

Converting Colors

RGB(122, 97, 140)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(122, 97, 140) contains.

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Color

RGB(122, 97, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A618C
RGB	122, 97, 140
RGB Percent	48%, 38%, 55%
CMY	0.5216, 0.6196, 0.4510
CMYK	0.13, 0.31, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	275°, 18%, 46%
HSV	275°, 31%, 55%
XYZ	17.0344, 14.5804, 26.7274
YIQ	109.3770, 1.0970, 18.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

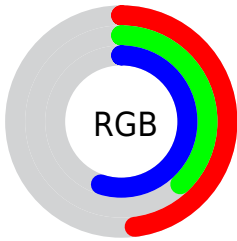
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 97, 140
Decimal	8020364
CIE _{Lab}	45.05, 18.74, -19.96
CIE _{LCh}	45, 27.378, 313.191
Yxy	14.5804, 0.2920, 0.2499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286210444 (0xFF7A618C)
YUV	109.3770, 15.0971, 11.0704
Hunter-Lab	38.1843, 12.8079, -14.7715

Details

The RGB color **122, 97, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **115, 140, 97**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 148, 194**, and **73, 50, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 83, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 111, 140**.

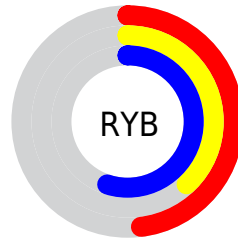
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (38%)

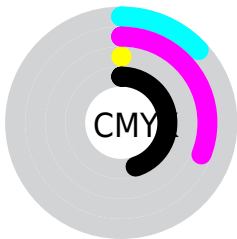
Blue (55%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (55%)

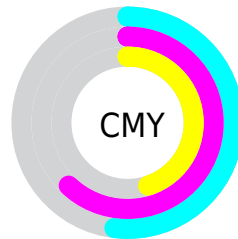


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 122, 97, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 122, 97, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



122, 97, 140



122, 97, 140

255, 255, 255



97, 73, 114



175, 148, 194



73, 50, 90



203, 175, 222



49, 29, 66



231, 202, 250



28, 6, 44



255, 230, 255



0, 1, 23



0, 0, 0



122, 97, 140



122, 97, 140



116, 83, 140



128, 111, 140



110, 69, 140



134, 125, 140

104, 55, 140

140, 139, 140

99, 41, 140

145, 153, 140

93, 27, 140

151, 167, 140

87, 13, 140

157, 181, 140

81, 0, 140

163, 195, 140

169, 209, 140

175, 223, 140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 105, 151



122, 97, 140



143, 90, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 97, 140



133, 101, 63



21, 119, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 97, 140



115, 140, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57, 118, 93



122, 97, 140



112, 108, 61

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 97, 140



147, 93, 76



86, 114, 73



3, 117, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 97, 140



150, 89, 105



86, 114, 73



35, 119, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 97, 140



174, 165, 181



97, 116, 140



88, 82, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 97, 140



153, 114, 181



140, 97, 137



66, 62, 69



77, 0, 133



3, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 97, 115



181, 114, 142



97, 140, 100



69, 62, 65



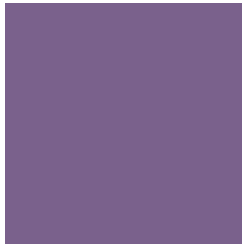
133, 0, 56



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 97, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 122, 97, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

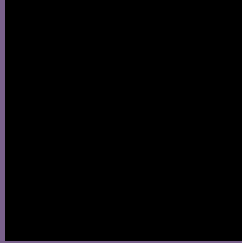
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 122, 97, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 97, 140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 122, 97, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
122, 97, 140

Protanopia
95, 105, 146

Deuteranopia
100, 105, 138



Tritanopia
117, 103, 111

Trichromacy



Original Color
122, 97, 140

Protanomaly
105, 102, 144

Deuteranomaly
108, 102, 139

Tritanomaly
119, 101, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color
122, 97, 140

Achromatopsia
109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly
114, 105, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 122, 97, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 97, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 97, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 97, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 97, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 122, 97, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 97, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 97, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 97, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 97, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 97, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 97,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 122, 97, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 97, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 97,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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