

Converting Colors

RGB(120, 123, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(120, 123, 135) contains.

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Color

RGB(120, 123, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787B87
RGB	120, 123, 135
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 53%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5176, 0.4706
CMYK	0.11, 0.09, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	228°, 6%, 50%
HSV	228°, 11%, 53%
XYZ	19.2019, 19.9083, 25.7523
YIQ	123.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

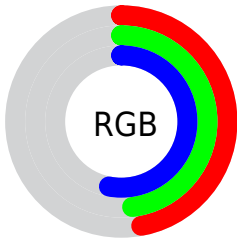
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 123, 135
Decimal	7895943
CIE Lab	51.73, 1.43, -6.90
CIE LCh	52, 7.050, 281.714
Yxy	19.9083, 0.2960, 0.3069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286086023 (0xFF787B87)
YUV	123.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441
Hunter-Lab	44.6187, -1.2643, -2.9870

Details

The RGB color **120, 123, 135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **135, 132, 120**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 175, 188**, and **71, 74, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107, 112, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 134, 135**.

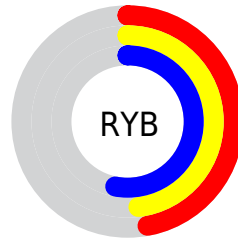
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (48%)

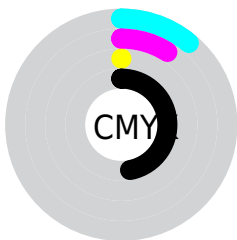
Blue (53%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (53%)

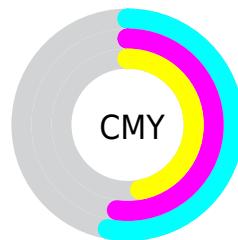


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 120, 123, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 120, 123, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 120, 123, 135

255, 255, 255

■ 172, 175, 188

■ 200, 203, 216

■ 228, 231, 244

■ 120, 123, 135

■ 95, 98, 110

■ 71, 74, 85

■ 49, 52, 62

■ 28, 31, 40

■ 2, 6, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 120, 123, 135

■ 107, 112, 135

■ 93, 101, 135

■ 120, 123, 135

■ 134, 134, 135

■ 147, 145, 135

■ 79, 91, 135

■ 161, 155, 135

■ 66, 80, 135

■ 174, 166, 135

■ 53, 69, 135

■ 187, 177, 135

■ 39, 58, 135

■ 201, 188, 135

■ 26, 47, 135

■ 215, 199, 135

■ 12, 37, 135

■ 228, 209, 135

■ 0, 27, 135

■ 242, 220, 135

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 125, 135



120, 123, 135



127, 121, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120, 123, 135



136, 120, 116



113, 127, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120, 123, 135



135, 132, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 125, 114



120, 123, 135



132, 122, 112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120, 123, 135



136, 119, 121



126, 124, 112



109, 127, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120, 123, 135



132, 120, 129



126, 124, 112



114, 126, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120, 123, 135



171, 172, 176



120, 135, 132



86, 86, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120, 123, 135



153, 158, 176



125, 120, 135



60, 61, 66



0, 26, 130



0, 1, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 120, 123



176, 153, 158



131, 135, 120



66, 60, 61



130, 0, 26



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 120, 123, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 120, 123, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

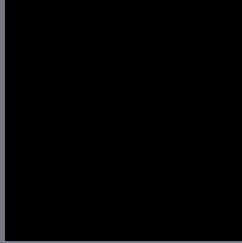
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

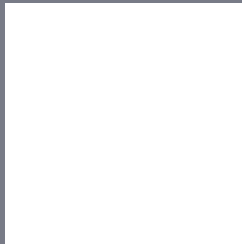
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 120, 123, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 120, 123, 135.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 120, 123, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[120, 123, 135](#)

Protanopia
[122, 122, 135](#)

Deuteranopia
[129, 120, 136](#)



Tritanopia
120, 123, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

120, 123, 135

Protanomaly

121, 122, 135

Deuteranomaly

126, 121, 136

Tritanomaly

120, 123, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

120, 123, 135

Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly

122, 123, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 120, 123, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(120, 123, 135) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 123, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 123, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 123, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 120, 123, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 123, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 123, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 123, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 123, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 123, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 123,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 120, 123, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 123, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
123, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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