

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 157, 240)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 157, 240) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 157, 240)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	799DF0
RGB	121, 157, 240
RGB Percent	47%, 62%, 94%
CMY	0.5255, 0.3843, 0.0588
CMYK	0.50, 0.35, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	222°, 80%, 71%
HSV	222°, 50%, 94%
XYZ	35.6703, 34.4702, 87.2115
YIQ	155.6980, -48.0990, 18.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

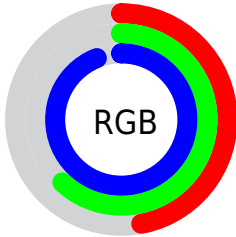
Format	Color
R _Y B	121, 149, 240
Decimal	7970288
CIE _{Lab}	65.33, 10.08, -45.51
CIE _{LCh}	65, 46.610, 282.487
Y _{xy}	34.4702, 0.2267, 0.2191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286160368 (0xFF799DF0)
Y _{UV}	155.6980, 41.5609, -30.4301
Hunter-Lab	58.7113, 5.7037, -46.9732

Details

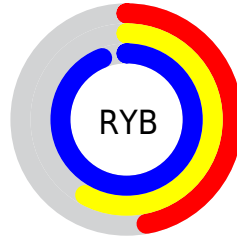
The RGB color **121, 157, 240** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **240, 204, 121**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 211, 255**, and **61, 106, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 140, 240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 174, 240**.

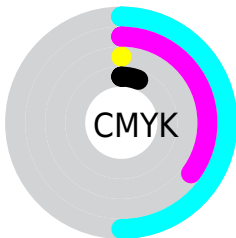
Distribution



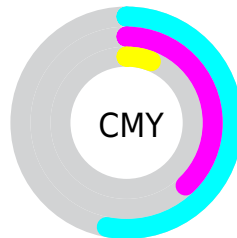
- Red (47%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 157, 240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 157, 240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 121, 157, 240


255, 255, 255


 179, 211, 255

 208, 240, 255

 238, 255, 255

 121, 157, 240


 92, 131, 211

 61, 106, 184

 23, 82, 156

 0, 60, 130


 0, 39, 104


 0, 19, 80


 0, 5, 56

 0, 2, 34


 0, 0, 7

 121, 157, 240


 121, 157, 240

 97, 140, 240

 145, 174, 240

 73, 124, 240

 169, 190, 240


 49, 107, 240

 193, 207, 240

 25, 90, 240

 217, 224, 240

 1, 73, 240

 241, 241, 240

 0, 73, 240

 255, 255, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 170, 238



121, 157, 240



185, 141, 220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 157, 240



230, 133, 104



57, 178, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 157, 240



240, 204, 121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 172, 95



121, 157, 240



204, 148, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 157, 240



238, 124, 143



167, 162, 74



0, 180, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 157, 240



213, 131, 198



167, 162, 74



82, 177, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 157, 240



217, 228, 255



121, 240, 202



105, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 157, 240



102, 148, 255



143, 121, 240



108, 111, 120



0, 56, 184



0, 17, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 121, 157



255, 102, 148



218, 240, 121



120, 108, 111



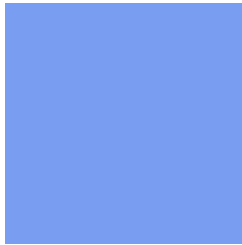
184, 0, 56



56, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 157, 240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

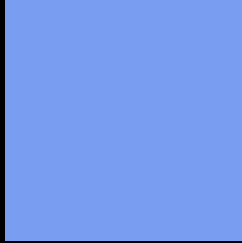
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 157, 240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

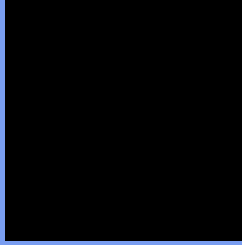
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

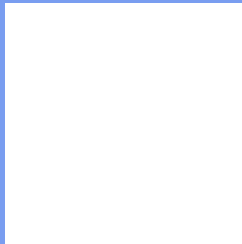
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 157, 240 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 157, 240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 157, 240.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
121, 157, 240

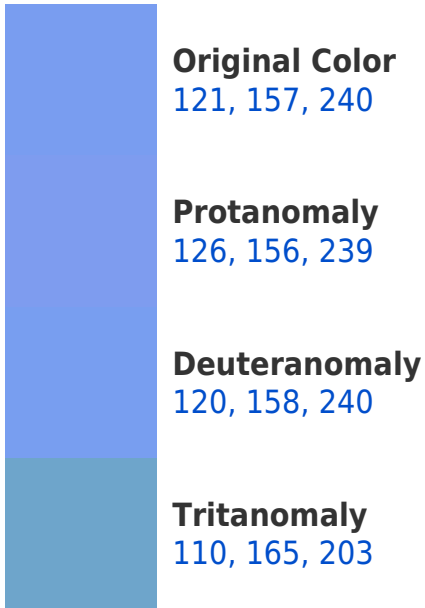
Protanopia
129, 155, 239

Deuteranopia
119, 158, 240

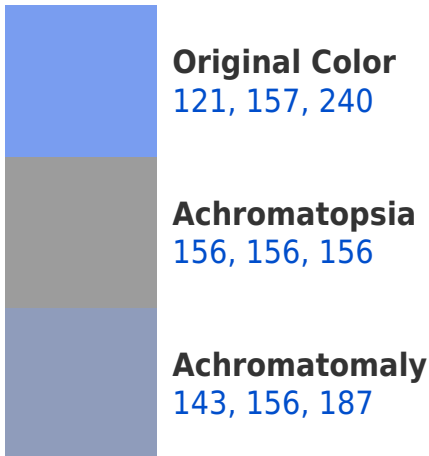


Tritanopia
103, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 157, 240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 157, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 157, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 157, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 157, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 157, 240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 157, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 157, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 157, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 157, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 157, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 157,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 157, 240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 157, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
157, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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