

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 129, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 129, 106) contains.

RGB(122, 129, 106)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(122, 129, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A816A
RGB	122, 129, 106
RGB Percent	48%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.5216, 0.4941, 0.5843
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.18, 0.49
HSL	78°, 10%, 46%
HSV	78°, 18%, 51%
XYZ	18.4778, 20.8787, 16.6918
YIQ	124.2850, 3.2110, -8.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

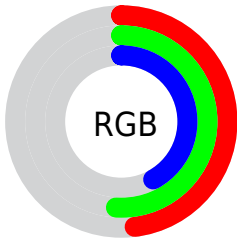
Format	Color
RYB	106, 129, 113
Decimal	8028522
CIELab	52.82, -6.97, 11.61
CIElCh	53, 13.542, 120.988
Yxy	20.8787, 0.3297, 0.3725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286218602 (0xFF7A816A)
YUV	124.2850, -9.0145, -2.0039
Hunter-Lab	45.6932, -7.7798, 10.3266

Details

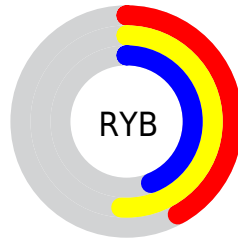
The RGB color **122, 129, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 106, 129**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 182, 157**, and **73, 80, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 129, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 129, 119**.

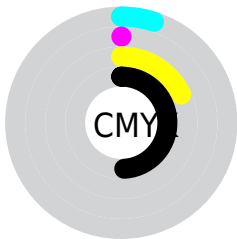
Distribution



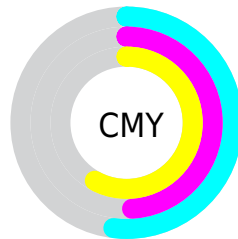
- Red (48%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 129, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 129, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 122, 129, 106

255, 255, 255

■ 175, 182, 157

■ 202, 209, 184

■ 230, 238, 212

■ 255, 255, 240

■ 122, 129, 106

■ 118, 129, 93

■ 114, 129, 80

■ 122, 129, 106

■ 97, 104, 82

■ 73, 80, 59

■ 50, 57, 37

■ 29, 35, 16

■ 0, 15, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 122, 129, 106

■ 126, 129, 119

■ 130, 129, 132

■ 110, 129, 67

■ 134, 129, 145

■ 106, 129, 54

■ 138, 129, 158

■ 102, 129, 42

■ 142, 129, 171

■ 98, 129, 29

■ 146, 129, 183

■ 95, 129, 16

■ 149, 129, 196

■ 91, 129, 3

■ 153, 129, 209

■ 90, 129, 0

■ 157, 129, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135, 125, 103



122, 129, 106



109, 132, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 129, 106



101, 130, 146



149, 118, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 129, 106



113, 106, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 120, 138



122, 129, 106



114, 127, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 129, 106



95, 132, 138



129, 123, 146



150, 119, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 129, 106



102, 133, 122



129, 123, 146



147, 118, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 129, 106



166, 168, 160



129, 113, 106



83, 84, 79



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 129, 106



158, 168, 133



111, 129, 106



62, 64, 57



89, 128, 0



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 106, 129



144, 133, 168



124, 106, 129



59, 57, 64



39, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 129, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

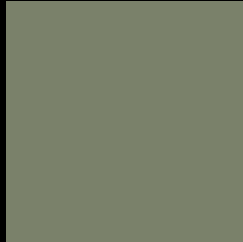
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 129, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

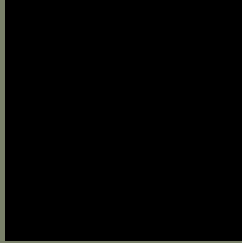
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 129, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 129, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 129, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

122, 129, 106

Protanopia

133, 126, 104

Deuteranopia

145, 121, 108



Tritanopia
126, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 129, 106

Protanomaly

129, 127, 105

Deuteranomaly

137, 124, 107

Tritanomaly

125, 126, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 129, 106

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

123, 126, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 129, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 129, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 129, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 129, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 129, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 129, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 129, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 129, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 129, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 129, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 129, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 129,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 129, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 129, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
129, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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