

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 114, 218)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 114, 218) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 114, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7972DA
RGB	121, 114, 218
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 85%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5529, 0.1451
CMYK	0.44, 0.48, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	244°, 58%, 65%
HSV	244°, 48%, 85%
XYZ	26.5574, 21.1615, 69.0145
YIQ	127.9490, -29.2120, 33.8280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

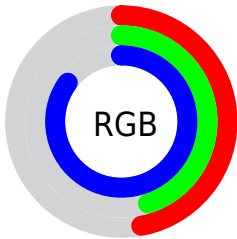
Format	Color
RYB	121, 114, 218
Decimal	7959258
CIELab	53.13, 28.92, -52.62
CIELCh	53, 60.042, 298.796
Yxy	21.1615, 0.2275, 0.1813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286149338 (0xFF7972DA)
YUV	127.9490, 44.3951, -6.0943
Hunter-Lab	46.0017, 22.5475, -56.7493

Details

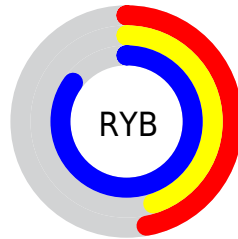
The RGB color **121, 114, 218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 218, 114**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 166, 255**, and **64, 66, 162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101, 92, 218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 136, 218**.

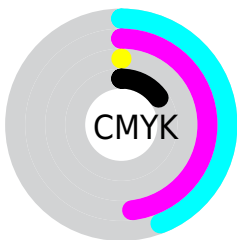
Distribution



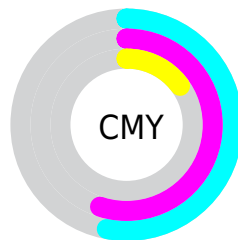
- Red (47%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 114, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 114, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 121, 114, 218


255, 255, 255

 178, 166, 255

 207, 193, 255

 236, 221, 255

 255, 250, 255

 121, 114, 218

 93, 89, 190

 64, 66, 162

 31, 44, 136

 0, 23, 110


 0, 0, 85


 0, 6, 61


 0, 2, 38


 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0


 121, 114, 218

 121, 114, 218

 101, 92, 218

 141, 136, 218

 80, 70, 218

 162, 158, 218

 60, 49, 218

 182, 179, 218

 40, 27, 218

 202, 201, 218

 19, 5, 218

 223, 223, 218

 15, 0, 218

 243, 245, 218

 255, 255, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 134, 231



121, 114, 218



187, 90, 181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 114, 218



193, 103, 35



0, 150, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 114, 218



211, 218, 114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 147, 70



121, 114, 218



153, 124, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 114, 218



216, 82, 80



103, 138, 21



0, 150, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 114, 218



210, 77, 149



103, 138, 21



0, 150, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 114, 218



222, 219, 255



114, 211, 218



107, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 114, 218



119, 110, 255



173, 114, 218



99, 99, 110



12, 0, 173



3, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 114, 211



255, 110, 245



159, 218, 114



110, 99, 109



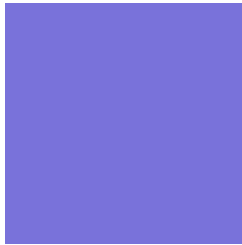
173, 0, 162



46, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 114, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

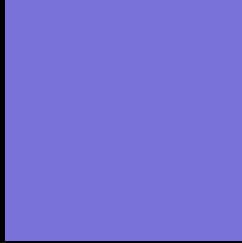
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 114, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

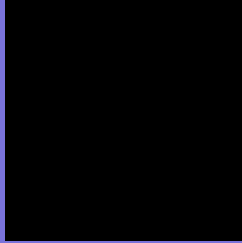
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 114, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 114, 218.

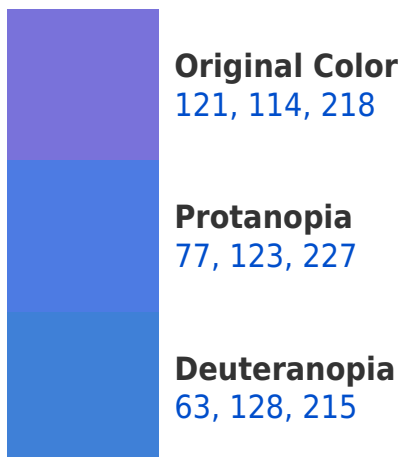


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 114, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
101, 132, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color
121, 114, 218

Protanomaly
93, 120, 224

Deuteranomaly
84, 123, 216

Tritanomaly
108, 125, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
121, 114, 218

Achromatopsia
128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly
125, 123, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 114, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 114, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 114, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 114, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 114, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 114, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 114, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 114, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 114, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 114, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 114, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 114,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 114, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 114, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
114, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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