

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 100, 10)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 100, 10) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 100, 10)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A640A
RGB	122, 100, 10
RGB Percent	48%, 39%, 4%
CMY	0.5216, 0.6078, 0.9608
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.92, 0.52
HSL	48°, 85%, 26%
HSV	48°, 92%, 48%
XYZ	12.6380, 13.2738, 2.1832
YIQ	96.3180, 42.0020, -23.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

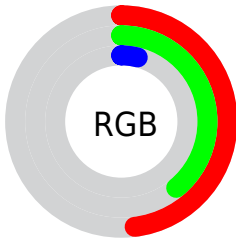
Format	Color
R_{YB}	37, 122, 10
Decimal	8021002
CIE Lab	43.17, 0.15, 47.69
CIE LCh	43, 47.688, 89.825
Yxy	13.2738, 0.4498, 0.4725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286211082 (0xFF7A640A)
YUV	96.3180, -42.5548, 22.5231
Hunter-Lab	36.4333, -1.8400, 21.9505

Details

The RGB color **122, 100, 10** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **10, 32, 122**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 150, 65**, and **69, 54, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 98, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 102, 22**.

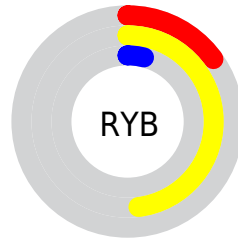
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (39%)

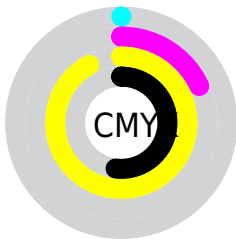
Blue (4%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (4%)

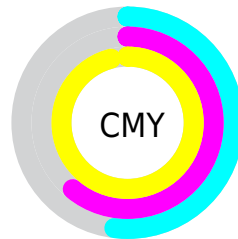


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 100, 10 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 100, 10 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



122, 100, 10



122, 100, 10

255, 255, 255



95, 76, 0



178, 150, 65



69, 54, 0



207, 177, 90



44, 33, 0



236, 204, 116



17, 11, 0



255, 233, 143



0, 0, 0



255, 255, 170



255, 255, 198



255, 255, 226



122, 100, 10



122, 100, 10

■ 122, 98, 0

■ 122, 102, 22

■ 122, 105, 34

■ 122, 107, 47

■ 122, 110, 59

■ 122, 112, 71

■ 122, 114, 83

■ 122, 117, 95

■ 122, 119, 108

■ 122, 122, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 85, 32



122, 100, 10



83, 111, 26

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 100, 10



0, 120, 140



149, 74, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 100, 10



10, 32, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101, 92, 171



122, 100, 10



0, 116, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 100, 10



0, 120, 101



0, 107, 181



171, 64, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 100, 10



47, 116, 48



0, 107, 181



136, 80, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 100, 10



158, 149, 114



122, 10, 32



79, 74, 52



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 100, 10



158, 127, 0



88, 122, 10



61, 60, 55



125, 100, 0



252, 203, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 32, 122



0, 31, 158



44, 10, 122



55, 56, 61



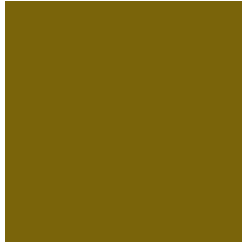
0, 25, 125



0, 50, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 100, 10 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 100, 10 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

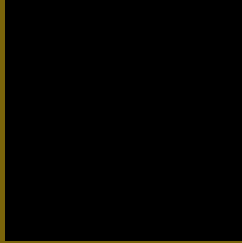
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 100, 10 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 100, 10.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 100, 10.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

122, 100, 10

Protanopia

115, 103, 11

Deuteranopia

129, 97, 13



Tritanopia
127, 93, 100

Trichromacy



Original Color
122, 100, 10

Protanomaly
118, 102, 11

Deuteranomaly
126, 98, 12

Tritanomaly
125, 96, 67

Monochromacy



Original Color
122, 100, 10

Achromatopsia
96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly
105, 97, 65

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 100, 10 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 100, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 100, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 100, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 100, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 100, 10 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 100, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 100, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 100, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 100, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 100, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 100,  
10) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 100, 10 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 100, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
100, 10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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