

Converting Colors

RGB(124, 190, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(124, 190, 226) contains.

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Color

RGB(124, 190, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CBEE2
RGB	124, 190, 226
RGB Percent	49%, 75%, 89%
CMY	0.5137, 0.2549, 0.1137
CMYK	0.45, 0.16, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	201°, 64%, 69%
HSV	201°, 45%, 89%
XYZ	40.4531, 46.6030, 78.8147
YIQ	174.3700, -50.8920, -2.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

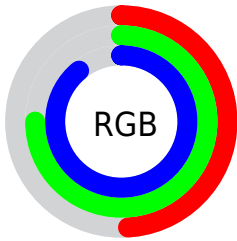
Format	Color
RYB	124, 164, 226
Decimal	8175330
CIELab	73.94, -11.55, -24.51
CIELCh	74, 27.098, 244.777
Yxy	46.6030, 0.2439, 0.2810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286365410 (0xFF7CBEE2)
YUV	174.3700, 25.4536, -44.1745
Hunter-Lab	68.2664, -13.6911, -20.6648

Details

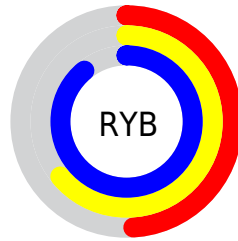
The RGB color **124, 190, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **226, 160, 124**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181, 246, 255**, and **67, 137, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101, 182, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 198, 226**.

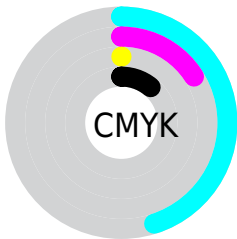
Distribution



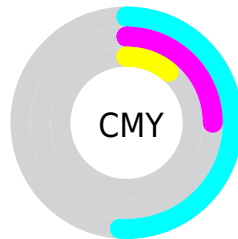
- Red (49%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 124, 190, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 124, 190, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 124, 190, 226


255, 255, 255


 181, 246, 255


 210, 255, 255

 239, 255, 255

 124, 190, 226

 96, 163, 198

 67, 137, 171

 35, 111, 144

 0, 87, 118

 0, 64, 93

 0, 42, 70

 0, 22, 47

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

■ 124, 190, 226

■ 124, 190, 226

■ 101, 182, 226

■ 147, 198, 226

■ 79, 174, 226

■ 169, 206, 226

■ 56, 166, 226

■ 192, 214, 226

■ 34, 158, 226

■ 214, 222, 226

■ 11, 150, 226

■ 237, 230, 226

■ 0, 146, 226

■ 255, 238, 226

■ 255, 246, 226

■ 255, 254, 226

■ 255, 255, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 195, 209



124, 190, 226



156, 183, 231

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124, 190, 226



231, 164, 179



169, 189, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124, 190, 226



226, 160, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 181, 132



124, 190, 226



231, 166, 155

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124, 190, 226



217, 167, 203



218, 173, 137



140, 194, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124, 190, 226



180, 177, 227



218, 173, 137



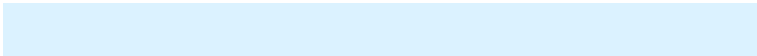
178, 187, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124, 190, 226



219, 242, 255



124, 226, 160



106, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



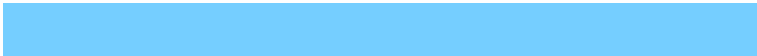
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124, 190, 226



117, 206, 255



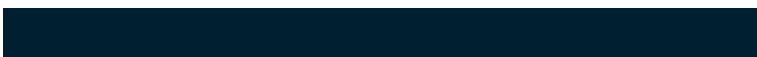
124, 139, 226



101, 108, 112



0, 114, 176



0, 31, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 124, 190



255, 117, 206



226, 211, 124



112, 101, 108



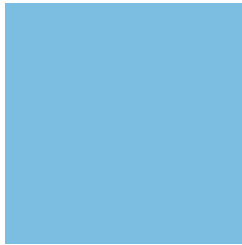
176, 0, 114



48, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 190, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

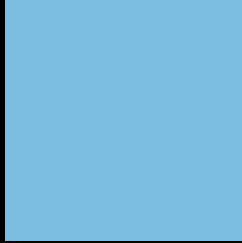
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 124, 190, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 124, 190, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 190, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 124, 190, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

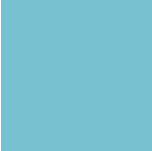
Dichromacy



Original Color
124, 190, 226

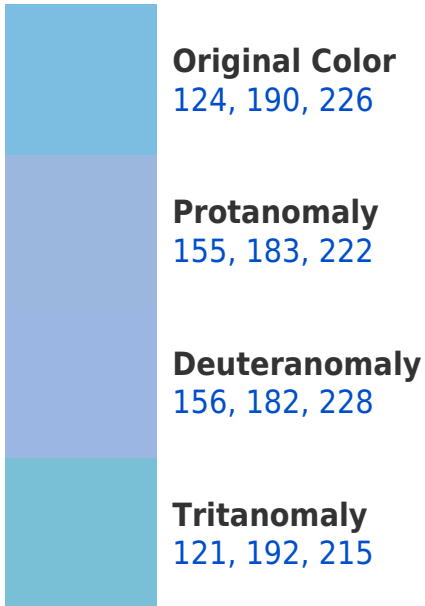
Protanopia
172, 179, 219

Deuteranopia
174, 178, 229

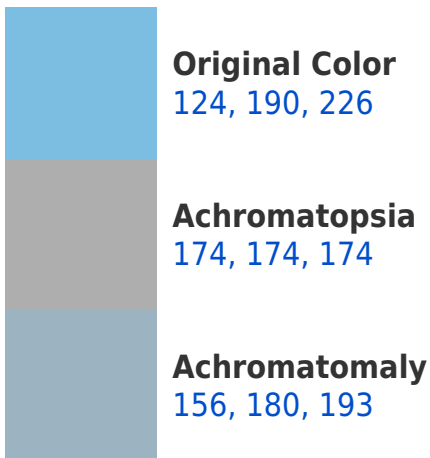


Tritanopia
119, 193, 209

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 124, 190, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 190, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 190, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 190, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 190, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 124, 190, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 190, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 190, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 190, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 190, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 190, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 190,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 124, 190, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 190, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
190, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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