

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 152, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 152, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 152, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B9881
RGB	123, 152, 129
RGB Percent	48%, 60%, 51%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4039, 0.4941
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.15, 0.40
HSL	132°, 12%, 54%
HSV	132°, 19%, 60%
XYZ	23.3591, 28.2524, 24.9910
YIQ	140.7070, -9.9010, -13.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

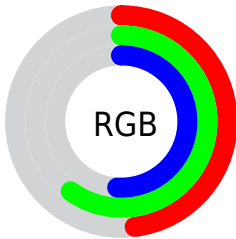
Format	Color
RYB	123, 147, 152
Decimal	8099969
CIELab	60.12, -14.90, 8.78
CIELCh	60, 17.291, 149.480
Yxy	28.2524, 0.3049, 0.3688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286290049 (0xFF7B9881)
YUV	140.7070, -5.7716, -15.5290
Hunter-Lab	53.1530, -14.5726, 9.3307

Details

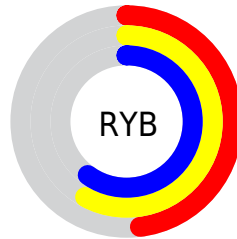
The RGB color `123, 152, 129` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `152, 123, 146`, and the grayscale version is `141, 141, 141`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `176, 206, 182`, and `74, 101, 80` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `108, 152, 117`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `138, 152, 141`.

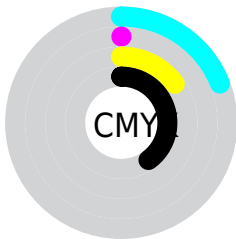
Distribution



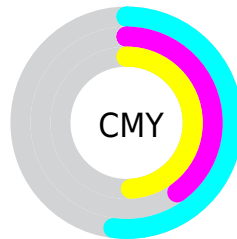
- Red (48%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 152, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 152, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 123, 152, 129


255, 255, 255

 176, 206, 182


 203, 235, 209

 232, 255, 238

 123, 152, 129

 98, 126, 104

 74, 101, 80

 51, 77, 57

 29, 54, 35


 7, 33, 14


 0, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 123, 152, 129

 108, 152, 117

 123, 152, 129

 138, 152, 141

■ 93, 152, 105

■ 153, 152, 153

■ 77, 152, 93

■ 169, 152, 165

■ 62, 152, 81

■ 184, 152, 177

■ 47, 152, 69

■ 199, 152, 189

■ 32, 152, 57

■ 214, 152, 201

■ 17, 152, 45

■ 229, 152, 213

■ 1, 152, 33

■ 245, 152, 225

■ 0, 152, 31

■ 255, 152, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140, 149, 118



123, 152, 129



109, 154, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 152, 129



127, 146, 175



176, 135, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 152, 129



152, 123, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 134, 146



123, 152, 129



147, 141, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 152, 129



110, 151, 171



164, 137, 161



170, 139, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 152, 129



104, 154, 154



164, 137, 161



177, 134, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 152, 129



185, 196, 187



146, 152, 123



92, 99, 94



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 152, 129



151, 196, 161



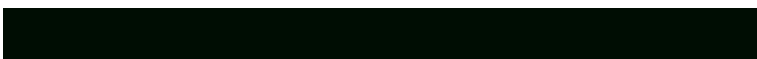
123, 152, 143



69, 77, 70



0, 140, 29



0, 13, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 123, 146



196, 151, 187



152, 123, 132



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 111



13, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 152, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

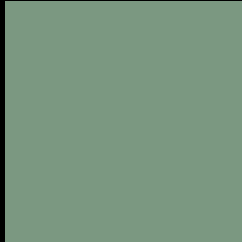
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 152, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

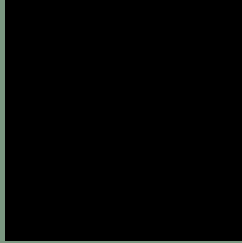
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

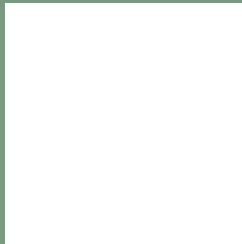
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 152, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 152, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 152, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
123, 152, 129

Protanopia
152, 144, 125

Deuteranopia
163, 139, 132



Tritanopia
128, 148, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 152, 129

Protanomaly

141, 147, 126

Deuteranomaly

148, 144, 131

Tritanomaly

126, 149, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 152, 129

Achromatopsia

141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly

134, 145, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 152, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 152, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 152, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 152, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 152, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 152, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 152, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 152, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 152, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 152, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 152, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 152,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 152, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 152, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
152, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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