, 213, 218)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(118, 213, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76D5DA
RGB	118, 213, 218
RGB Percent	46%, 84%, 85%
CMY	0.5373, 0.1647, 0.1451
CMYK	0.46, 0.02, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	183°, 57%, 66%
HSV	183°, 46%, 85%
XYZ	43.9204, 56.5020, 74.9208
YIQ	185.1650, -58.2250, -18.5850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

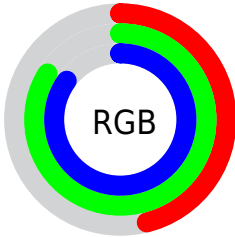
Format	Color
R _{YB}	118, 167, 218
Decimal	7787994
CIE Lab	79.90, -26.80, -11.22
CIE LCh	80, 29.056, 202.726
Yxy	56.5020, 0.2505, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285978074 (0xFF76D5DA)
YUV	185.1650, 16.1877, -58.9037
Hunter-Lab	75.1678, -27.2466, -6.4777

Details

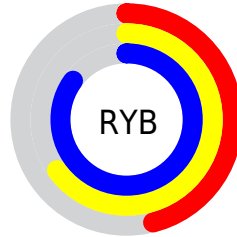
The RGB color **118, 213, 218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **218, 123, 118**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 255, 255**, and **58, 158, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 212, 218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 214, 218**.

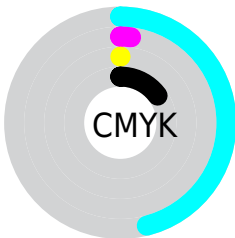
Distribution



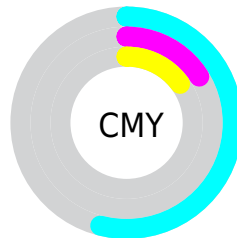
- Red (46%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 118, 213, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 118, 213, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 118, 213, 218


255, 255, 255


 176, 255, 255


 205, 255, 255

 235, 255, 255


 118, 213, 218

 89, 185, 190


 58, 158, 163

 17, 132, 137

 0, 106, 112

 0, 82, 87

 0, 58, 64

 0, 37, 42

 0, 1, 22

 0, 0, 0

■ 118, 213, 218

■ 118, 213, 218

■ 96, 212, 218

■ 140, 214, 218

■ 74, 211, 218

■ 162, 215, 218

■ 53, 210, 218

■ 183, 216, 218

■ 31, 209, 218

■ 205, 217, 218

■ 9, 208, 218

■ 227, 218, 218

■ 0, 207, 218

■ 249, 220, 218

■ 255, 221, 218

■ 255, 222, 218

■ 255, 223, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 213, 190



118, 213, 218



125, 209, 240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 213, 218



227, 184, 231



224, 194, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 213, 218



218, 123, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



244, 185, 156



118, 213, 218



247, 179, 206

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 213, 218



193, 193, 248



253, 179, 178



196, 203, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 213, 218



143, 205, 249



253, 179, 178



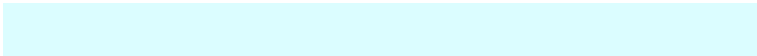
232, 191, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 213, 218



219, 253, 255



118, 218, 123



106, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 213, 218



115, 248, 255



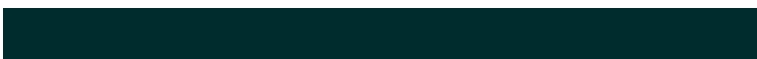
118, 163, 218



99, 109, 110



0, 165, 173



0, 44, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 118, 213



255, 115, 248



218, 173, 118



110, 99, 109



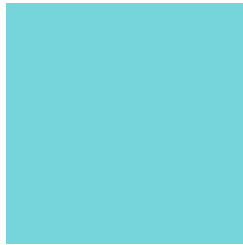
173, 0, 165



46, 0, 44

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 213, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

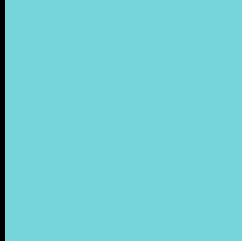
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 118, 213, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 118, 213, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 213, 218.

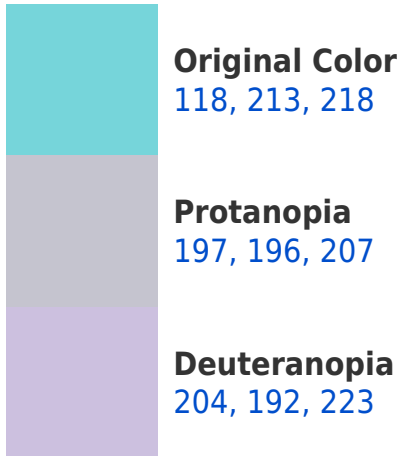


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 118, 213, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
121, 211, 228

Trichromacy



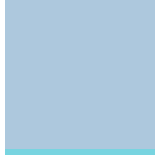
Original Color

118, 213, 218



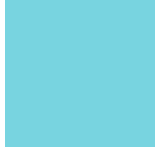
Protanomaly

168, 202, 211



Deuteranomaly

173, 200, 221



Tritanomaly

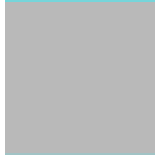
120, 212, 224

Monochromacy



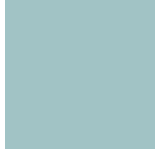
Original Color

118, 213, 218



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

161, 195, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 118, 213, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 213, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 213, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 213, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 213, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 118, 213, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 213, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 213, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 213, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 213, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 213, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 213,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 213, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 213, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
213, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor