

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 118, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 118, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 118, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7976CC
RGB	121, 118, 204
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 80%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5373, 0.2000
CMYK	0.41, 0.42, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	242°, 46%, 63%
HSV	242°, 42%, 80%
XYZ	25.2627, 21.3814, 59.9223
YIQ	128.7010, -25.8180, 27.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

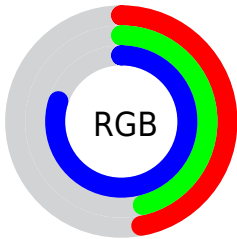
Format	Color
R _Y B	121, 118, 204
Decimal	7960268
CIE Lab	53.36, 22.49, -44.30
CIE LCh	53, 49.686, 296.916
Yxy	21.3814, 0.2371, 0.2006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286150348 (0xFF7976CC)
YUV	128.7010, 37.1224, -6.7538
Hunter-Lab	46.2401, 16.6011, -44.4656

Details

The RGB color **121, 118, 204** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **201, 204, 118**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 170, 255**, and **67, 70, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101, 98, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 138, 204**.

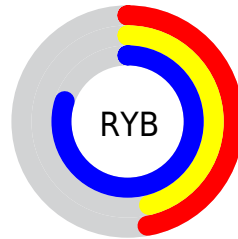
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (46%)

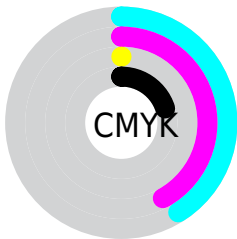
Blue (80%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (80%)

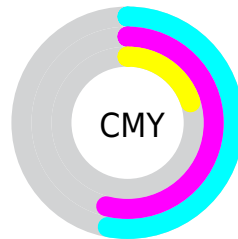


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 118, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 118, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 121, 118, 204

255, 255, 255

 177, 170, 255

 205, 197, 255

 234, 225, 255

255, 254, 255

 121, 118, 204


 121, 118, 204

 94, 93, 176

 67, 70, 149

 38, 48, 123

 0, 27, 98


 0, 3, 73


 0, 4, 50

 0, 2, 28


 0, 0, 0

 121, 118, 204


 101, 98, 204

 141, 138, 204

 82, 77, 204

 160, 159, 204

 62, 57, 204

 180, 179, 204

 42, 36, 204

 200, 200, 204

 23, 16, 204

 219, 220, 204

 7, 0, 204

 239, 240, 204

 255, 255, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 134, 213



121, 118, 204



175, 100, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 118, 204



186, 107, 56



0, 148, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 118, 204



201, 204, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55, 144, 79



121, 118, 204



154, 124, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 118, 204



204, 92, 91



112, 136, 45



0, 148, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 118, 204



196, 91, 148



112, 136, 45



0, 147, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 118, 204



223, 222, 255



118, 201, 204



108, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 118, 204



129, 125, 255



164, 118, 204



92, 92, 102



6, 0, 166



1, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 118, 201



255, 125, 250



158, 204, 118



102, 92, 102



166, 0, 160



38, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 118, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 118, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

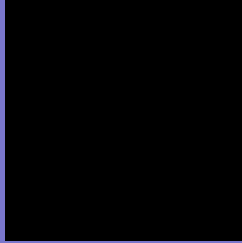
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 118, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 118, 204.

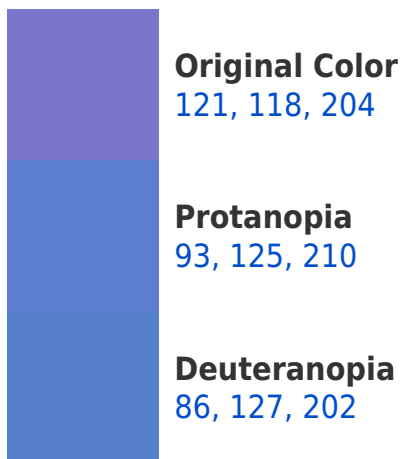



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 118, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

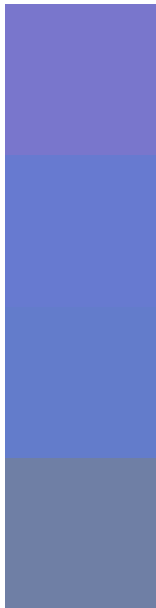
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
106, 132, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color
121, 118, 204

Protanomaly
103, 122, 208

Deuteranomaly
99, 124, 203

Tritanomaly
111, 127, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color
121, 118, 204

Achromatopsia
129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly
126, 125, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 118, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 118, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 118, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 118, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 118, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 118, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 118, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 118, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 118, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 118, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 118, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 118,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 118, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 118, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
118, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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