

Converting Colors

RGB(119, 97, 20)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(119, 97, 20) contains.

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Color

RGB(119, 97, 20)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	776114
RGB	119, 97, 20
RGB Percent	47%, 38%, 8%
CMY	0.5333, 0.6196, 0.9216
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.83, 0.53
HSL	47°, 71%, 27%
HSV	47°, 83%, 47%
XYZ	12.0087, 12.5218, 2.4458
YIQ	94.8000, 37.8290, -19.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

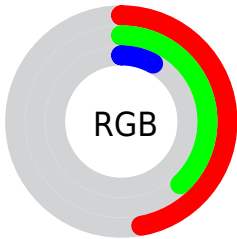
Format	Color
RYB	48, 119, 20
Decimal	7823636
CIELab	42.03, 0.75, 43.63
CIElCh	42, 43.633, 89.018
Yxy	12.5218, 0.4452, 0.4642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286013716 (0xFF776114)
YUV	94.8000, -36.8764, 21.2234
Hunter-Lab	35.3862, -1.3499, 20.6723

Details

The RGB color **119, 97, 20** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **20, 42, 119**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 147, 71**, and **67, 51, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 94, 8**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 100, 32**.

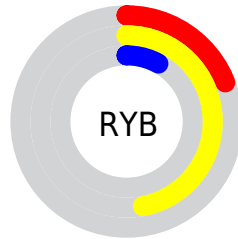
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (38%)

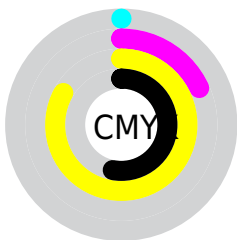
Blue (8%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (8%)

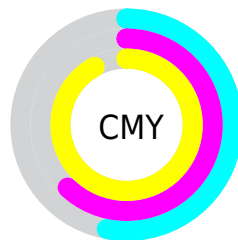


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 119, 97, 20 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 119, 97, 20 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 119, 97, 20


 119, 97, 20


255, 255, 255

 92, 73, 0

 174, 147, 71

 67, 51, 0

 203, 174, 96

 41, 30, 0

 232, 201, 121

 13, 7, 0

 255, 229, 148

 0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 175

 255, 255, 203

 255, 255, 231

 119, 97, 20

 119, 97, 20

■ 119, 94, 8

■ 119, 100, 32

■ 119, 93, 0

■ 119, 102, 44

■ 119, 105, 56

■ 119, 108, 68

■ 119, 110, 79

■ 119, 113, 91

■ 119, 116, 103

■ 119, 118, 115

■ 119, 121, 127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 83, 37



119, 97, 20



83, 107, 31

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 97, 20



0, 116, 133



142, 75, 137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 97, 20



20, 42, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97, 90, 162



119, 97, 20



0, 112, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 97, 20



0, 116, 97



0, 104, 171



162, 66, 102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 97, 20



53, 112, 49



0, 104, 171



130, 80, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 97, 20



156, 147, 117



119, 20, 43



79, 74, 55



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 97, 20



156, 121, 0



93, 119, 20



59, 57, 53



122, 95, 0



250, 194, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 42, 119



0, 35, 156



46, 20, 119



53, 54, 59



0, 27, 122



0, 56, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 119, 97, 20 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

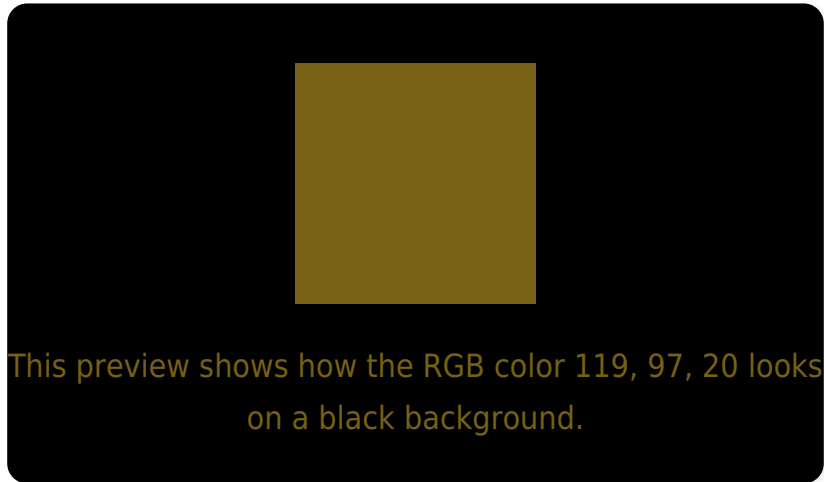
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

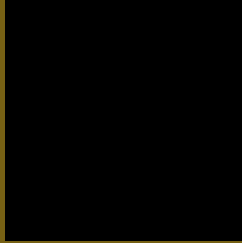
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 119, 97, 20 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 97, 20.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 119, 97, 20.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[119, 97, 20](#)

Protanopia

[112, 100, 21](#)

Deuteranopia

[125, 94, 22](#)



Tritanopia
124, 90, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color

119, 97, 20

Protanomaly

115, 99, 21

Deuteranomaly

123, 95, 21

Tritanomaly

122, 93, 69

Monochromacy



Original Color

119, 97, 20

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

104, 96, 68

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 119, 97, 20 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 97, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 97, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 97, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 97, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 119, 97, 20 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 97, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 97, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 97, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 97, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 97, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 97,  
20) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 119, 97, 20 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 97, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 97,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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