

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 104, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 104, 219) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 104, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B68DB
RGB	123, 104, 219
RGB Percent	48%, 41%, 86%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5922, 0.1412
CMYK	0.44, 0.53, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	250°, 61%, 63%
HSV	250°, 53%, 86%
XYZ	25.9049, 19.2261, 69.3635
YIQ	122.7910, -25.5910, 39.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

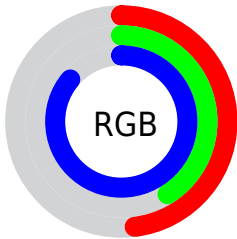
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 104, 219
Decimal	8087771
CIE _{Lab}	50.95, 35.60, -56.66
CIE _{LCh}	51, 66.912, 302.142
Yxy	19.2261, 0.2263, 0.1679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286277851 (0xFF7B68DB)
YUV	122.7910, 47.4310, 0.1833
Hunter-Lab	43.8475, 28.7236, -63.0991

Details

The RGB color **123, 104, 219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **200, 219, 104**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 156, 255**, and **65, 56, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 82, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 126, 219**.

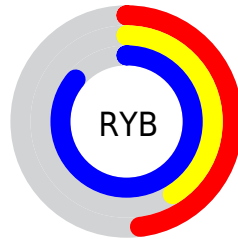
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (41%)

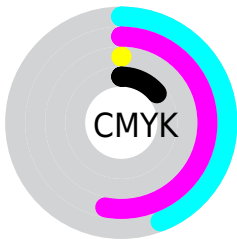
Blue (86%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (86%)

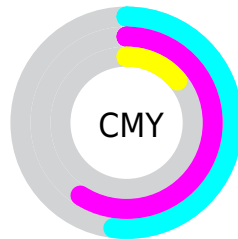


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (59%)

Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 104, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 104, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 123, 104, 219

255, 255, 255

 180, 156, 255

 209, 183, 255

 239, 210, 255


 255, 239, 255

 123, 104, 219

 95, 80, 191

 65, 56, 163

 32, 34, 136

 0, 13, 110


 0, 0, 85

 0, 6, 61


 0, 3, 38


 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0


 123, 104, 219

 123, 104, 219


 105, 82, 219


 141, 126, 219


 86, 60, 219


 160, 148, 219

 68, 38, 219

 178, 170, 219


 50, 16, 219

 196, 192, 219

 36, 0, 219

 214, 213, 219

 233, 235, 219

 251, 255, 219

 255, 255, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 127, 236



123, 104, 219



192, 74, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 104, 219



187, 97, 1



0, 147, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 104, 219



200, 219, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 64



123, 104, 219



143, 120, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 104, 219



216, 69, 64



84, 135, 0



0, 146, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 104, 219



214, 58, 139



84, 135, 0



0, 146, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 104, 219



221, 214, 255



104, 202, 219



107, 103, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 104, 219



121, 94, 255



179, 104, 219



100, 99, 110



29, 0, 173



8, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 104, 200



255, 94, 228



144, 219, 104



110, 99, 108



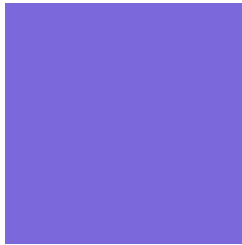
173, 0, 145



46, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 104, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

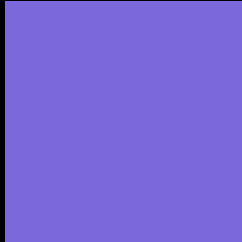
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 104, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

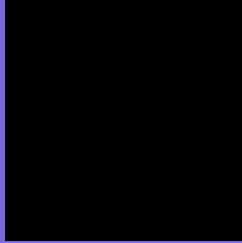
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 104, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 104, 219.

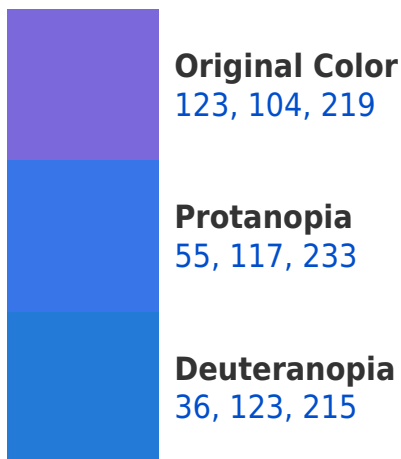


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 104, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
101, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color
123, 104, 219

Protanomaly
80, 112, 228

Deuteranomaly
68, 116, 216

Tritanomaly
109, 117, 166

Monochromacy



Original Color
123, 104, 219

Achromatopsia
123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly
123, 116, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 104, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 104, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 104, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 104, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 104, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 104, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 104, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 104, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 104, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 104, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 104, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 104, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 104, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 104, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
104, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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