

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 236, 246)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 236, 246) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 236, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AECF6
RGB	122, 236, 246
RGB Percent	48%, 93%, 96%
CMY	0.5216, 0.0745, 0.0353
CMYK	0.50, 0.04, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	185°, 87%, 72%
HSV	185°, 50%, 96%
XYZ	54.6560, 70.7823, 97.9705
YIQ	203.0540, -71.1540, -21.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

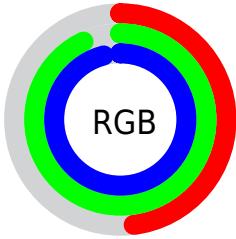
Format	Color
RYB	122, 181, 246
Decimal	8056054
CIELab	87.38, -29.81, -14.84
CIELCh	87, 33.304, 206.465
Yxy	70.7823, 0.2446, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286246134 (0xFF7AECF6)
YUV	203.0540, 21.1724, -71.0844
Hunter-Lab	84.1322, -31.2698, -10.1496

Details

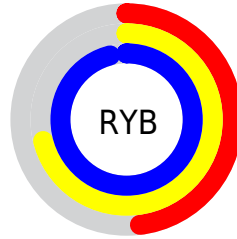
The RGB color **122, 236, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **246, 132, 122**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182, 255, 255**, and **57, 180, 190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 234, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 238, 246**.

Distribution



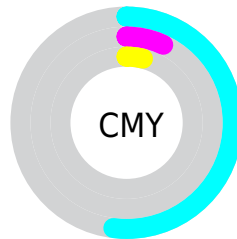
- Red (48%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 236, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 236, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 122, 236, 246

255, 255, 255


 182, 255, 255

 212, 255, 255

 242, 255, 255

 122, 236, 246

 91, 208, 218

 57, 180, 190


 0, 153, 163

 0, 127, 136

 0, 101, 111

 0, 77, 87

 0, 53, 63

 0, 34, 41

 0, 1, 21

122, 236, 246

122, 236, 246

97, 234, 246

147, 238, 246

73, 232, 246

171, 240, 246

48, 230, 246

196, 242, 246

24, 228, 246

220, 244, 246

0, 226, 246

245, 246, 246

255, 248, 246

255, 250, 246

255, 252, 246

255, 254, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 236, 214



122, 236, 246



134, 231, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 236, 246



255, 202, 254



245, 216, 156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 236, 246



246, 132, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 205, 167



122, 236, 246



255, 196, 224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 236, 246



219, 212, 255



255, 197, 192



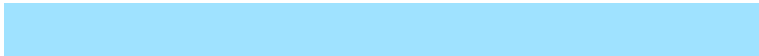
212, 226, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 236, 246



159, 226, 255



255, 197, 192



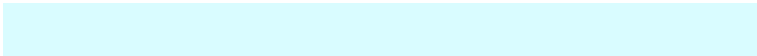
255, 212, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 236, 246



217, 252, 255



122, 246, 130



105, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 236, 246



102, 243, 255



122, 176, 246



110, 121, 122



0, 171, 186



0, 54, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 122, 236



255, 102, 243



246, 192, 122



122, 110, 121



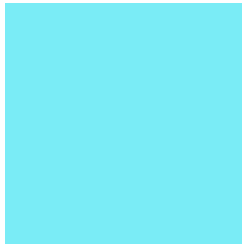
186, 0, 171



59, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 236, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

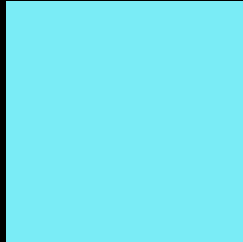
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 236, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 236, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 236, 246.

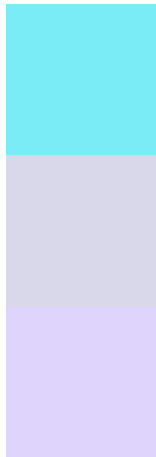


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 236, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
122, 236, 246

Protanopia
217, 216, 234

Deuteranopia
223, 212, 251



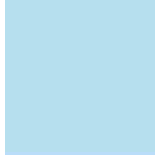
Tritanopia
125, 235, 254

Trichromacy



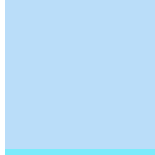
Original Color

122, 236, 246



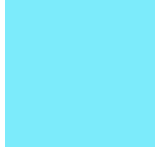
Protanomaly

182, 223, 238



Deuteranomaly

186, 221, 249



Tritanomaly

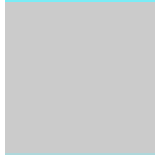
124, 235, 251

Monochromacy



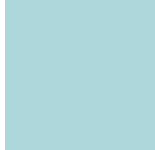
Original Color

122, 236, 246



Achromatopsia

203, 203, 203



Achromatomaly

174, 215, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 236, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 236, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 236, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 236, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 236, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 236, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 236, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 236, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 236, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 236, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 236, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 236,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 236, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 236, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
236, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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