

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 130, 133)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 130, 133) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 130, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A8285
RGB	122, 130, 133
RGB Percent	48%, 51%, 52%
CMY	0.5216, 0.4902, 0.4784
CMYK	0.08, 0.02, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	196°, 4%, 50%
HSV	196°, 8%, 52%
XYZ	20.2423, 21.7963, 25.3305
YIQ	127.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

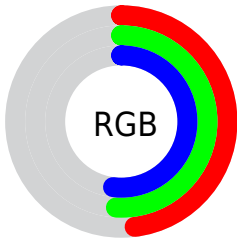
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 127, 133
Decimal	8028805
CIE _{Lab}	53.81, -2.31, -2.64
CIE _{LCh}	54, 3.513, 228.790
Yxy	21.7963, 0.3005, 0.3235
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286218885 (0xFF7A8285)
YUV	127.9500, 2.4896, -5.2182
Hunter-Lab	46.6865, -4.3074, 0.5118

Details

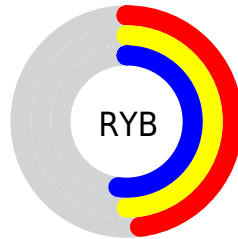
The RGB color **122, 130, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 125, 122**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 183, 186**, and **73, 81, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 126, 133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 134, 133**.

Distribution



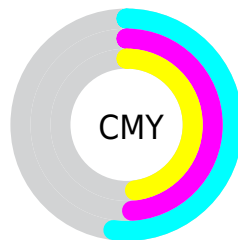
- Red (48%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 130, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 130, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 122, 130, 133

255, 255, 255

■ 174, 183, 186

■ 202, 210, 214

■ 230, 239, 242

■ 122, 130, 133

■ 97, 105, 108

■ 73, 81, 84

■ 51, 58, 60

■ 30, 36, 39

■ 5, 15, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 122, 130, 133

■ 109, 126, 133

■ 95, 123, 133

■ 122, 130, 133

■ 135, 134, 133

■ 149, 137, 133

82, 119, 133

162, 141, 133

69, 115, 133

175, 145, 133

55, 112, 133

189, 148, 133

42, 108, 133

202, 152, 133

29, 105, 133

215, 155, 133

16, 101, 133

228, 159, 133

2, 97, 133

242, 163, 133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 130, 130



122, 130, 133



124, 129, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 130, 133



134, 127, 130



129, 129, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 130, 133



133, 125, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 128, 123



122, 130, 133



135, 127, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 130, 133



132, 127, 133



135, 127, 124



126, 130, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 130, 133



127, 129, 134



135, 127, 124



130, 129, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 130, 133



170, 172, 173



122, 133, 125



85, 86, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 130, 133



156, 169, 173



122, 125, 133



60, 64, 66



0, 95, 130



0, 2, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 122, 130



173, 156, 169



133, 130, 122



66, 60, 64



130, 0, 95



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 130, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 130, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

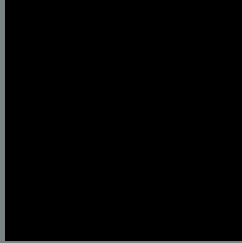
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

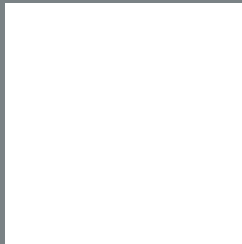
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 130, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 130, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 130, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[122](#), [130](#), [133](#)

Protanopia

[130](#), [128](#), [132](#)

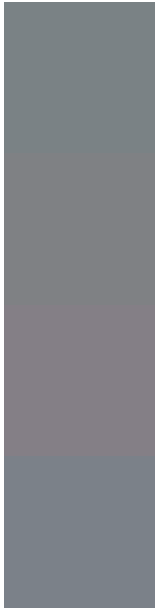
Deuteranopia

[138](#), [125](#), [134](#)



Tritanopia
123, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 130, 133

Protanomaly

127, 129, 132

Deuteranomaly

132, 127, 134

Tritanomaly

123, 129, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 130, 133

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

126, 129, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 130, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(122, 130, 133) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 130, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 130, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 130, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 130, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 130, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 130, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 130, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 130, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 130, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 130,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 130, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 130, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
130, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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