

# Converting Colors

RGB(124, 111, 156)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(124, 111, 156) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(124, 111, 156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C6F9C
RGB	124, 111, 156
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 61%
CMY	0.5137, 0.5647, 0.3882
CMYK	0.21, 0.29, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	257°, 19%, 52%
HSV	257°, 29%, 61%
XYZ	19.9974, 18.0543, 33.8833
YIQ	120.0170, -6.6970, 16.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

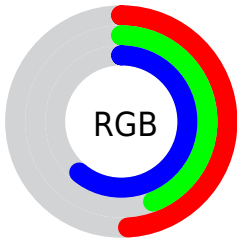
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 111, 156
Decimal	8155036
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.56, 14.79, -22.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 26.919, 303.322
Yxy	18.0543, 0.2780, 0.2510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286345116 (0xFF7C6F9C)
YUV	120.0170, 17.7396, 3.4931
Hunter-Lab	42.4903, 9.6501, -17.5368

# Details

The RGB color **124, 111, 156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **143, 156, 111**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 163, 211**, and **74, 63, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 95, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 127, 156**.

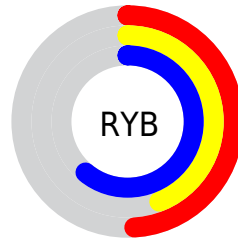
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (44%)

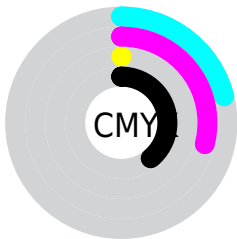
Blue (61%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (61%)

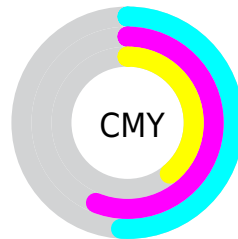


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 111, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 111, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 124, 111, 156

255, 255, 255

■ 177, 163, 211

■ 205, 190, 239

■ 233, 218, 255

■ 255, 246, 255

■ 124, 111, 156

■ 99, 87, 130

■ 74, 63, 105

■ 51, 41, 80

■ 28, 21, 57

■ 7, 0, 36

■ 0, 0, 11

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 124, 111, 156

■ 113, 95, 156

■ 124, 111, 156

■ 135, 127, 156

102, 80, 156

146, 142, 156

91, 64, 156

157, 158, 156

80, 49, 156

168, 173, 156

69, 33, 156

179, 189, 156

57, 17, 156

191, 205, 156

46, 2, 156

202, 220, 156

45, 0, 156

213, 236, 156

224, 251, 156

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 119, 163



124, 111, 156



149, 104, 139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 111, 156



150, 109, 78



50, 130, 120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 111, 156



143, 156, 111

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79, 128, 97



124, 111, 156



131, 117, 72

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 111, 156



161, 103, 94



106, 124, 79



32, 129, 142

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 111, 156



159, 101, 124



106, 124, 79



60, 130, 112



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 111, 156



191, 186, 204



111, 143, 156



94, 91, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 111, 156



153, 133, 204



146, 111, 156



73, 71, 79



41, 0, 143



4, 0, 15



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156, 111, 143



204, 133, 183



121, 156, 111



79, 71, 77



143, 0, 102



15, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 111, 156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 111, 156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

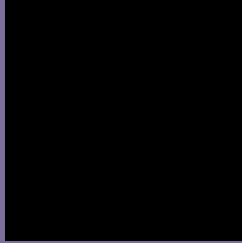
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 124, 111, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 111, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 111, 156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
124, 111, 156

**Protanopia**  
105, 116, 160

**Deuteranopia**  
109, 116, 155



**Tritanopia**  
119, 117, 126

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
124, 111, 156

**Protanomaly**  
112, 114, 159

**Deuteranomaly**  
114, 114, 155

**Tritanomaly**  
121, 115, 137

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
124, 111, 156

**Achromatopsia**  
120, 120, 120

**Achromatomaly**  
121, 117, 133

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 111, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 111, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 111, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 111, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 111, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 111, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 111, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 111, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 111, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 111, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 111, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 111,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 111, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 111, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
111, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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