

Converting Colors

RGB(119, 132, 133)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(119, 132, 133) contains.

RGB(119, 132, 133)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(119, 132, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778485
RGB	119, 132, 133
RGB Percent	47%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.5333, 0.4824, 0.4784
CMYK	0.11, 0.01, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	184°, 6%, 49%
HSV	184°, 11%, 52%
XYZ	20.0927, 22.1179, 25.4005
YIQ	128.2270, -8.0690, -2.4450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

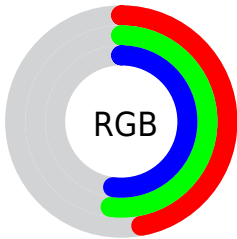
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 126, 133
Decimal	7832709
CIE _{Lab}	54.15, -4.53, -2.17
CIE _{LCh}	54, 5.017, 205.590
Yxy	22.1179, 0.2972, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286022789 (0xFF778485)
YUV	128.2270, 2.3531, -8.0921
Hunter-Lab	47.0297, -6.0408, 0.8986

Details

The RGB color **119, 132, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 120, 119**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171, 185, 186**, and **71, 83, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106, 131, 133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 133, 133**.

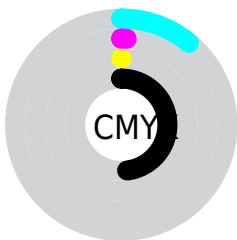
Distribution



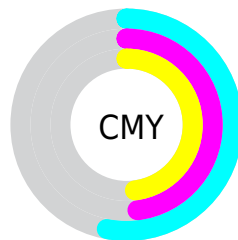
- Red (47%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 119, 132, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 119, 132, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 119, 132, 133

255, 255, 255

■ 171, 185, 186

■ 199, 213, 214

■ 227, 241, 242

■ 119, 132, 133

■ 94, 107, 108

■ 71, 83, 84

■ 48, 60, 60

■ 27, 38, 39

■ 1, 17, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 119, 132, 133

■ 106, 131, 133

■ 92, 130, 133

■ 119, 132, 133

■ 132, 133, 133

■ 146, 134, 133

79, 129, 133

159, 135, 133

66, 128, 133

172, 136, 133

53, 127, 133

186, 137, 133

39, 126, 133

199, 138, 133

26, 125, 133

212, 139, 133

13, 124, 133

225, 140, 133

0, 124, 133

239, 141, 133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 132, 129



119, 132, 133



120, 131, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 132, 133



135, 127, 134



134, 129, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 132, 133



133, 120, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 128, 122



119, 132, 133



138, 127, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 132, 133



130, 129, 137



139, 127, 126



129, 130, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 132, 133



123, 130, 138



139, 127, 126



135, 128, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 132, 133



168, 173, 173



119, 133, 120



83, 86, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 132, 133



151, 172, 173



119, 125, 133



60, 66, 66



0, 121, 130



0, 2, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 119, 132



173, 151, 172



133, 127, 119



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 121



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 132, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

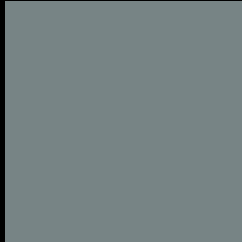
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 132, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

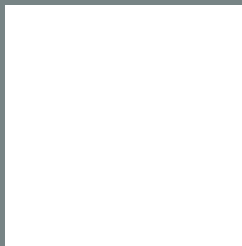
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 119, 132, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 132, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 132, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

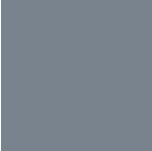
[119](#), [132](#), [133](#)

Protanopia

[131](#), [129](#), [131](#)

Deuteranopia

[139](#), [125](#), [134](#)



Tritanopia
120, 131, 141

Trichromacy



Original Color

119, 132, 133

Protanomaly

127, 130, 132

Deuteranomaly

132, 128, 134

Tritanomaly

120, 131, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

119, 132, 133

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

125, 129, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 119, 132, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 132, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 132, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 132, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 132, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 119, 132, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 132, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 132, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 132, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 132, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 132, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 132,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 119, 132, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 132, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
132, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor