

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 112, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 112, 106) contains.

RGB(122, 112, 106)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(122, 112, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A706A
RGB	122, 112, 106
RGB Percent	48%, 44%, 42%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5608, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.13, 0.52
HSL	22°, 7%, 45%
HSV	22°, 13%, 48%
XYZ	16.4217, 16.7665, 16.0064
YIQ	114.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

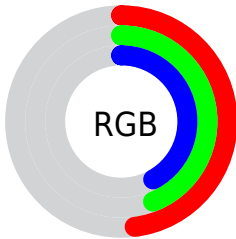
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 116, 106
Decimal	8024170
CIE _{Lab}	47.96, 2.77, 4.73
CIE _{LCh}	48, 5.482, 59.619
Yxy	16.7665, 0.3338, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286214250 (0xFF7A706A)
YUV	114.3060, -4.0949, 6.7476
Hunter-Lab	40.9469, -0.0699, 5.4860

Details

The RGB color **122, 112, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 116, 122**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 164, 157**, and **73, 64, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 104, 94**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 120, 118**.

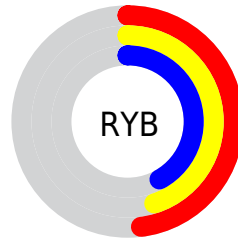
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (44%)

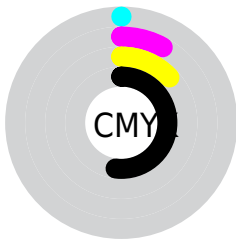
Blue (42%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (42%)

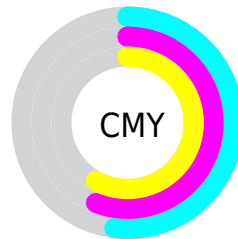


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 112, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 112, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 122, 112, 106

255, 255, 255

■ 174, 164, 157

■ 202, 191, 184

■ 230, 219, 212

■ 255, 247, 240

■ 122, 112, 106

■ 97, 88, 82

■ 73, 64, 59

■ 51, 42, 37

■ 30, 22, 16

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 122, 112, 106

■ 122, 104, 94

■ 122, 97, 82

■ 122, 89, 69

■ 122, 112, 106

■ 122, 120, 118

■ 122, 127, 130

■ 122, 135, 143

■ 122, 81, 57

■ 122, 143, 155

■ 122, 74, 45

■ 122, 150, 167

■ 122, 66, 33

■ 122, 158, 179

■ 122, 59, 21

■ 122, 165, 191

■ 122, 51, 8

■ 122, 173, 204

■ 122, 46, 0

■ 122, 181, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 111, 109



122, 112, 106



118, 113, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 112, 106



104, 117, 114



115, 113, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 112, 106



106, 116, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109, 114, 123



122, 112, 106



103, 116, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 112, 106



107, 116, 109



105, 116, 122



120, 111, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 112, 106



114, 114, 105



105, 116, 122



113, 113, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 112, 106



158, 154, 152



122, 106, 116



79, 77, 75



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

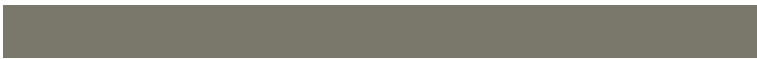
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 112, 106



158, 142, 133



122, 120, 106



61, 57, 55



125, 47, 0



252, 95, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 116, 122



133, 149, 158



106, 108, 122



55, 59, 61



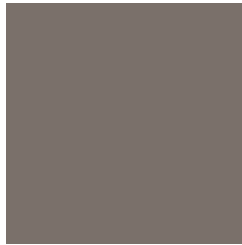
0, 78, 125



0, 158, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 112, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 112, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

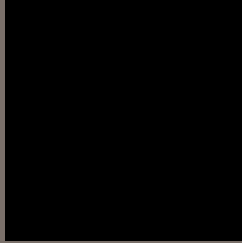
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 112, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 112, 106.

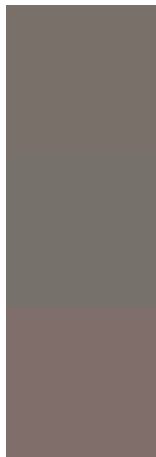


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 112, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

122, 112, 106

Protanopia

118, 113, 107

Deuteranopia

128, 110, 106



Tritanopia
124, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 112, 106

Protanomaly

119, 113, 107

Deuteranomaly

126, 111, 106

Tritanomaly

123, 111, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 112, 106

Achromatopsia

114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly

117, 113, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 112, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(122, 112, 106) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 112, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 112, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 112, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 112, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 112, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 112, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 112, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 112, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 112, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 112,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 112, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 112, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
112, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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