

Converting Colors

RGB(124, 162, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(124, 162, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(124, 162, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CA2CA
RGB	124, 162, 202
RGB Percent	49%, 64%, 79%
CMY	0.5137, 0.3647, 0.2078
CMYK	0.39, 0.20, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	211°, 42%, 64%
HSV	211°, 39%, 79%
XYZ	31.8932, 34.3900, 60.8341
YIQ	155.1980, -35.4880, 4.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

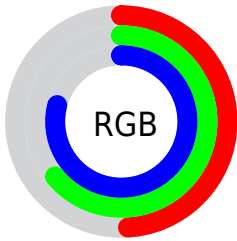
Format	Color
R _Y B	124, 150, 202
Decimal	8168138
CIE Lab	65.27, -2.86, -24.60
CIE LCh	65, 24.768, 263.374
Yxy	34.3900, 0.2509, 0.2705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286358218 (0xFF7CA2CA)
YUV	155.1980, 23.0734, -27.3606
Hunter-Lab	58.6430, -5.5475, -20.4552

Details

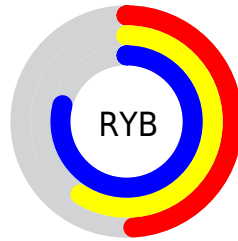
The RGB color **124, 162, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **202, 164, 124**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 217, 255**, and **71, 111, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104, 152, 202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 172, 202**.

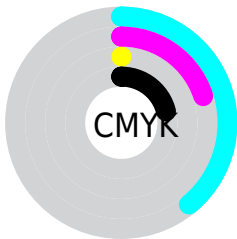
Distribution



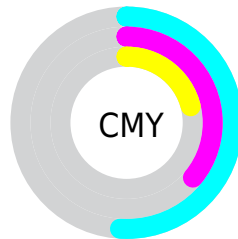
- Red (49%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 162, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 162, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 124, 162, 202

 124, 162, 202

255, 255, 255

 97, 136, 175


 179, 217, 255

 71, 111, 148

 207, 245, 255

 44, 86, 122

 236, 255, 255


 11, 63, 97


 0, 41, 73

 0, 21, 50

 0, 2, 29


 0, 0, 0

 124, 162, 202


 124, 162, 202

 104, 152, 202


 144, 172, 202

 84, 141, 202


 164, 183, 202

 63, 131, 202

 185, 193, 202

 43, 121, 202

 205, 203, 202

 23, 110, 202

 225, 214, 202

 3, 100, 202

 245, 224, 202

 0, 98, 202

 255, 235, 202

 255, 245, 202

 255, 255, 202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 168, 193



124, 162, 202



155, 154, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 162, 202



203, 143, 142



131, 168, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 162, 202



202, 164, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 162, 117



124, 162, 202



196, 148, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 162, 202



199, 143, 164



179, 155, 115



107, 171, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 162, 202



174, 149, 191



179, 155, 115



139, 166, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 162, 202



224, 239, 255



124, 202, 163



110, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



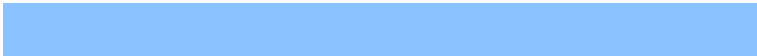
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 162, 202



138, 195, 255



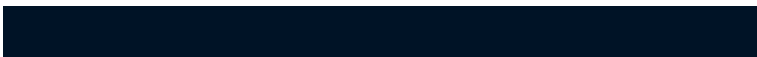
124, 124, 202



92, 97, 102



0, 81, 166



0, 19, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 124, 162



255, 138, 195



202, 202, 124



102, 92, 97



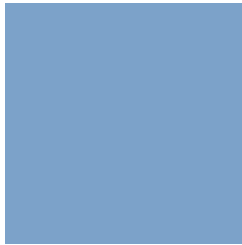
166, 0, 81



38, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 162, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

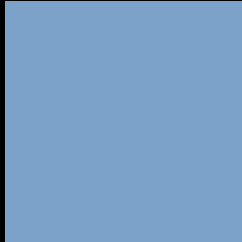
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 162, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

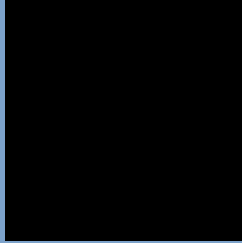
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 124, 162, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 162, 202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 162, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
124, 162, 202

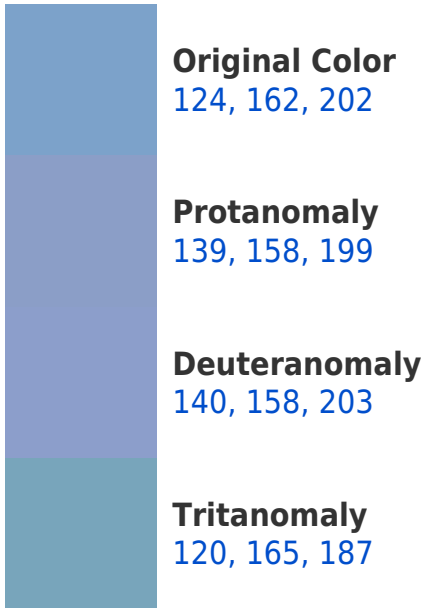
Protanopia
148, 156, 198

Deuteranopia
149, 155, 203

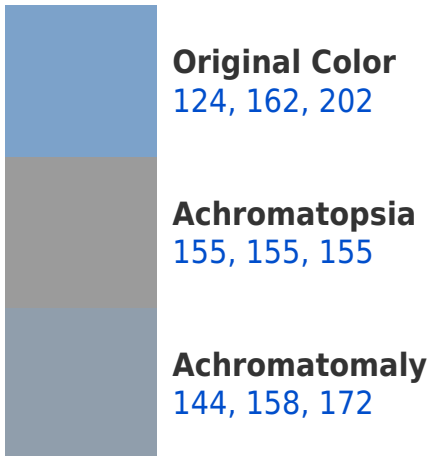


Tritanopia
118, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 162, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 162, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 162, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 162, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 162, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 162, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 162, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 162, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 162, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 162, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 162, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 162,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 162, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 162, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
162, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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