

Converting Colors

RGB(124, 124, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(124, 124, 208) contains.

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Color

RGB(124, 124, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C7CD0
RGB	124, 124, 208
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 82%
CMY	0.5137, 0.5137, 0.1843
CMYK	0.40, 0.40, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	240°, 47%, 65%
HSV	240°, 40%, 82%
XYZ	26.9050, 23.2545, 62.7450
YIQ	133.5760, -26.9640, 26.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

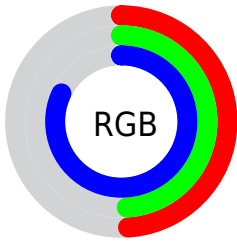
Format	Color
RYB	124, 124, 208
Decimal	8158416
CIELab	55.33, 20.83, -43.44
CIELCh	55, 48.177, 295.612
Yxy	23.2545, 0.2383, 0.2060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286348496 (0xFF7C7CD0)
YUV	133.5760, 36.6910, -8.3982
Hunter-Lab	48.2229, 15.2005, -43.3890

Details

The RGB color **124, 124, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 208, 124**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 176, 255**, and **70, 75, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103, 103, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 145, 208**.

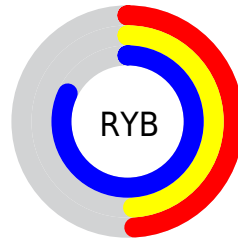
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (49%)

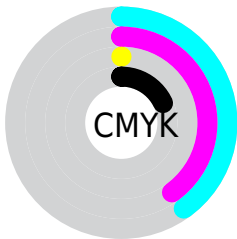
Blue (82%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (82%)

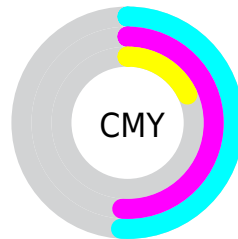


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (51%)


Magenta (51%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 124, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 124, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 124, 124, 208

 124, 124, 208

255, 255, 255

 97, 99, 180


 180, 176, 255

 70, 75, 153

 208, 204, 255

 41, 53, 127

 237, 232, 255

 1, 32, 101

 0, 11, 77

 0, 4, 53


 0, 2, 31

 0, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 124, 124, 208


 124, 124, 208


 103, 103, 208

 145, 145, 208

 82, 82, 208

 166, 166, 208

 62, 62, 208


 186, 186, 208

 41, 41, 208

 207, 207, 208

 20, 20, 208

 228, 228, 208

 0, 0, 208

 249, 249, 208

 255, 255, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 139, 216



124, 124, 208



178, 107, 180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 124, 208



192, 112, 64



0, 153, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 124, 208



208, 208, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67, 149, 83



124, 124, 208



161, 128, 45

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 124, 208



209, 99, 99



120, 141, 52



0, 153, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 124, 208



199, 98, 154



120, 141, 52



0, 152, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 124, 208



224, 224, 255



124, 208, 208



110, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 124, 208



133, 133, 255



166, 124, 208



94, 94, 105



0, 0, 168



0, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 124, 208



255, 133, 255



166, 208, 124



105, 94, 105



168, 0, 168



41, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 124, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

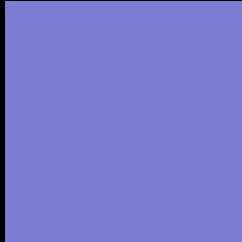
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 124, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

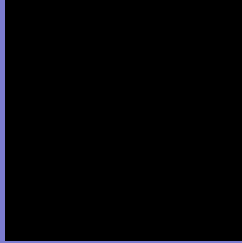
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 124, 124, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 124, 208.

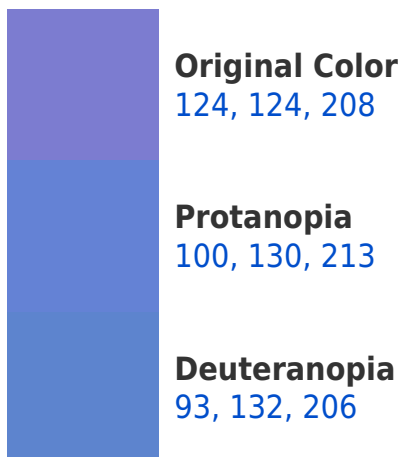



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 124, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
109, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color

124, 124, 208

Protanomaly

109, 128, 211

Deuteranomaly

104, 129, 207

Tritanomaly

114, 132, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

124, 124, 208

Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly

130, 130, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 124, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 124, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 124, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 124, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 124, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 124, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 124, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 124, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 124, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 124, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 124, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 124,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 124, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 124, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
124, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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