

Converting Colors

RGB(119, 141, 215)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(119, 141, 215) contains.

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Color

RGB(119, 141, 215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778DD7
RGB	119, 141, 215
RGB Percent	47%, 55%, 84%
CMY	0.5333, 0.4471, 0.1569
CMYK	0.45, 0.34, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	226°, 55%, 65%
HSV	226°, 45%, 84%
XYZ	29.3984, 27.8780, 68.1215
YIQ	142.8580, -36.8660, 18.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

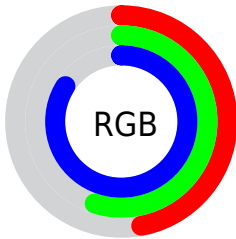
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 137, 215
Decimal	7835095
CIE _{Lab}	59.78, 11.51, -40.40
CIE _{LCh}	60, 42.011, 285.902
Yxy	27.8780, 0.2344, 0.2223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286025175 (0xFF778DD7)
YUV	142.8580, 35.5660, -20.9235
Hunter-Lab	52.7996, 6.9879, -39.5356

Details

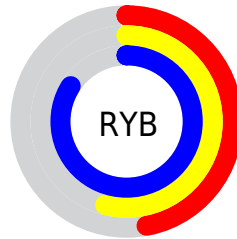
The RGB color **119, 141, 215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **215, 193, 119**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 194, 255**, and **63, 91, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 124, 215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 158, 215**.

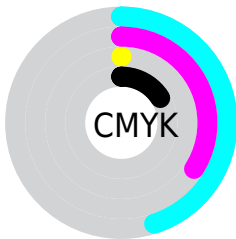
Distribution



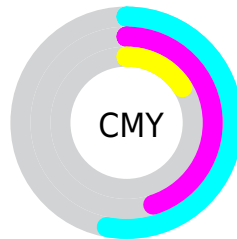
- Red (47%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 119, 141, 215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 119, 141, 215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 119, 141, 215


255, 255, 255

 175, 194, 255

 204, 222, 255

 233, 251, 255

 119, 141, 215

 91, 116, 187

 63, 91, 160

 32, 68, 133

 0, 46, 108

 0, 26, 83

 0, 0, 60


 0, 2, 37


 0, 1, 13


 0, 0, 0

 119, 141, 215

 119, 141, 215

 98, 124, 215

 141, 158, 215

 76, 108, 215

 162, 174, 215

 55, 91, 215

 184, 191, 215

 33, 75, 215

 205, 207, 215

 12, 58, 215

 227, 224, 215

 0, 49, 215

 248, 240, 215

 255, 255, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26, 153, 215



119, 141, 215



172, 127, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 141, 215



205, 123, 92



47, 162, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 141, 215



215, 193, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 157, 91



119, 141, 215



181, 136, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 141, 215



214, 114, 126



147, 148, 71



0, 163, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 141, 215



196, 119, 175



147, 148, 71



71, 161, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 141, 215



222, 229, 255



119, 215, 193



107, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 141, 215



117, 149, 255



145, 119, 215



96, 99, 107



0, 39, 171



0, 10, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 119, 141



255, 117, 149



189, 215, 119



107, 96, 99



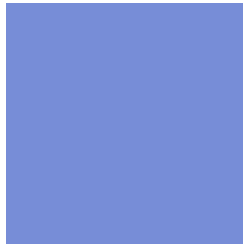
171, 0, 39



43, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 141, 215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

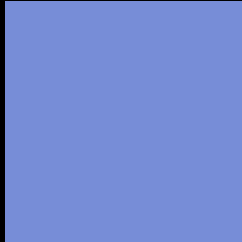
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 141, 215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

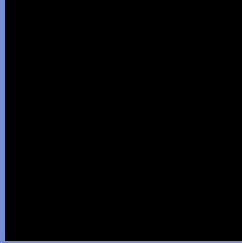
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 119, 141, 215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 141, 215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 141, 215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
119, 141, 215

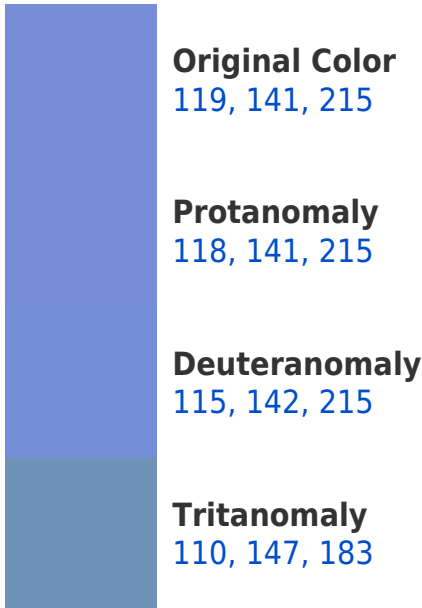
Protanopia
118, 141, 215

Deuteranopia
112, 143, 215

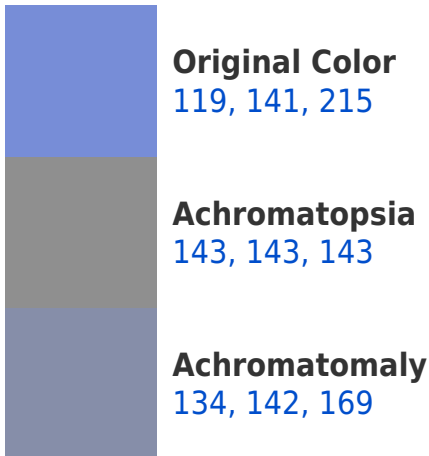


Tritanopia
105, 151, 164

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 119, 141, 215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 141, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 141, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 141, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 141, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 119, 141, 215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

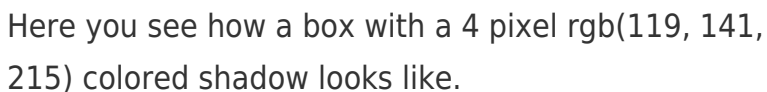
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 141, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 141, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 141, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 141, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 141, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 141,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 119, 141, 215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 141, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
141, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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