

Converting Colors

RGB(124, 125, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(124, 125, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(124, 125, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C7DBC
RGB	124, 125, 188
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 74%
CMY	0.5137, 0.5098, 0.2627
CMYK	0.34, 0.34, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	239°, 32%, 61%
HSV	239°, 34%, 74%
XYZ	24.7229, 22.5832, 50.6329
YIQ	131.8830, -20.8190, 19.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

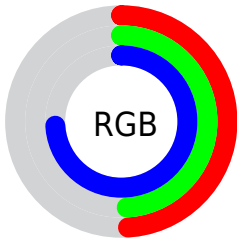
Format	Color
RYB	124, 125, 188
Decimal	8158652
CIELab	54.64, 14.69, -33.15
CIELCh	55, 36.262, 293.892
Yxy	22.5832, 0.2524, 0.2306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286348732 (0xFF7C7DBC)
YUV	131.8830, 27.6657, -6.9134
Hunter-Lab	47.5217, 9.7005, -29.9064

Details

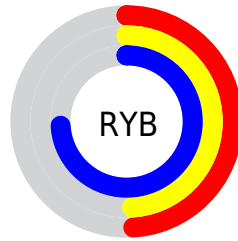
The RGB color `124, 125, 188` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `188, 187, 124`, and the grayscale version is `132, 132, 132`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `178, 178, 244`, and `72, 76, 134` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `105, 106, 188`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `143, 144, 188`.

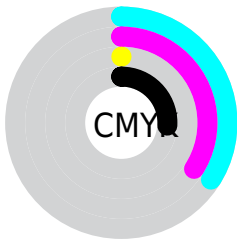
Distribution



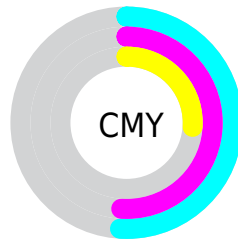
- Red (49%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 125, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 125, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 124, 125, 188

255, 255, 255

■ 178, 178, 244

■ 206, 205, 255

■ 235, 233, 255

■ 124, 125, 188

■ 98, 100, 161

■ 72, 76, 134

■ 47, 54, 109

■ 19, 33, 84

■ 0, 11, 61

■ 0, 3, 38

■ 0, 1, 15

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 124, 125, 188

■ 124, 125, 188


 105, 106, 188

 143, 144, 188

 86, 88, 188

 162, 162, 188

 68, 69, 188


 180, 181, 188

 49, 51, 188


 199, 199, 188

 30, 32, 188

 218, 218, 188

 11, 14, 188

 237, 236, 188

 0, 3, 188

 255, 255, 188

 255, 255, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 136, 193



124, 125, 188



164, 113, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 125, 188



179, 116, 81



37, 147, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 125, 188



188, 187, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88, 143, 93



124, 125, 188



156, 127, 68

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 125, 188



190, 107, 107



125, 137, 72



0, 147, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 125, 188



181, 108, 149



125, 137, 72



57, 146, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 125, 188



220, 221, 245



124, 188, 187



108, 108, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 125, 188



144, 146, 245



155, 124, 188



85, 85, 94



0, 2, 158



0, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 124, 125



245, 144, 146



157, 188, 124



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 2



31, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 125, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

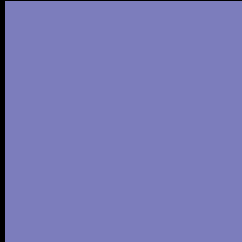
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 125, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

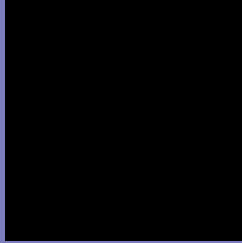
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 124, 125, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 125, 188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 125, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

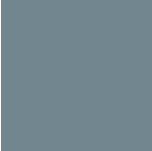
124, 125, 188

Protanopia

110, 129, 191

Deuteranopia

109, 129, 187



Tritanopia

114, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color
124, 125, 188

Protanomaly
115, 128, 190

Deuteranomaly
114, 128, 187

Tritanomaly
118, 131, 160

Monochromacy



Original Color
124, 125, 188

Achromatopsia
132, 132, 132

Achromatomaly
129, 129, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 125, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 125, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 125, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 125, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 125, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 125, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 125, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 125, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 125, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 125, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 125, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 125,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 125, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 125, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
125, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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