

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 119, 113)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 119, 113) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 119, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B7771
RGB	123, 119, 113
RGB Percent	48%, 47%, 44%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5333, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.08, 0.52
HSL	36°, 4%, 46%
HSV	36°, 8%, 48%
XYZ	17.7458, 18.5969, 18.2770
YIQ	119.5120, 4.3100, -1.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

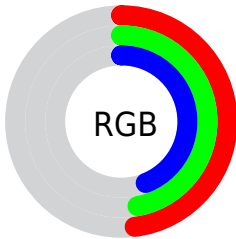
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 123, 113
Decimal	8091505
CIE Lab	50.21, 0.38, 3.83
CIE LCh	50, 3.851, 84.387
Yxy	18.5969, 0.3249, 0.3405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286281585 (0xFF7B7771)
YUV	119.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590
Hunter-Lab	43.1241, -2.0132, 5.0583

Details

The RGB color **123, 119, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 117, 123**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 171, 165**, and **74, 71, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **123, 114, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 124, 125**.

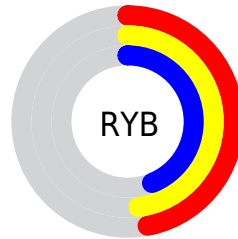
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (47%)

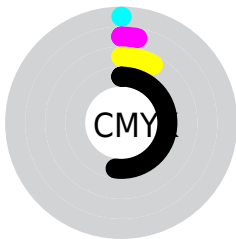
Blue (44%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (44%)

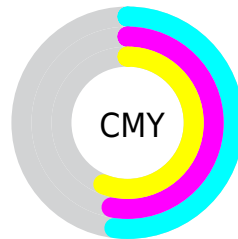


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 119, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 119, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123, 119, 113

255, 255, 255

■ 175, 171, 165

■ 203, 198, 192

■ 231, 226, 220

■ 255, 255, 248

■ 123, 119, 113

■ 123, 114, 101

■ 123, 109, 88

■ 123, 119, 113

■ 98, 94, 89

■ 74, 71, 65

■ 52, 48, 43

■ 31, 28, 23

■ 2, 0, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 123, 119, 113

■ 123, 124, 125

■ 123, 129, 138

■ 123, 104, 76

■ 123, 134, 150

■ 123, 99, 64

■ 123, 139, 162

■ 123, 94, 51

■ 123, 144, 174

■ 123, 89, 39

■ 123, 149, 187

■ 123, 85, 27

■ 123, 153, 199

■ 123, 80, 15

■ 123, 158, 211

■ 123, 75, 2

■ 123, 163, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 118, 114



123, 119, 113



119, 120, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 119, 113



112, 121, 122



123, 118, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 119, 113



113, 117, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 119, 125



123, 119, 113



113, 121, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 119, 113



113, 121, 119



116, 120, 126



126, 117, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 119, 113



117, 121, 115



116, 120, 126



122, 118, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 119, 113



161, 159, 157



123, 113, 117



82, 81, 80



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 119, 113



161, 154, 145



122, 123, 113



61, 59, 55



125, 75, 0



252, 151, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 117, 123



145, 151, 161



114, 113, 123



55, 58, 61



0, 50, 125



0, 101, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 119, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 119, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

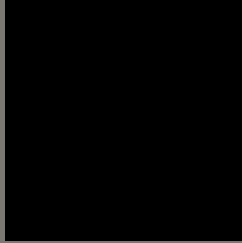
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

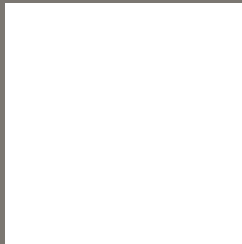
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 119, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 119, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 119, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[123](#), [119](#), [113](#)

Protanopia
[123](#), [119](#), [113](#)

Deuteranopia
[133](#), [115](#), [114](#)



Tritanopia
125, 117, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 119, 113

Protanomaly

123, 119, 113

Deuteranomaly

129, 116, 114

Tritanomaly

124, 118, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 119, 113

Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120

Achromatomaly

121, 120, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 119, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 119, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 119, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 119, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 119, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 119, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 119, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 119, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 119, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 119, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 119, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 119,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 119, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 119, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
119, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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