

Converting Colors

RGB(121, 70, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(121, 70, 102) contains.

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Color

RGB(121, 70, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	794666
RGB	121, 70, 102
RGB Percent	47%, 27%, 40%
CMY	0.5255, 0.7255, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.16, 0.53
HSL	322°, 27%, 37%
HSV	322°, 42%, 47%
XYZ	12.4736, 9.4046, 13.7282
YIQ	88.8970, 20.1240, 20.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

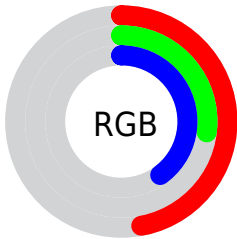
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 70, 102
Decimal	7947878
CIE _{Lab}	36.75, 26.71, -9.34
CIE _{LCh}	37, 28.296, 340.734
Yxy	9.4046, 0.3503, 0.2641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286137958 (0xFF794666)
YUV	88.8970, 6.4598, 28.1543
Hunter-Lab	30.6669, 18.9369, -5.0747

Details

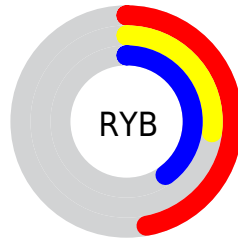
The RGB color **121, 70, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **70, 121, 89**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 120, 153**, and **71, 24, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121, 58, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 82, 107**.

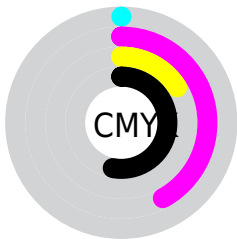
Distribution



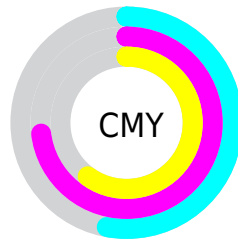
- Red (47%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 121, 70, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 121, 70, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



121, 70, 102



121, 70, 102

255, 255, 255



95, 47, 78



174, 120, 153



71, 24, 55



202, 146, 180



47, 1, 34



231, 172, 207



23, 0, 10



255, 200, 236



0, 0, 0



255, 228, 255



121, 70, 102



121, 70, 102



121, 58, 97



121, 82, 107



121, 46, 93



121, 94, 111

121, 34, 88

121, 106, 116

121, 22, 84

121, 118, 120

121, 9, 79

121, 131, 125

121, 0, 76

121, 143, 129

121, 155, 134

121, 167, 138

121, 179, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 77, 121



121, 70, 102



130, 68, 79

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 70, 102



93, 88, 40



0, 97, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 70, 102



70, 121, 89

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 98, 94



121, 70, 102



68, 94, 51

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 70, 102



113, 80, 43



36, 97, 71



1, 93, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 70, 102



129, 70, 64



36, 97, 71



0, 98, 109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 70, 102



158, 138, 150



89, 70, 121



79, 66, 74



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 70, 102



158, 77, 128



121, 70, 77



61, 55, 59



125, 0, 78



252, 0, 158

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 70, 102



158, 77, 128



70, 121, 114



61, 55, 59



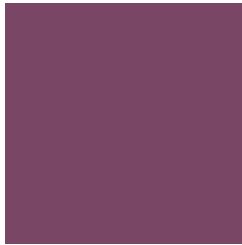
125, 0, 78



252, 0, 158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 121, 70, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

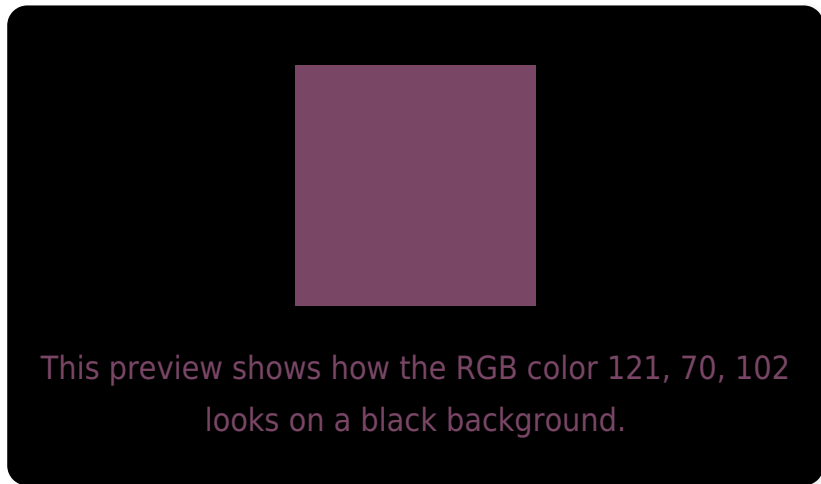
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

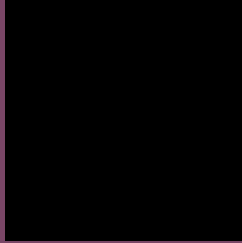
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 121, 70, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 70, 102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 121, 70, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121, 70, 102

Protanopia

80, 86, 113

Deuteranopia

89, 85, 99



Tritanopia
119, 74, 80

Trichromacy



Original Color
121, 70, 102

Protanomaly
95, 80, 109

Deuteranomaly
101, 80, 100

Tritanomaly
120, 73, 88

Monochromacy



Original Color
121, 70, 102

Achromatopsia
89, 89, 89

Achromatomaly
101, 82, 94

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 121, 70, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 70, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 70, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 70, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 70, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 121, 70, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 70, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 70, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 70, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 70, 102); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 70, 102); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 70, 102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 121, 70, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 70, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 70,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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