

Converting Colors

RGB(120, 134, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(120, 134, 172) contains.

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Color

RGB(120, 134, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7886AC
RGB	120, 134, 172
RGB Percent	47%, 53%, 67%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4745, 0.3255
CMYK	0.30, 0.22, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	224°, 24%, 57%
HSV	224°, 30%, 67%
XYZ	23.7172, 24.0218, 42.4164
YIQ	134.1460, -20.5420, 8.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

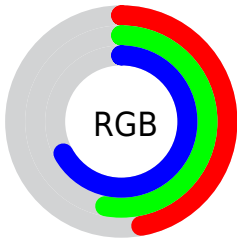
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 131, 172
Decimal	7898796
CIE _{Lab}	56.11, 3.97, -21.74
CIE _{LCh}	56, 22.100, 280.338
Yxy	24.0218, 0.2631, 0.2664
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286088876 (0xFF7886AC)
YUV	134.1460, 18.6620, -12.4060
Hunter-Lab	49.0121, 0.6061, -17.0027

Details

The RGB color **120, 134, 172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **172, 158, 120**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 187, 227**, and **70, 85, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103, 121, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 147, 172**.

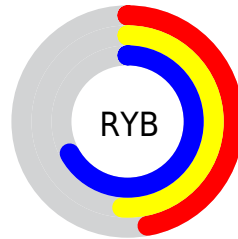
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (53%)

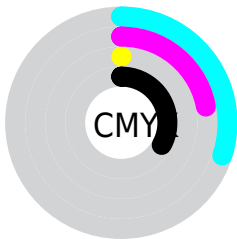
Blue (67%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (67%)

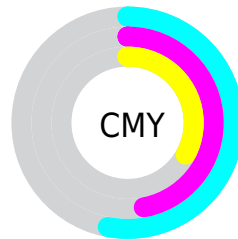


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 120, 134, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 120, 134, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 120, 134, 172

255, 255, 255

■ 173, 187, 227

■ 201, 215, 255

■ 229, 243, 255

■ 120, 134, 172

■ 94, 109, 145

■ 70, 85, 120

■ 45, 62, 95

■ 21, 40, 71

■ 0, 19, 48

■ 0, 1, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 120, 134, 172

■ 103, 121, 172

■ 120, 134, 172

■ 137, 147, 172

■ 86, 109, 172

■ 154, 159, 172

■ 68, 96, 172

■ 172, 172, 172

■ 51, 84, 172

■ 189, 184, 172

■ 34, 71, 172

■ 206, 197, 172

■ 17, 59, 172

■ 223, 209, 172

■ 0, 46, 172

■ 240, 222, 172

■ 255, 235, 172

■ 255, 247, 172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 140, 170



120, 134, 172



146, 127, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120, 134, 172



171, 123, 111



98, 144, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120, 134, 172



172, 158, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120, 141, 105



120, 134, 172



160, 129, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120, 134, 172



173, 120, 128



142, 135, 97



81, 145, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120, 134, 172



159, 123, 154



142, 135, 97



106, 143, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120, 134, 172



204, 210, 224



120, 172, 157



100, 103, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120, 134, 172



144, 165, 224



131, 120, 172



78, 80, 87



0, 41, 150



0, 6, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 120, 134



224, 144, 165



161, 172, 120



87, 78, 80



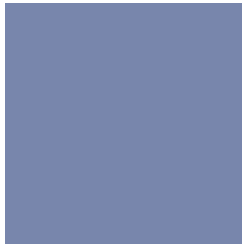
150, 0, 41



23, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 120, 134, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 120, 134, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

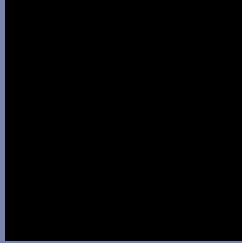
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

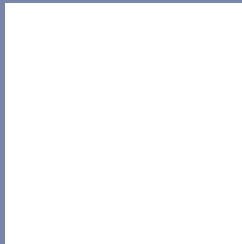
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 120, 134, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 120, 134, 172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 120, 134, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[120, 134, 172](#)

Protanopia
[125, 133, 171](#)

Deuteranopia
[127, 132, 172](#)



Tritanopia
115, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

120, 134, 172

Protanomaly

123, 133, 171

Deuteranomaly

124, 133, 172

Tritanomaly

117, 137, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color

120, 134, 172

Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly

129, 134, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 120, 134, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 134, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 134, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 134, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 134, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 120, 134, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 134, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 134, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 134, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 134, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 134, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 134,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 120, 134, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 134, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
134, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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