

# Converting Colors

RGB(122, 116, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(122, 116, 119) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(122, 116, 119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7A7477
RGB	122, 116, 119
RGB Percent	48%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5451, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.02, 0.52
HSL	330°, 3%, 47%
HSV	330°, 5%, 48%
XYZ	17.6012, 17.9603, 19.9918
YIQ	118.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

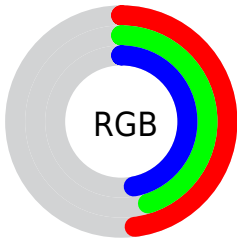
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 116, 119
Decimal	8025207
CIE Lab	49.45, 2.89, -0.83
CIE LCh	49, 3.010, 343.942
Yxy	17.9603, 0.3168, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286215287 (0xFF7A7477)
YUV	118.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887
Hunter-Lab	42.3796, -0.0291, 1.6967

# Details

The RGB color **122, 116, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **116, 122, 119**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 168, 171**, and **73, 68, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 104, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 128, 125**.

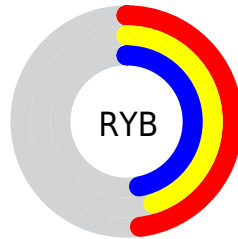
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (45%)

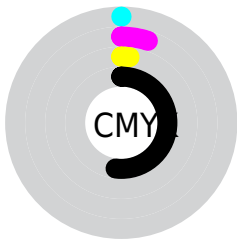
Blue (47%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

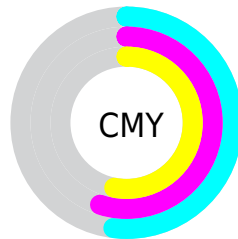


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 116, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 116, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 122, 116, 119

255, 255, 255

■ 174, 168, 171

■ 202, 195, 198

■ 230, 223, 226

■ 255, 252, 255

■ 122, 116, 119

■ 97, 91, 94

■ 73, 68, 71

■ 51, 46, 48

■ 30, 25, 28

■ 1, 0, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 122, 116, 119

■ 122, 104, 113

■ 122, 92, 107

■ 122, 116, 119

■ 122, 128, 125

■ 122, 140, 131

■ 122, 79, 101

■ 122, 153, 137

■ 122, 67, 95

■ 122, 165, 143

■ 122, 55, 89

■ 122, 177, 149

■ 122, 43, 82

■ 122, 189, 156

■ 122, 31, 76

■ 122, 201, 162

■ 122, 18, 70

■ 122, 214, 168

■ 122, 6, 64

■ 122, 226, 174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 117, 121



122, 116, 119



123, 116, 116

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 116, 119



118, 118, 113



112, 119, 121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 116, 119



116, 122, 119

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112, 119, 119



122, 116, 119



115, 118, 114

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 116, 119



121, 117, 113



113, 119, 116



114, 118, 122

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 116, 119



123, 116, 115



113, 119, 116



112, 119, 120



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 116, 119



158, 157, 157



119, 116, 122



79, 78, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 116, 119



158, 149, 153



122, 116, 116



61, 57, 59



125, 0, 62



252, 0, 126



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 116, 119



158, 149, 153



116, 122, 122



61, 57, 59



125, 0, 62



252, 0, 126



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 116, 119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

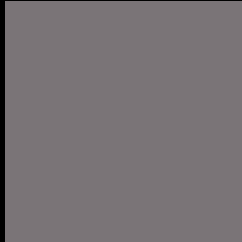
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 116, 119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

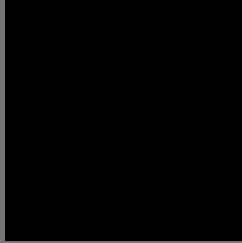
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 122, 116, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 116, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 116, 119.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[122](#), [116](#), [119](#)

**Protanopia**  
[119](#), [117](#), [120](#)

**Deuteranopia**  
[128](#), [114](#), [119](#)



**Tritanopia**  
123, 115, 124

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

122, 116, 119

## Protanomaly

120, 117, 120

## Deuteranomaly

126, 115, 119

## Tritanomaly

123, 115, 122

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

122, 116, 119

## Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118

## Achromatomaly

119, 117, 118

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 116, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(122, 116, 119) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 116, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 116, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 116, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 116, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 116, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 116, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 116, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 119); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 119); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 116, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 116, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
116, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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