

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 103, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 103, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 103, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	796797
RGB	121, 103, 151
RGB Percent	47%, 40%, 59%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5961, 0.4078
CMYK	0.20, 0.32, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	262°, 19%, 50%
HSV	262°, 32%, 59%
XYZ	18.3213, 15.9998, 31.4008
YIQ	113.8540, -4.6800, 18.7440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

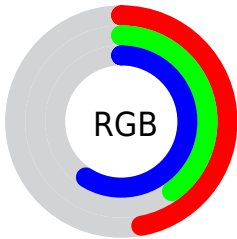
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 103, 151
Decimal	7956375
CIE _{Lab}	46.97, 17.39, -23.56
CIE _{LCh}	47, 29.283, 306.431
Yxy	15.9998, 0.2788, 0.2434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286146455 (0xFF796797)
YUV	113.8540, 18.3130, 6.2670
Hunter-Lab	39.9998, 11.7598, -18.5443

Details

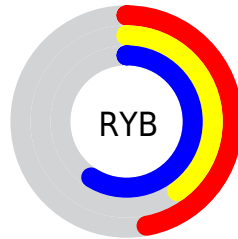
The RGB color **121, 103, 151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **133, 151, 103**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 154, 205**, and **71, 56, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 88, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 118, 151**.

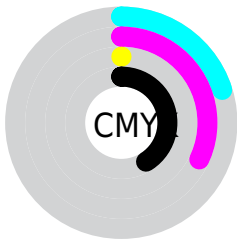
Distribution



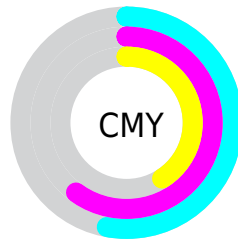
- Red (47%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 103, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 103, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121, 103, 151

255, 255, 255

■ 174, 154, 205

■ 202, 181, 234

■ 230, 209, 255

■ 255, 237, 255

■ 121, 103, 151

■ 96, 79, 125

■ 71, 56, 100

■ 48, 34, 76

■ 25, 14, 53

■ 0, 0, 31

■ 0, 0, 3

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 121, 103, 151

■ 112, 88, 151

■ 121, 103, 151

■ 130, 118, 151

102, 73, 151

140, 133, 151

93, 58, 151

149, 148, 151

83, 43, 151

159, 163, 151

74, 27, 151

168, 179, 151

64, 12, 151

178, 194, 151

57, 0, 151

187, 209, 151

196, 224, 151

206, 239, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84, 112, 160



121, 103, 151



147, 95, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 103, 151



143, 103, 67



25, 124, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 103, 151



133, 151, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 123, 91



121, 103, 151



122, 112, 62

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 103, 151



157, 95, 83



96, 118, 71



0, 123, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 103, 151



156, 92, 115



96, 118, 71



40, 124, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 103, 151



184, 177, 196



103, 133, 151



92, 88, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 103, 151



150, 122, 196



145, 103, 151



72, 69, 77



53, 0, 140



5, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 103, 133



196, 122, 168



109, 151, 103



77, 69, 74



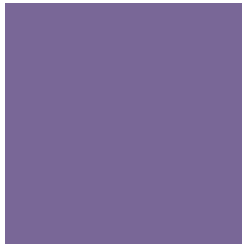
140, 0, 88



13, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 103, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 103, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

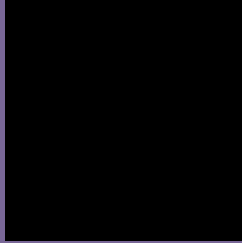
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 103, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 103, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 103, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
121, 103, 151

Protanopia
97, 110, 156

Deuteranopia
101, 110, 150



Tritanopia
115, 109, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color
121, 103, 151

Protanomaly
106, 107, 154

Deuteranomaly
108, 107, 150

Tritanomaly
117, 107, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color
121, 103, 151

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
117, 110, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 103, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 103, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 103, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 103, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 103, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 103, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 103, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 103, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 103, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 103, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 103, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 103,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 103, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 103, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
103, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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