

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 213, 35)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 213, 35) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 213, 35)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79D523
RGB	121, 213, 35
RGB Percent	47%, 84%, 14%
CMY	0.5255, 0.1647, 0.8627
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.84, 0.16
HSL	91°, 72%, 49%
HSV	91°, 84%, 84%
XYZ	31.9828, 51.7748, 9.8980
YIQ	165.2000, 2.3060, -74.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

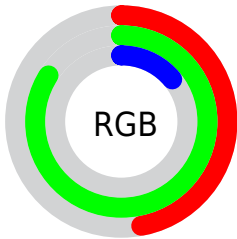
Format	Color
RYB	35, 213, 127
Decimal	7984419
CIELab	77.15, -53.72, 70.67
CIELCh	77, 88.768, 127.240
Yxy	51.7748, 0.3415, 0.5528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286174499 (0xFF79D523)
YUV	165.2000, -64.1886, -38.7634
Hunter-Lab	71.9547, -46.5802, 42.2125

Details

The RGB color **121, 213, 35** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **127, 35, 213**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 255, 98**, and **59, 157, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110, 213, 14**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 213, 56**.

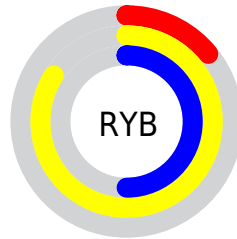
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (84%)

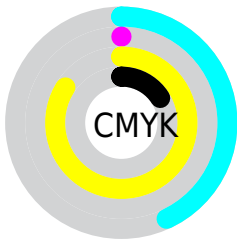
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (50%)

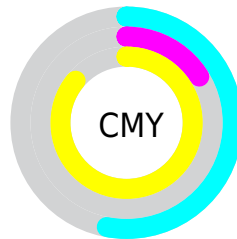


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 213, 35 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 213, 35 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



121, 213, 35



121, 213, 35

255, 255, 255



91, 185, 0



180, 255, 98



59, 157, 0



210, 255, 127



16, 131, 0



240, 255, 155



0, 105, 0



255, 255, 184



0, 80, 0



255, 255, 213



0, 56, 0



255, 255, 243



0, 33, 0



0, 0, 0



121, 213, 35



121, 213, 35

■ 110, 213, 14

■ 132, 213, 56

■ 103, 213, 0

■ 143, 213, 78

■ 154, 213, 99

■ 165, 213, 120

■ 176, 213, 142

■ 187, 213, 163

■ 198, 213, 184

■ 209, 213, 205

■ 220, 213, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 193, 0



121, 213, 35



0, 224, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 213, 35



0, 216, 255



255, 99, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 213, 35



127, 35, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 118, 255



121, 213, 35



0, 194, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 213, 35



0, 226, 255



216, 159, 255



255, 124, 95

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 213, 35



0, 227, 180



216, 159, 255



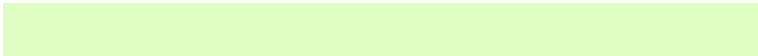
255, 101, 202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 213, 35



222, 255, 191



213, 127, 35



108, 128, 89



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 213, 35



123, 255, 0



35, 213, 38



102, 107, 96



83, 171, 0



21, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 35, 213



132, 0, 255



213, 35, 210



102, 96, 107



88, 0, 171



22, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 213, 35 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

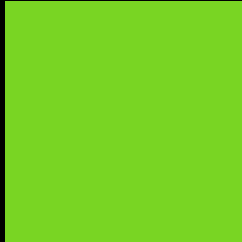
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 213, 35 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 213, 35 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 213, 35.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 213, 35.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

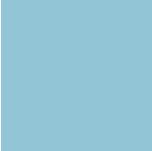
Dichromacy



Original Color
121, 213, 35

Protanopia
213, 190, 28

Deuteranopia
238, 180, 54



Tritanopia

146, 198, 214

Trichromacy



Original Color
121, 213, 35

Protanomaly
180, 198, 31

Deuteranomaly
195, 192, 47

Tritanomaly
137, 203, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
121, 213, 35

Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165

Achromatomaly
149, 182, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 213, 35 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 213, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 213, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 213, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 213, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 213, 35 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 213, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 213, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 213, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 213, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 213, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 213,  
35) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 213, 35 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 213, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
213, 35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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