

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 124, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 124, 131) contains.

RGB(121, 124, 131)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(121, 124, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	797C83
RGB	121, 124, 131
RGB Percent	47%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5137, 0.4863
CMYK	0.08, 0.05, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	222°, 4%, 49%
HSV	222°, 8%, 51%
XYZ	19.1895, 20.1189, 24.3447
YIQ	123.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

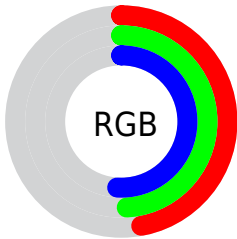
Format	Color
RYB	121, 123, 131
Decimal	7961731
CIELab	51.97, 0.34, -4.20
CIElCh	52, 4.210, 274.662
Yxy	20.1189, 0.3015, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286151811 (0xFF797C83)
YUV	123.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442
Hunter-Lab	44.8541, -2.1287, -0.7819

Details

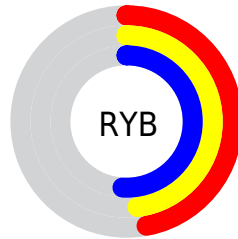
The RGB color **121, 124, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **131, 128, 121**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 176, 184**, and **72, 75, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 115, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 133, 131**.

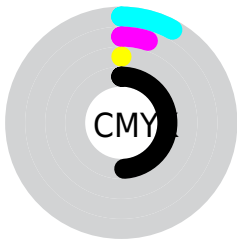
Distribution



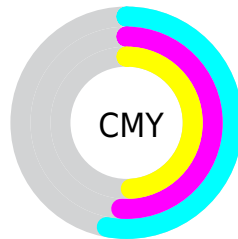
- Red (47%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 124, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 124, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121, 124, 131

255, 255, 255

■ 173, 176, 184

■ 201, 204, 212

■ 229, 232, 240

■ 121, 124, 131

■ 96, 99, 106

■ 72, 75, 82

■ 50, 53, 59

■ 29, 32, 37

■ 3, 7, 16

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 121, 124, 131

■ 108, 115, 131

■ 95, 106, 131

■ 121, 124, 131

■ 134, 133, 131

■ 147, 142, 131

■ 82, 96, 131

■ 160, 152, 131

■ 69, 87, 131

■ 173, 161, 131

■ 55, 78, 131

■ 187, 170, 131

■ 42, 69, 131

■ 200, 179, 131

■ 29, 60, 131

■ 213, 188, 131

■ 16, 51, 131

■ 226, 197, 131

■ 3, 41, 131

■ 239, 207, 131

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 125, 130



121, 124, 131



125, 123, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 124, 131



132, 122, 120



118, 126, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 124, 131



131, 128, 121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 125, 118



121, 124, 131



130, 123, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 124, 131



132, 122, 123



126, 124, 117



116, 126, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 124, 131



128, 122, 128



126, 124, 117



120, 126, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 124, 131



167, 168, 171



121, 131, 128



85, 85, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 124, 131



155, 160, 171



123, 121, 131



60, 62, 66



0, 39, 130



0, 1, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 121, 124



171, 155, 160



129, 131, 121



66, 60, 62



130, 0, 39



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 124, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 124, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

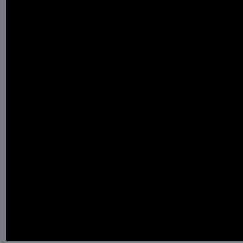
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

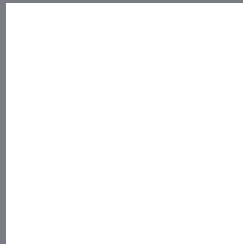
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 124, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 124, 131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 124, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121, 124, 131

Protanopia

124, 123, 130

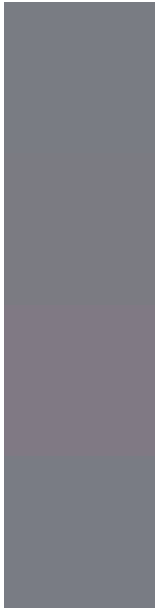
Deuteranopia

132, 120, 132



Tritanopia
121, 124, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

121, 124, 131

Protanomaly

123, 123, 130

Deuteranomaly

128, 121, 132

Tritanomaly

121, 124, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

121, 124, 131

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

123, 124, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 124, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 124, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 124, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 124, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 124, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 124, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 124, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 124, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 124, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 124, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 124, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 124,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 124, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 124, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
124, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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