

Converting Colors

RGB(123, 175, 189)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(123, 175, 189) contains.

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Color

RGB(123, 175, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BAFBD
RGB	123, 175, 189
RGB Percent	48%, 69%, 74%
CMY	0.5176, 0.3137, 0.2588
CMYK	0.35, 0.07, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	193°, 33%, 61%
HSV	193°, 35%, 74%
XYZ	32.6837, 38.5450, 53.8614
YIQ	161.0480, -35.4860, -6.6700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

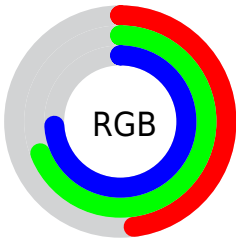
Format	Color
RYB	123, 152, 189
Decimal	8105917
CIELab	68.42, -13.59, -12.62
CIELCh	68, 18.544, 222.893
Yxy	38.5450, 0.2613, 0.3081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286295997 (0xFF7BAFBD)
YUV	161.0480, 13.7803, -33.3681
Hunter-Lab	62.0846, -14.6791, -7.9777

Details

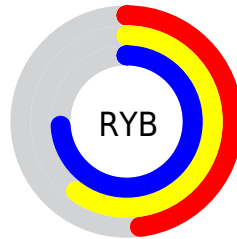
The RGB color **123, 175, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **189, 137, 123**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 231, 245**, and **71, 122, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104, 171, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 179, 189**.

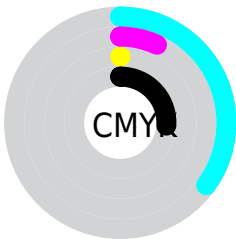
Distribution



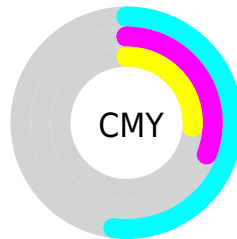
- Red (48%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 123, 175, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 123, 175, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 123, 175, 189


255, 255, 255


 178, 231, 245

 206, 255, 255

 235, 255, 255

 123, 175, 189

 97, 148, 162

 71, 122, 136

 44, 98, 110

 13, 74, 86

 0, 51, 63

 0, 30, 41

 0, 1, 21

 0, 0, 0

 123, 175, 189

 123, 175, 189

■ 104, 171, 189

■ 142, 179, 189

■ 85, 167, 189

■ 161, 183, 189

■ 66, 163, 189

■ 180, 187, 189

■ 47, 159, 189

■ 199, 191, 189

■ 28, 155, 189

■ 218, 195, 189

■ 10, 151, 189

■ 236, 199, 189

■ 0, 149, 189

■ 255, 203, 189

■ 255, 207, 189

■ 255, 211, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123, 177, 174



123, 175, 189



136, 171, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 175, 189



195, 156, 177



172, 168, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 175, 189



189, 137, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189, 162, 135



123, 175, 189



202, 155, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 175, 189



179, 160, 191



199, 158, 145



153, 173, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 175, 189



150, 168, 200



199, 158, 145



178, 166, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 175, 189



220, 240, 245



123, 189, 136



108, 119, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 175, 189



142, 223, 245



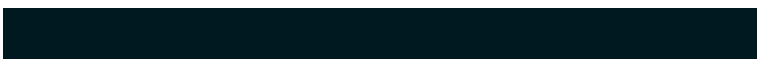
123, 143, 189



85, 92, 94



0, 125, 158



0, 24, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 123, 175



245, 142, 223



189, 169, 123



94, 85, 92



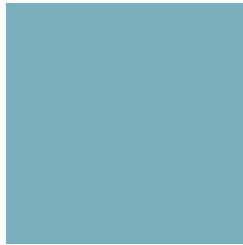
158, 0, 125



31, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 175, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 123, 175, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

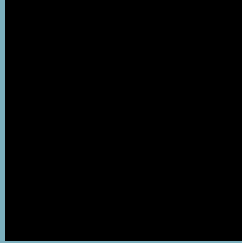
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 123, 175, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 175, 189.

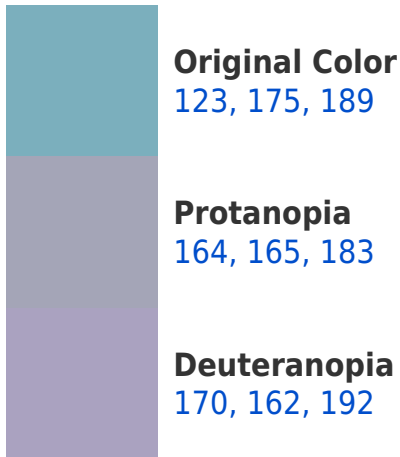


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 123, 175, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

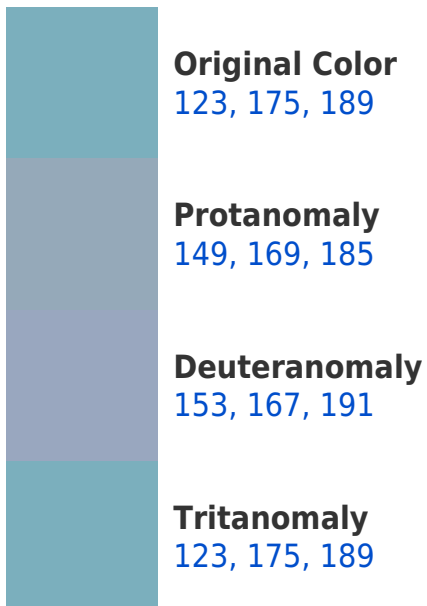
Dichromacy



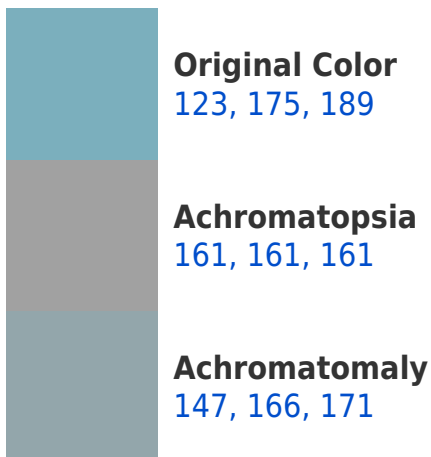


Tritanopia
123, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 123, 175, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 175, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 175, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 175, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 175, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 123, 175, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 175, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 175, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 175, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 175, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 175, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 175,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 175, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 175, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
175, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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