

# Converting Colors

RGB(124, 170, 155)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(124, 170, 155) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(124, 170, 155)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CAA9B
RGB	124, 170, 155
RGB Percent	49%, 67%, 61%
CMY	0.5137, 0.3333, 0.3922
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.09, 0.33
HSL	160°, 21%, 58%
HSV	160°, 27%, 67%
XYZ	28.6033, 35.4011, 36.3359
YIQ	154.5360, -22.6010, -14.4170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

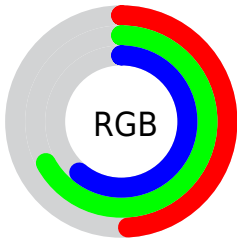
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 151, 170
Decimal	8170139
CIELab	66.06, -18.64, 2.76
CIElCh	66, 18.844, 171.586
Yxy	35.4011, 0.2851, 0.3528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286360219 (0xFF7CAA9B)
YUV	154.5360, 0.2288, -26.7801
Hunter-Lab	59.4988, -18.3113, 5.4408

# Details

The RGB color **124, 170, 155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **170, 124, 139**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178, 225, 209**, and **73, 118, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107, 170, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 170, 161**.

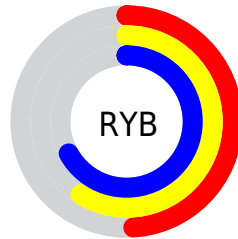
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (67%)

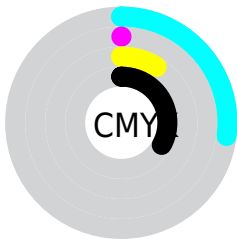
Blue (61%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (67%)

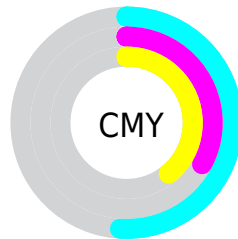


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 170, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 170, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 124, 170, 155


255, 255, 255


 178, 225, 209

 205, 254, 238

 234, 255, 255

 124, 170, 155

 98, 143, 129

 73, 118, 104

 49, 93, 80

 25, 69, 57

 0, 46, 36

 0, 27, 14


 0, 0, 0

 124, 170, 155


 107, 170, 149

 124, 170, 155


 141, 170, 161


 90, 170, 144


 158, 170, 166

 73, 170, 138


 175, 170, 172


 56, 170, 133

 192, 170, 177

 39, 170, 127

 209, 170, 183

 22, 170, 122

 226, 170, 188

 5, 170, 116

 243, 170, 194

 0, 170, 115

 255, 170, 199

 255, 170, 205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 168, 139



124, 170, 155



115, 170, 172

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 170, 155



157, 158, 192



191, 152, 135

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 170, 155



170, 124, 139

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 149, 149



124, 170, 155



178, 152, 182

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 170, 155



135, 164, 194



192, 149, 166



178, 158, 127

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 170, 155



116, 169, 182



192, 149, 166



193, 151, 139



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 170, 155



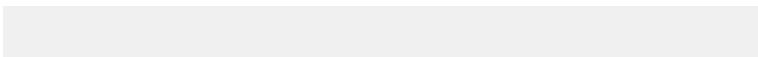
204, 222, 216



139, 170, 124



101, 112, 109



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 170, 155



151, 222, 199



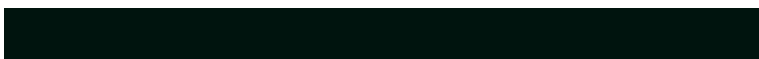
124, 162, 170



76, 84, 81



0, 148, 100



0, 20, 14



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 124, 139



222, 151, 174



170, 132, 124



84, 76, 78



148, 0, 48



20, 0, 7



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 170, 155 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

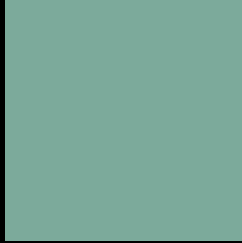
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 170, 155 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

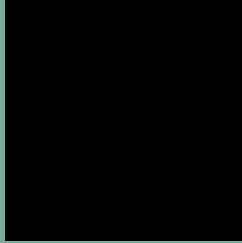
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

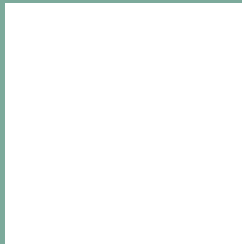
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 124, 170, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 170, 155.

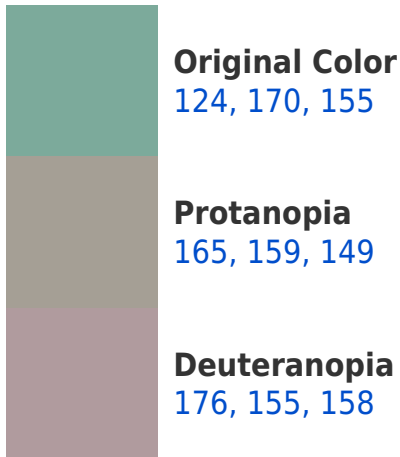



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 170, 155.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
129, 166, 180

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

124, 170, 155

**Protanomaly**

150, 163, 151

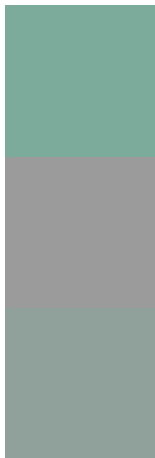
**Deuteranomaly**

157, 160, 157

**Tritanomaly**

127, 167, 171

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

124, 170, 155

**Achromatopsia**

155, 155, 155

**Achromatomaly**

144, 160, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 170, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 170, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 170, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 170, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 170, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 170, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 170, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 170, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 170, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 170, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 170, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 170,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 170, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 170, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
170, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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