

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 78, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 78, 177) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 78, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A4EB1
RGB	122, 78, 177
RGB Percent	48%, 31%, 69%
CMY	0.5216, 0.6941, 0.3059
CMYK	0.31, 0.56, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	267°, 39%, 50%
HSV	267°, 56%, 69%
XYZ	18.6862, 12.7607, 43.0732
YIQ	102.4420, -5.5550, 40.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

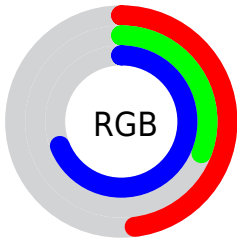
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 78, 177
Decimal	8015537
CIE _{Lab}	42.40, 39.01, -46.13
CIE _{LCh}	42, 60.411, 310.221
Yxy	12.7607, 0.2508, 0.1712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286205617 (0xFF7A4EB1)
YUV	102.4420, 36.7571, 17.1524
Hunter-Lab	35.7221, 30.8598, -46.4855

Details

The RGB color **122, 78, 177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **133, 177, 78**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 129, 233**, and **69, 30, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 60, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 96, 177**.

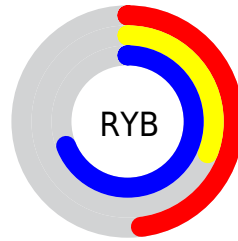
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (31%)

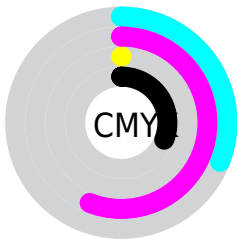
Blue (69%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (69%)

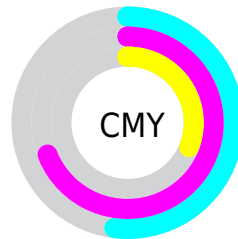


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 78, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 78, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



122, 78, 177



122, 78, 177

255, 255, 255



95, 54, 150



177, 129, 233



69, 30, 124



206, 155, 255



42, 5, 98



235, 182, 255



15, 0, 74



255, 210, 255



0, 0, 50



255, 239, 255



0, 2, 28



0, 0, 0



122, 78, 177



122, 78, 177



112, 60, 177



132, 96, 177

■ 102, 43, 177

■ 142, 113, 177

■ 93, 25, 177

■ 152, 131, 177

■ 83, 7, 177

■ 161, 149, 177

■ 79, 0, 177

■ 171, 167, 177

■ 181, 184, 177

■ 191, 202, 177

■ 201, 220, 177

■ 210, 237, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 101, 199



122, 78, 177



171, 51, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 78, 177



148, 85, 0



0, 122, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 78, 177



133, 177, 78

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 120, 64



122, 78, 177



106, 103, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 78, 177



177, 61, 37



48, 114, 5



0, 121, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 78, 177



185, 40, 102



48, 114, 5



0, 122, 99

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 78, 177



208, 190, 230



78, 134, 177



102, 92, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 78, 177



144, 76, 230



170, 78, 177



84, 80, 89



68, 0, 153



11, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 78, 133



230, 76, 161



85, 177, 78



89, 80, 85



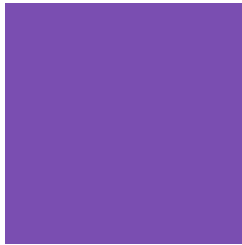
153, 0, 85



26, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 78, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

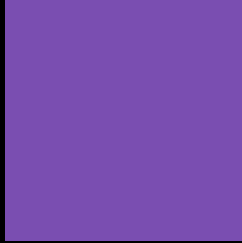
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 78, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

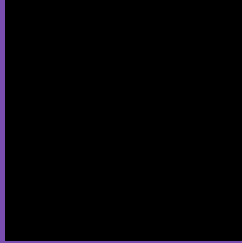
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 78, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 78, 177.

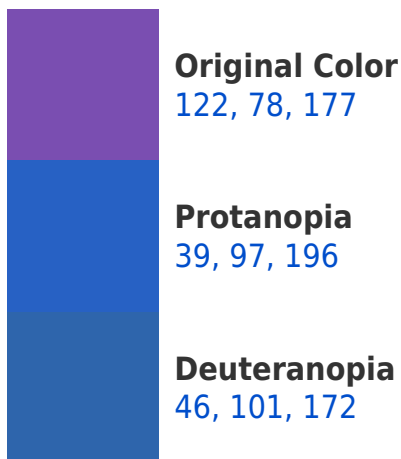


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 78, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
108, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 78, 177

Protanomaly

69, 90, 189

Deuteranomaly

74, 93, 174

Tritanomaly

113, 90, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 78, 177

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

109, 93, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 78, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 78, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 78, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 78, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 78, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 78, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 78, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 78, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 78, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 78, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 78, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 78,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 78, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 78, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 78,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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