

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 174, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 174, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 174, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BAEB0
RGB	123, 174, 176
RGB Percent	48%, 68%, 69%
CMY	0.5176, 0.3176, 0.3098
CMYK	0.30, 0.01, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	182°, 25%, 59%
HSV	182°, 30%, 69%
XYZ	31.1409, 37.6176, 46.6939
YIQ	158.9790, -31.0380, -10.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

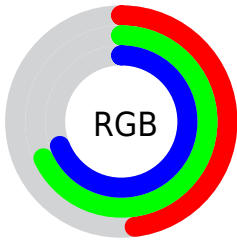
Format	Color
RYB	123, 149, 176
Decimal	8105648
CIELab	67.74, -16.24, -6.45
CIELCh	68, 17.477, 201.643
Yxy	37.6176, 0.2697, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286295728 (0xFF7BAEB0)
YUV	158.9790, 8.3914, -31.5536
Hunter-Lab	61.3332, -16.7028, -2.2051

Details

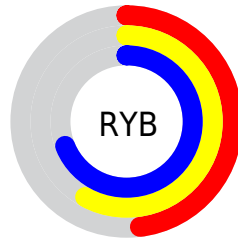
The RGB color **123, 174, 176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **176, 125, 123**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 230, 232**, and **71, 121, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 173, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 175, 176**.

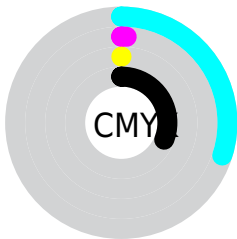
Distribution



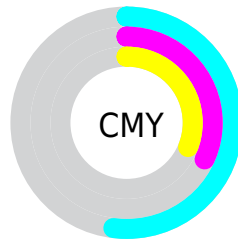
- Red (48%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 174, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 174, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 123, 174, 176


255, 255, 255


 177, 230, 232


 205, 255, 255

 234, 255, 255

 123, 174, 176

 97, 147, 149

 71, 121, 124

 46, 97, 99

 19, 73, 75

 0, 50, 52

 0, 29, 31

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 123, 174, 176

 123, 174, 176

■ 105, 173, 176

■ 141, 175, 176

■ 88, 173, 176

■ 158, 175, 176

■ 70, 172, 176

■ 176, 176, 176

■ 53, 171, 176

■ 193, 177, 176

■ 35, 171, 176

■ 211, 177, 176

■ 17, 170, 176

■ 229, 178, 176

■ 0, 169, 176

■ 246, 179, 176

■ 255, 179, 176

■ 255, 180, 176

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 174, 160



123, 174, 176



127, 172, 189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 174, 176



181, 157, 185



182, 162, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 174, 176



176, 125, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 158, 141



123, 174, 176



194, 154, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 174, 176



162, 162, 194



198, 154, 154



165, 168, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 174, 176



136, 169, 194



198, 154, 154



186, 161, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 174, 176



209, 229, 230



123, 176, 125



102, 114, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 174, 176



147, 226, 230



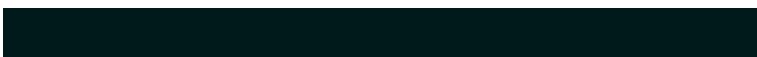
123, 148, 176



80, 89, 89



0, 147, 153



0, 25, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 123, 174



230, 147, 226



176, 151, 123



89, 80, 89



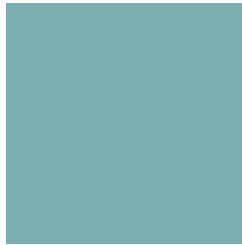
153, 0, 147



26, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 174, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

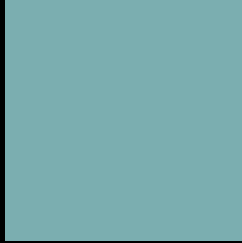
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 174, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

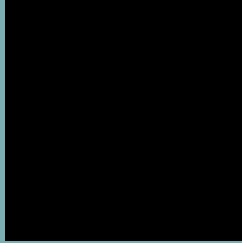
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

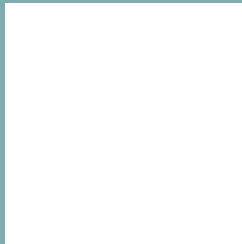
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 174, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 174, 176.

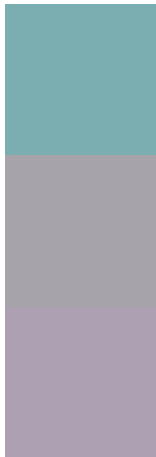


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 174, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
123, 174, 176

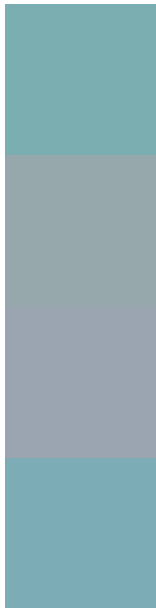
Protanopia
166, 164, 170

Deuteranopia
174, 160, 179



Tritanopia
125, 172, 186

Trichromacy



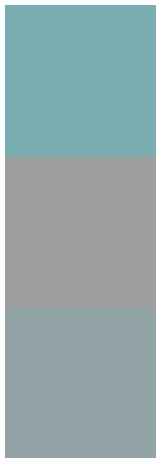
Original Color
123, 174, 176

Protanomaly
150, 168, 172

Deuteranomaly
155, 165, 178

Tritanomaly
124, 173, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color
123, 174, 176

Achromatopsia
159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly
146, 164, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 174, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 174, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 174, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 174, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 174, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 174, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 174, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 174, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 174, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 174, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 174, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 174,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 174, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 174, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
174, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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