

Converting Colors

RGB(119, 75, 213)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(119, 75, 213) contains.

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Color

RGB(119, 75, 213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	774BD5
RGB	119, 75, 213
RGB Percent	47%, 29%, 84%
CMY	0.5333, 0.7059, 0.1647
CMYK	0.44, 0.65, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	259°, 62%, 56%
HSV	259°, 65%, 84%
XYZ	22.1341, 13.7582, 64.4398
YIQ	103.8880, -18.0740, 52.2460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

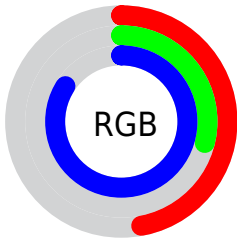
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 75, 213
Decimal	7818197
CIE Lab	43.88, 49.50, -64.67
CIE LCh	44, 81.436, 307.430
Yxy	13.7582, 0.2206, 0.1371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286008277 (0xFF774BD5)
YUV	103.8880, 53.7922, 13.2532
Hunter-Lab	37.0920, 41.6059, -77.0398

Details

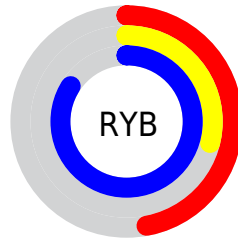
The RGB color **119, 75, 213** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **169, 213, 75**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 126, 255**, and **59, 25, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104, 54, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 96, 213**.

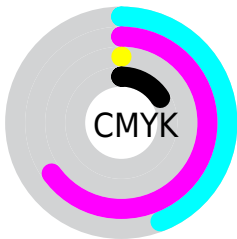
Distribution



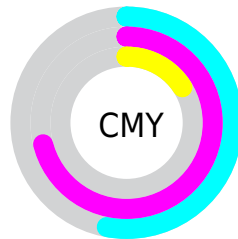
- Red (47%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 119, 75, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 119, 75, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 119, 75, 213

 119, 75, 213

255, 255, 255

 90, 50, 185


 177, 126, 255

 59, 25, 157

 207, 153, 255

 20, 0, 130

 236, 180, 255

 0, 0, 104

 255, 208, 255

 0, 0, 79

 255, 237, 255

 0, 5, 55

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

■ 119, 75, 213

■ 119, 75, 213

■ 104, 54, 213

■ 134, 96, 213

■ 90, 32, 213

■ 148, 118, 213

■ 75, 11, 213

■ 163, 139, 213

■ 68, 0, 213

■ 177, 160, 213

■ 192, 181, 213

■ 206, 203, 213

■ 221, 224, 213

■ 235, 245, 213

■ 250, 255, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 108, 241



119, 75, 213



193, 0, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 75, 213



167, 80, 0



0, 131, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 75, 213



169, 213, 75

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 128, 47



119, 75, 213



112, 107, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 75, 213



204, 27, 23



23, 121, 0



0, 130, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 75, 213



214, 0, 113



23, 121, 0



0, 130, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 75, 213



222, 207, 255



75, 169, 213



108, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 75, 213



120, 56, 255



188, 75, 213



100, 96, 107



54, 0, 171



14, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 75, 169



255, 56, 192



100, 213, 75



107, 96, 104



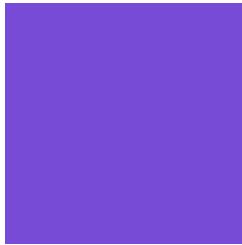
171, 0, 116



43, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 75, 213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

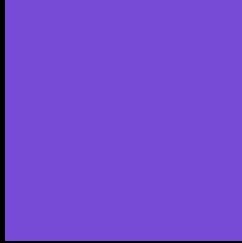
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 75, 213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 119, 75, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 75, 213.

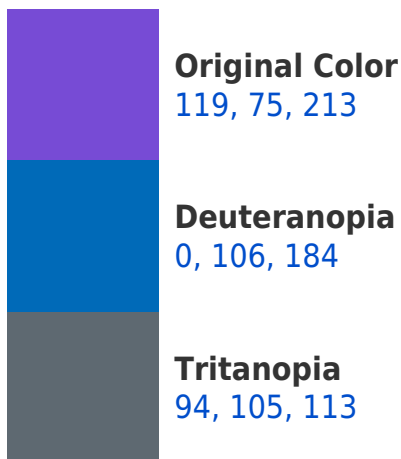


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 75, 213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

119, 75, 213



Deuteranomaly

43, 95, 195



Tritanomaly

103, 94, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color

119, 75, 213



Achromatopsia

104, 104, 104



Achromatomaly

109, 93, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 119, 75, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 75, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 75, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 75, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 75, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 119, 75, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 75, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 75, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 75, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 75, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 75, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 75,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 119, 75, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 75, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 75,  
213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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