

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 102, 163)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 102, 163) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 102, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A66A3
RGB	122, 102, 163
RGB Percent	48%, 40%, 64%
CMY	0.5216, 0.6000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.25, 0.37, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	260°, 25%, 52%
HSV	260°, 37%, 64%
XYZ	19.3883, 16.2847, 36.7717
YIQ	114.9340, -7.6610, 23.2110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

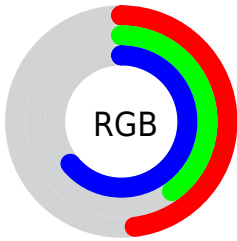
Format	Color
RYB	122, 102, 163
Decimal	8021667
CIELab	47.35, 21.29, -30.06
CIELCh	47, 36.836, 305.307
Yxy	16.2847, 0.2676, 0.2248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286211747 (0xFF7A66A3)
YUV	114.9340, 23.6965, 6.1969
Hunter-Lab	40.3543, 15.1407, -25.7784

Details

The RGB color **122, 102, 163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **143, 163, 102**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 153, 218**, and **71, 55, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 86, 163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 118, 163**.

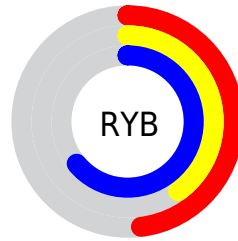
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (40%)

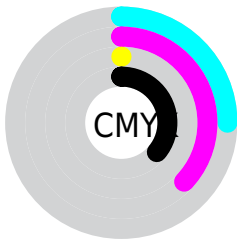
Blue (64%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (64%)

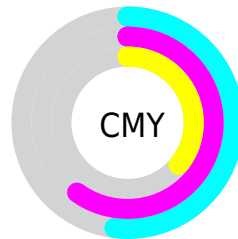


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 102, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 102, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 122, 102, 163

255, 255, 255

■ 176, 153, 218

■ 203, 180, 247

■ 232, 208, 255

■ 255, 236, 255

■ 122, 102, 163

■ 96, 78, 137

■ 71, 55, 111

■ 47, 33, 86

■ 23, 13, 63

■ 0, 0, 40

■ 0, 1, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 122, 102, 163

■ 111, 86, 163

■ 122, 102, 163

■ 133, 118, 163

■ 100, 69, 163

■ 144, 135, 163

■ 89, 53, 163

■ 155, 151, 163

■ 78, 37, 163

■ 166, 167, 163

■ 67, 21, 163

■ 177, 184, 163

■ 56, 4, 163

■ 188, 200, 163

■ 53, 0, 163

■ 199, 216, 163

■ 210, 232, 163

■ 221, 249, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69, 114, 174



122, 102, 163



155, 91, 139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 102, 163



151, 101, 56



0, 128, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 102, 163



143, 163, 102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50, 126, 85



122, 102, 163



125, 112, 48

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 102, 163



168, 91, 78



93, 121, 60



0, 127, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 102, 163



167, 87, 118



93, 121, 60



0, 128, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 102, 163



196, 188, 212



102, 144, 163



98, 93, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 102, 163



148, 116, 212



152, 102, 163



76, 73, 82



48, 0, 145



6, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 102, 143



212, 116, 180



113, 163, 102



82, 73, 79



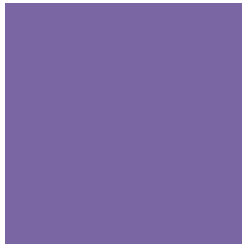
145, 0, 98



18, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 102, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

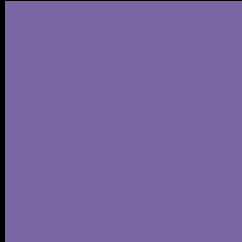
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 102, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

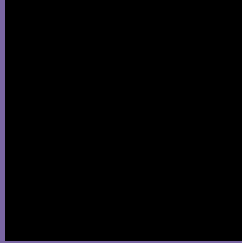
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 102, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 102, 163.

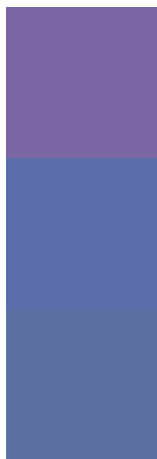


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 102, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

122, 102, 163

Protanopia

92, 110, 170

Deuteranopia

94, 111, 161



Tritanopia
114, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 102, 163

Protanomaly

103, 107, 167

Deuteranomaly

104, 108, 162

Tritanomaly

117, 108, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 102, 163

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

118, 110, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 102, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 102, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 102, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 102, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 102, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 102, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 102, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 102, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 102, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 102, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 102, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 102,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 102, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 102, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
102, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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