

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 109, 85)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 109, 85) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 109, 85)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B6D55
RGB	123, 109, 85
RGB Percent	48%, 43%, 33%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5725, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.31, 0.52
HSL	38°, 18%, 41%
HSV	38°, 31%, 48%
XYZ	15.2767, 15.8041, 10.8397
YIQ	110.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

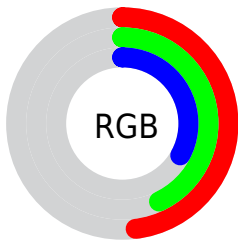
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 123, 85
Decimal	8088917
CIE _{Lab}	46.72, 1.52, 15.44
CIE _{LCh}	47, 15.513, 84.365
Yxy	15.8041, 0.3644, 0.3770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286278997 (0xFF7B6D55)
YUV	110.4500, -12.5468, 11.0064
Hunter-Lab	39.7544, -0.9767, 11.6617

Details

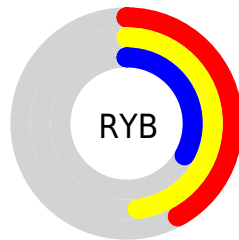
The RGB color **123, 109, 85** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **85, 99, 123**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 160, 135**, and **73, 62, 40** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **123, 104, 73**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 114, 97**.

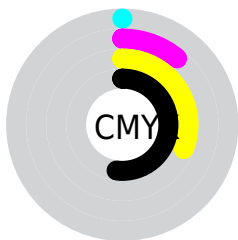
Distribution



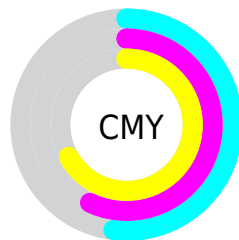
- Red (48%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 109, 85 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 109, 85 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



123, 109, 85



123, 109, 85

255, 255, 255



98, 85, 62



176, 160, 135



73, 62, 40



204, 187, 161



50, 40, 19



232, 215, 188



30, 19, 0



255, 243, 216



0, 0, 0



255, 255, 244



123, 109, 85



123, 109, 85



123, 104, 73



123, 114, 97



123, 100, 60



123, 118, 110

■ 123, 95, 48

■ 123, 123, 122

■ 123, 91, 36

■ 123, 127, 134

■ 123, 86, 23

■ 123, 132, 147

■ 123, 82, 11

■ 123, 136, 159

■ 123, 78, 0

■ 123, 141, 171

■ 123, 145, 183

■ 123, 150, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133, 105, 90



123, 109, 85



109, 113, 87

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 109, 85



75, 118, 121



125, 104, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 109, 85



85, 99, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 108, 134



123, 109, 85



78, 116, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 109, 85



81, 118, 108



92, 113, 136



135, 102, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 109, 85



99, 115, 92



92, 113, 136



121, 105, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 109, 85



161, 155, 146



123, 85, 100



82, 78, 73



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 109, 85



161, 139, 101



119, 123, 85



61, 59, 55



125, 79, 0



252, 159, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 99, 123



101, 123, 161



89, 85, 123



55, 57, 61



0, 46, 125



0, 93, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 109, 85 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

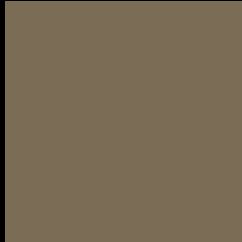
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 109, 85 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

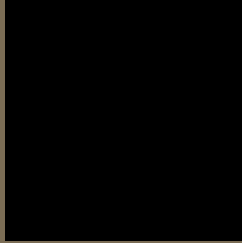
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 109, 85 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 109, 85.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 109, 85.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


123, 109, 85

Protanopia

118, 111, 86

Deuteranopia

130, 106, 86



Tritanopia
126, 105, 113

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 109, 85

Protanomaly

120, 110, 86

Deuteranomaly

127, 107, 86

Tritanomaly

125, 106, 103

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 109, 85

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

115, 110, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 109, 85 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 109, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 109, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 109, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 109, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 109, 85 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 109, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 109, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 109, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 109, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 109, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 109,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 109, 85 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 109, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
109, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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